

# Programmable AC Power Supply

# **IT7900 Series User Manual**



Model: IT7900 Version: V1.0/2022.01



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#### Manual Part Number

#### IT7900

#### Revision

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#### Safety Notices

#### CAUTION

A CAUTION sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure or practice that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to the product or loss of important data. Do not proceed beyond a CAUTION sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

#### WARNING

A WARNING sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure or practice that, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in personal injury or death. Do not proceed beyond a WARNING sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.



A NOTE sign denotes important hint. It calls attention to tips or supplementary information that is essential for users to refer to.



### **Quality Certification and Assurance**

We certify that IT7900 series power supply meets all the published specifications at time of shipment from the factory.

### Warranty

ITECH warrants that the product will be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use for a period of one (1) year from the date of delivery (except those described in the Limitation of Warranty below).

For warranty service or repair, the product must be returned to a service center designated by ITECH.

- The product returned to ITECH for warranty service must be shipped PREPAID. And ITECH will pay for return of the product to customer.
- If the product is returned to ITECH for warranty service from overseas, all the freights, duties and other taxes shall be on the account of customer.

### **Limitation of Warranty**

This Warranty will be rendered invalid if the product is:

- Damaged resulting from customer-wired circuits or customer-supplied parts or accessories;
- Modified or repaired by customer without authorization;
- Damaged resulting from customer-wired circuits or use in an environment not designated by us;
- The product model or serial number is altered, deleted, removed or made illegible by customer;
- Damaged as a result of accidents, including but not limited to lightning, moisture, fire, improper use or negligence.

### Safety Symbols

	Direct current		ON ( power)
$\sim$	Alternating current	0	OFF ( power)
$\sim$	Both direct and alternating current	ф	Power-on state
	Chassis (earth ground) symbol.	Ц	Power-off state
느	Earth ( ground) terminal	±	Reference terminal
<u>í</u>	Caution	+	Positive terminal
Â	Warning ( refer to this manual for specific Warning or Caution information)	_	Negative terminal



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### **Safety Precautions**

The following safety precautions must be observed during all phases of operation of this instrument. Failure to comply with these precautions or specific warnings elsewhere in this manual will constitute a default under safety standards of design, manufacture and intended use of the instrument. ITECH assumes no liability for the customer's failure to comply with these precautions.

### WARNING

- Do not use the instrument if it is damaged. Before operation, check the casing to see whether it cracks. Do not operate the instrument in the presence of inflammable gasses, vapors or dusts.
- The instrument is provided with a power cord during delivery and should be connected to a socket with a protective earth terminal, a junction box or a three-phase distribution box. Before operation, be sure that the instrument is well grounded.
- Check all marks on the instrument before connecting the instrument to power supply.
- Use electric wires of appropriate load. All loading wires should be capable of bearing maximum short-circuit of electronic load without overheating. If there are multiple loads, each pair of the load power cord must be carry out the full rated short-circuit output current of the power securely.
- Ensure the voltage fluctuation of mains supply is less than 10% of the working voltage range in order to reduce risks of fire and electric shock.
- Do not install alternative parts on the instrument or perform any unauthorized modification.
- Do not use the instrument if the detachable cover is removed or loosen.
- To prevent the possibility of accidental injuries, be sure to use the power adapter supplied by the manufacturer only.
- We do not accept responsibility for any direct or indirect financial damage or loss of profit that might occur when using the instrument.
- This instrument is used for industrial purposes, do not apply this product to IT power supply system.
- Never use the instrument with a life-support system or any other equipment subject to safety requirements.

### WARNING

 SHOCK HAZARD Ground the Instrument. This product is provided with a protective earth terminal. To minimize shock hazard, the instrument must be connected to the AC mains through a grounded power cable, with the ground wire firmly connected to an electrical ground (safety ground) at the power outlet or distribution box. Any interruption of the protective



(grounding) conductor or disconnection of the protective earth terminal will cause a potential shock hazard that could result in injury or death.

- Before applying power, verify that all safety precautions are taken. All connections must be made with the instrument turned off, and must be performed by qualified personnel who are aware of the hazards involved. Improper actions can cause fatal injury as well as equipment damage.
- SHOCK HAZARD, LETHAL VOLTAGES This product can input the dangerous voltage that can cause personal injury, and the operator must always be protected from electric shock. Ensure that the input electrodes are either insulated or covered using the safety covers provided, so that no accidental contact with lethal voltages can occur.
- Never touch cables or connections immediately after turning off the instrument. Verify that there is no dangerous voltage on the electrodes or sense terminals before touching them.

### CAUTION

- Failure to use the instrument as directed by the manufacturer may render its protective features void.
- Always clean the casing with a dry cloth. Do not clean the internals.
- Make sure the vent hole is always unblocked.

### **Environmental Conditions**

The instrument is designed for indoor use and an area with low condensation. The table below shows the general environmental requirements for the instrument.

Environmental Conditions	Requirements
Operating temperature	0°C~40°C
Operating humidity	20% $\sim$ 80%( non-condensation)
Storage temperature	-10°C~70 °C
Altitude	Operating up to 2,000 meters
Installation category	I
Pollution degree	Pollution degree 2

### Note

To make accurate measurements, allow the instrument to warm up for 30 min.

### Regulatory Markings

3	
CE	The CE mark indicates that the product complies with all the relevant European legal directives. The specific year ( if any) affixed refers to the year when the design was approved.
	The instrument complies with the WEEE Directive ( 2002/96/EC) marking requirement. This affix product label indicates that you must not discard the electrical/electronic product in domestic household waste.



IT7900 User Manual



This symbol indicates the time period during which no hazardous or toxic substances are expected to leak or deteriorate during normal use. The expected useful life of the product is 10 years. The product can be used safely during the 10-year Environment Friendly Use Period ( EFUP). Upon expiration of the EFUP, the product must be immediately recycled.

# Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive



2002/96/EC Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive

This product complies with the WEEE Directive

( 2002/96/EC) marking requirement. This affix product label indicates that you must not discard the electrical/electronic product in domestic household waste.

Product Category With reference to the er

With reference to the equipment classifications described in the Annex 1 of the WEEE Directive, this instrument is classified as a "Monitoring and Control Instrument". To return this unwanted instrument, contact your nearest ITECH office.



#### **Compliance Information**

Complies with the essential requirements of the following applicable European Directives, and carries the CE marking accordingly:

- Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Directive 2014/30/EU
- Low-Voltage Directive (Safety) 2014/35/EU

Conforms with the following product standards:

#### **EMC Standard**

IEC 61326-1:2012/ EN 61326-1:2013 <sup>123</sup> Reference Standards CISPR 11:2009+A1:2010/ EN 55011:2009+A1:2010 (Group 1, Class A) IEC 61000-4-2:2008/ EN 61000-4-2:2009 IEC 61000-4-3:2006+A1:2007+A2:2010/ EN 61000-4-3:2006+A1:2008+A2:2010 IEC 61000-4-4:2004+A1:2010/ EN 61000-4-4:2004+A1:2010 IEC 61000-4-5:2005/ EN 61000-4-5:2006 IEC 61000-4-6:2008/ EN 61000-4-6:2009 IEC 61000-4-11:2004/ EN 61000-4-11:2004

- 1. The product is intended for use in non-residential/non-domestic environments. Use of the product in residential/domestic environments may cause electromagnetic interference.
- 2. Connection of the instrument to a test object may produce radiations beyond the specified limit.
- 3. Use high-performance shielded interface cable to ensure conformity with the EMC standards listed above.

Safety Standard

IEC 61010-1:2010/ EN 61010-1:2010



### Content

	tification and Assurance	
•		
	of Warranty	
	bols	
•	autions ntal Conditions	
	Markings	
• •	trical and Electronic Equipment ( WEEE) Directive	
	e Information	
Chapter1	Overview	
-	troduction	
	and Options	
	al accessories	
	nent Size Introduction	
Chapter2	Instrument Introduction	18
-	ing and Transportation	
	ig the Shipment	
•	anel	
2.4 Keyboa	rd	20
2.5 Push-or	n Knob	22
2.6 Rear Pa	nel	22
Chapter3	Installation	25
3 1 Connec	tiong the Power Cord	25
	ting Test Lines ( Optional)	
	ng Fiber Cables (Only for IT7930-350-180)	
Chapter4	Getting Started	34
-	-	
4.1 Power-o	on the Instrument	34
4.1 Power-o 4.2 Home-S	-	34 35
4.1 Power-o 4.2 Home-S 4.3 Touch S	on the Instrument Screen Overview	34 35 38
4.1 Power-0 4.2 Home-5 4.3 Touch S 4.4 Set out	on the Instrument Screen Overview	34 35 38 39
4.1 Power-0 4.2 Home-5 4.3 Touch S 4.4 Set out	on the Instrument Screen Overview Screen Introduction put parameters	34 35 38 39 39
4.1 Power-o 4.2 Home-S 4.3 Touch S 4.4 Set out 4.5 Output Chapter5	on the Instrument Screen Overview Screen Introduction put parameters On/Off Control	
4.1 Power-0 4.2 Home-S 4.3 Touch S 4.4 Set out 4.5 Output Chapter5 5.1 full 4-Q 5.2 Select t	on the Instrument Screen Overview Screen Introduction put parameters On/Off Control Operation and Application uadrant output character he Power Supply Mode	
4.1 Power-0 4.2 Home-S 4.3 Touch S 4.4 Set out 4.5 Output Chapter5 5.1 full 4-Q 5.2 Select t 5.3 Select t	on the Instrument	
4.1 Power-0 4.2 Home-S 4.3 Touch S 4.4 Set out 4.5 Output Chapter5 5.1 full 4-Q 5.2 Select t 5.3 Select t 5.3.1 AC	on the Instrument Screen Overview Det parameters On/Off Control Operation and Application Underant output character he Power Supply Mode he Output Mode Output Mode	
4.1 Power-0 4.2 Home-S 4.3 Touch S 4.4 Set out 4.5 Output Chapter5 5.1 full 4-Q 5.2 Select t 5.3 Select t 5.3.1 AC 5.3.2 DC	on the Instrument	
4.1 Power-0 4.2 Home-5 4.3 Touch S 4.4 Set out 4.5 Output Chapter5 5.1 full 4-Q 5.2 Select t 5.3 Select t 5.3.1 AC 5.3.2 DC 5.3.3 AC	on the Instrument	
4.1 Power-0 4.2 Home-5 4.3 Touch S 4.4 Set out 4.5 Output Chapter5 5.1 full 4-Q 5.2 Select t 5.3 Select t 5.3.1 AC 5.3.2 DC 5.3.3 AC 5.3.4 DC	on the Instrument	
4.1 Power-0 4.2 Home-S 4.3 Touch S 4.4 Set out 4.5 Output Chapter5 5.1 full 4-Q 5.2 Select t 5.3 Select t 5.3.1 AC 5.3.2 DC 5.3.3 AC 5.3.4 DC 5.4 Current	on the Instrument	
4.1 Power-0 4.2 Home-S 4.3 Touch S 4.4 Set out 4.5 Output Chapter5 5.1 full 4-Q 5.2 Select t 5.3 Select t 5.3.1 AC 5.3.2 DC 5.3.3 AC 5.3.4 DC 5.4 Current 5.5 Professi	on the Instrument Screen Overview Screen Introduction put parameters On/Off Control <b>Operation and Application</b> uadrant output character he Power Supply Mode he Output Mode Output Mode Output Mode +DC Mode +AC Mode : Limit Mode and Power Limit Mode ional Anti-islanding Test Mode	
4.1 Power-0 4.2 Home-S 4.3 Touch S 4.4 Set out 4.5 Output Chapter5 5.1 full 4-Q 5.2 Select t 5.3 Select t 5.3.1 AC 5.3.2 DC 5.3.3 AC 5.3.4 DC 5.4 Current 5.5 Professi 5.6 Wavefo	on the Instrument	
4.1 Power-0 4.2 Home-5 4.3 Touch S 4.4 Set out 4.5 Output Chapter5 5.1 full 4-Q 5.2 Select t 5.3 Select t 5.3.1 AC 5.3.2 DC 5.3.3 AC 5.3.4 DC 5.4 Current 5.5 Professi 5.6 Wavefo 5.7 Full 4-Q	on the Instrument	
4.1 Power-0 4.2 Home-5 4.3 Touch S 4.4 Set out 4.5 Output Chapter5 5.1 full 4-Q 5.2 Select t 5.3 Select t 5.3.1 AC 5.3.2 DC 5.3.3 AC 5.3.4 DC 5.4 Current 5.5 Professi 5.6 Wavefo 5.7 Full 4-Q 5.8 Auto-ra	on the Instrument	
4.1 Power-0 4.2 Home-S 4.3 Touch S 4.4 Set outp 4.5 Output Chapter5 5.1 full 4-Q 5.2 Select t 5.3 Select t 5.3.1 AC 5.3.2 DC 5.3.3 AC 5.3.4 DC 5.4 Current 5.5 Professi 5.6 Wavefo 5.7 Full 4-Q 5.8 Auto-ra 5.9 Program	on the Instrument	
4.1 Power-o 4.2 Home-S 4.3 Touch S 4.4 Set outp 4.5 Output <b>Chapter5</b> 5.1 full 4-Q 5.2 Select t 5.3 Select t 5.3.1 AC 5.3.2 DC 5.3.3 AC 5.3.4 DC 5.4 Current 5.5 Professi 5.6 Wavefo 5.7 Full 4-Q 5.8 Auto-ra 5.9 Program 5.10 Sweep	on the Instrument	
4.1 Power-0 4.2 Home-S 4.3 Touch S 4.4 Set out 4.5 Output Chapter5 5.1 full 4-Q 5.2 Select t 5.3 Select t 5.3.1 AC 5.3.2 DC 5.3.3 AC 5.3.4 DC 5.4 Current 5.5 Professi 5.6 Wavefo 5.7 Full 4-Q 5.8 Auto-ra 5.9 Program 5.10 Sweep 5.11 Polyph 5.11.1 Co	on the Instrument	
4.1 Power-0 4.2 Home-5 4.3 Touch S 4.4 Set outp 4.5 Output Chapter5 5.1 full 4-Q 5.2 Select t 5.3 Select t 5.3.1 AC 5.3.2 DC 5.3.3 AC 5.3.4 DC 5.4 Current 5.5 Professi 5.6 Wavefo 5.7 Full 4-Q 5.8 Auto-ra 5.9 Program 5.10 Sweep 5.11 Polyph 5.11.1 Cc 5.11.2 Cc	on the Instrument	
4.1 Power-6 4.2 Home-5 4.3 Touch S 4.4 Set out 4.5 Output Chapter5 5.1 full 4-Q 5.2 Select t 5.3 Select t 5.3 Select t 5.3.1 AC 5.3.2 DC 5.3.3 AC 5.3.4 DC 5.4 Current 5.5 Professi 5.6 Wavefo 5.7 Full 4-Q 5.8 Auto-ra 5.9 Program 5.10 Sweep 5.11 Polyph 5.11.1 CC 5.11.2 CC 5.11.3 CC	on the Instrument	



Chapter6	System-Related Functions	
6.1 System	Menu Reference	57
	enu function	
	t the communication interface	
	ew the System Information	
-	uration Menu Reference	
•	k Function	
	ng Local/Remote Mode	
	nd Recall Operations	
	ion Function rrent RMS Protection	
	t the Current Peak protection	
	t Voltage/Current/Power Limit Range	
	er-temperature protection (OTP)	
	er-power protection (OPP)	
	Capture Function	
	Function	
	the System Log	
6.10 Query	the Energy	71
6.11 Set Pa	rallel Operation Mode	71
	te Measurement Function	
	I I/O Function	
6.14 Analo	gue Function (Ext-Program) (Optional)	80
Chapter7	Measurement Functions	
7.1 Meter	Mode	
7.2 Oscillos	scope Mode	85
7.3 Harmo	nic measurement	87
7.4 Record	er Function	22
Chapter8	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform	
•	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform	
8.1 List Fur	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform	
8.1 List Fur <i>8.1.1 C</i>	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform nction reate a new List file	
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Set	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform	
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Se 8.1.3 Im	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform nction reate a new List file lect/Run List File	
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Ser 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform nction reate a new List file lect/Run List File port/Export List file	90 90 90 90 92 93 93 93
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Se 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting 8.3 Self-de	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform nction reate a new List file lect/Run List File port/Export List file of Surge/Sag Configuration	90 90 90 92 93 93 93 95
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Se 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting 8.3 Self-de 8.3.1 Ti	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform nction reate a new List file lect/Run List File port/Export List file of Surge/Sag Configuration fined Waveform Function	90 90 90 92 93 93 93 93 95 95
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Ser 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting 8.3 Self-de 8.3.1 Tr 8.3.2 So 8.4 Voltage	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform netion reate a new List file lect/Run List File port/Export List file of Surge/Sag Configuration fined Waveform Function HD elfdefined Sampling	90 90 90 92 93 93 93 93 95 95 95 95 95 97 98
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Ser 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting 8.3 Self-de 8.3.1 Tr 8.3.2 So 8.4 Voltage	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform nction reate a new List file lect/Run List File port/Export List file of Surge/Sag Configuration fined Waveform Function	90 90 90 92 93 93 93 93 95 95 95 95 95 97 98
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Ser 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting 8.3 Self-de 8.3.1 Tr 8.3.2 So 8.4 Voltage	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform netion reate a new List file lect/Run List File port/Export List file of Surge/Sag Configuration fined Waveform Function HD elfdefined Sampling	90 90 90 92 93 93 93 93 93 95 95 95 97 98 100
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Set 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting 8.3 Self-de 8.3.1 Th 8.3.2 So 8.4 Voltage 8.5 Voltage Chapter9	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform	90 90 90 92 93 93 93 95 95 95 95 97 98 100 102
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Set 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting 8.3 Self-de 8.3.1 Ti 8.3.2 So 8.4 Voltage 8.5 Voltage 8.5 Voltage 9.1 Main te	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform nction reate a new List file lect/Run List File port/Export List file of Surge/Sag Configuration fined Waveform Function HD elfdefined signals Simulation Technical Specifications	90 90 90 92 93 93 93 93 93 95 95 95 95 97 98 100 102
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Set 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting 8.3 Self-de 8.3.1 Th 8.3.2 Set 8.4 Voltage 8.5 Voltage <b>Chapter9</b> 9.1 Main te 177905-3	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform reate a new List file lect/Run List File port/Export List file of Surge/Sag Configuration fined Waveform Function HD elfdefined e Sampling e Signals Simulation technical Specifications	90 90 90 92 93 93 93 93 95 95 95 97 98 100 102 102
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Set 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting 8.3 Self-de 8.3.1 Th 8.3.2 Set 8.4 Voltage 8.5 Voltage 8.5 Voltage 9.1 Main te IT7905-3 IT7906-3	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform	90 90 90 92 93 93 93 95 95 95 95 97 98 100 100 102 102 102 103
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Set 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting 8.3 Self-de 8.3.1 Th 8.3.2 Set 8.4 Voltage 8.5 Voltage <b>Chapter9</b> 9.1 Main te IT7905-3 IT7905-3 IT790-3	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform	90 90 90 92 93 93 93 95 95 95 95 95 97 98 100 100 102 102 103 103
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Set 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting 8.3 Self-de 8.3.1 Th 8.3.2 So 8.4 Voltage 8.5 Voltage <b>Chapter9</b> 9.1 Main te IT7905-3 IT7905-3 IT7912-3 IT7915-3	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform	90 90 90 92 93 93 93 93 93 93 95 95 97 98 100 100 102 102 102 103 106 108 111
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Set 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting 8.3 Self-de 8.3.1 Th 8.3.2 So 8.4 Voltage 8.5 Voltage 8.5 Voltage 9.1 Main te IT7905-3 IT7905-3 IT7915-3 IT7915-3 IT7930-3	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform	90 90 90 92 93 93 93 93 93 95 95 95 97 98 100 100 102 102 102 102 103 106 108 111
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Set 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting 8.3 Self-de 8.3.1 Th 8.3.2 Set 8.4 Voltage 8.5 Voltage 9.1 Main te IT7905-3 IT7905-3 IT7915-3 IT7915-3 IT7945-3	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform	90 90 90 92 93 93 93 93 95 95 95 97 98 100 102 102 102 102 102 103 106 108 111 114
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Set 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting 8.3 Self-de 8.3.1 Th 8.3.2 Set 8.4 Voltage 8.5 Voltage 9.1 Main te IT7905-3 IT7905-3 IT7912-3 IT7912-3 IT7915-3 IT7945-3 IT7945-3 IT7960-3	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform	90 90 90 92 93 93 93 95 95 95 95 97 98 100 100 102 102 102 103 106 108 111 114 114
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Set 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting 8.3 Self-de 8.3.1 Th 8.3.2 So 8.4 Voltage 8.5 Voltage <b>Chapter9</b> 9.1 Main te IT7905-3 IT7905-3 IT7912-3 IT7912-3 IT7915-3 IT7945-3 IT7945-3 IT7960-3 IT7960-3 IT7975-3	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform	90 90 90 92 93 93 93 93 95 95 97 98 100 100 102 102 102 103 103 106 108 111 114 114 116 118 121
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Set 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting 8.3 Self-de 8.3.1 Th 8.3.2 So 8.4 Voltage 8.5 Voltage Chapter9 9.1 Main te IT7905-3 IT7912-3 IT7915-3 IT7945-3 IT7945-3 IT7975-3 IT7975-3 IT7975-3 IT7975-3	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform	90 90 90 92 93 93 93 93 95 95 97 98 100 102 102 102 103 103 106 108 111 114 114 116 118 121 123
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Set 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting 8.3 Self-de 8.3.1 Th 8.3.2 So 8.4 Voltage 8.5 Voltage 8.5 Voltage 9.1 Main te IT7905-3 IT7912-3 IT7915-3 IT7945-3 IT7945-3 IT7990-3 IT7990-3 IT7990-3 IT7990-3 IT7990-3 IT7990-3 IT79105	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform           Inction           reate a new List file           lect/Run List File           port/Export List file           of Surge/Sag Configuration           fined Waveform Function           HD           elfdefined           e Sampling           e Signals Simulation           Technical Specifications           350-30U           350-90           350-90           350-90           350-180           350-360           350-450	90 90 90 92 93 93 93 93 95 95 95 97 98 100 100 102 102 102 102 103 106 108 111 114 114 116 118 121 123 125
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Set 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting 8.3 Self-de 8.3.1 Ti 8.3.2 So 8.4 Voltage 8.5 Voltage 8.5 Voltage 9.1 Main te IT7905-3 IT7915-3 IT7945-3 IT7960-3 IT795-3 IT7990-3 IT79105 IT79105 IT79105 IT79105	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform           inction           reate a new List file           lect/Run List File           port/Export List file           of Surge/Sag Configuration           fined Waveform Function           HD           elfdefined           es Sampling           es Signals Simulation           Technical Specifications           350-90           350-90           350-90           350-90           350-90           350-90           350-90           350-90           350-90           350-90           350-90           350-90           350-90           350-90           350-90           350-90           350-90           350-90           350-91           350-92           350-93           350-945           350-945           350-450           -350-450	90 90 90 92 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93 93
8.1 List Fur 8.1.1 C 8.1.2 Set 8.1.3 Im 8.2 Setting 8.3 Self-de 8.3.1 Th 8.3.2 Set 8.3 Voltage 8.5 Voltage 9.1 Main te IT7905-3 IT7905-3 IT7912-3 IT7912-3 IT7945-3 IT7945-3 IT7945-3 IT7945-3 IT7945-3 IT7945-3 IT79105 IT79105 IT79105 IT79105 IT79120 IT79135	Configuration Arbitrary Waveform           Inction           reate a new List file           lect/Run List File           port/Export List file           of Surge/Sag Configuration           fined Waveform Function           HD           elfdefined           e Sampling           e Signals Simulation           Technical Specifications           350-30U           350-90           350-90           350-90           350-180           350-360           350-450	90 90 90 92 93 93 93 93 95 95 97 98 100 102 102 102 102 102 103 106 108 111 114 114 116 118 111 114 115 123 125 128 130



#### Overview

IT79165	5-350-450	
9.2 Suppler	mental characteristics	
Chapter10	Remote Control	
	nterface	
10.2 LAN Ir	nterface	
10.3 CAN II	nterface	
10.4 GPIB I	Interface (Optional)	
10.5 RS–232 Interface (Optional)		
10.6 Comm	nonly Used Commands Overview	
10.7 Demo	o Software Introduction	
Appendix		
Specificatio	ons of Red and Black Test Lines	



# **Chapter1 Overview**

This chapter introduces the front panel, the rear panel, key functions and LCD display function of the IT7900 series power supply, make sure that you can quickly know the appearance, instruction and the key function before you operate the power supply. Help you make better use of this series of power supply.

### **1.1 Brief Introduction**

ITECH IT7900 series represents a new generation of programmable, full power source and sink 4-Quadrant grid simulators and also can perform as a 4-Quadrant power amplifier, providing the flexibility to test widest range of grid-tied devices, including PCS, energy storage systems, micro grids, BOBC (V2X) and power-related hardware in the loop emulation (PHiL).

The IT7900 series is equipped with a professional anti-islanding test mode, allowing the user to set R, L, C and active and reactive power parameters to simulate non-linear loads on the grid and achieve anti- islanding testing requirement. The IT7900 series supports energy recovery function that provides 100% current absorption and feeds back into local grid through the device, saving electricity bills and heat dissipation costs.

ITECH IT7900 Regenerative Grid Simulator adopts high power density design of 15kVA in 3U enclosure and provides wide voltage ranges up to 350V L-N and 500VL-N. Easily expandable by Master-slave parallel configuration for higher power up to 960kVA. Comprehensive options of operating modes can meet users' requirements for single-phase, three-phase, reversed-phase and multi-channel testing requirements. Extended AC voltage range to 700V L-N enabled by reversed mode. The powerful arbitrary waveform editing function can simulate a variety of grid disturbance waveforms, which is an ideal solution for testing and R&D laboratories.



- High power density/minimum rack space, 3U up to 15kVA,16Hz~150Hz
- Regenerative grid simulator & full 4-Quadrant AC&DC power sources
- Power Amplifier function for PHiL applications
- Professional anti-islanding test mode, can set and simulate the RLC (resistive-inductive-capacitive), active and reactive power circuit for antiislanding detection.
- CC/CV/CP modes
  - wide voltage ranges: 350V L-N and 500V L-N\*1



- Master-slave parallel with current sharing technology, up to 960kVA,
- Intuitive touch screen; Built-in single/3-phase AC power meter; Scope function
- Fast response time and high accuracy 0.1%+0.2%FS
- waveforms Library: Sine wave, Square wave, Triangle wave, Clipped sine waves, Staircase wave, self-defined waves
- Harmonics and Interharmonics waveform synthesizer
- Power line disturbance simulation testing by List programming/Sweep/Surge&Sag functions
- The harmonic measurement function can measure 50th order harmonics of voltage and current.
- Output 0-360 ° start/stop phase angle can be set
- AC, DC, AC+DC or DC+AC output capability
- Comprehensive working modes selectable: single-phase ,three-phase, reversed phase and multi-channel
- Programmable Output Impedance, allows simulation of Real-World Utility Grid Impedance.
- compliance tests incl LVRT /Phase Jump/Frequency variation /Harmonic Injection
- Supported regulatory testing include IEC61000-4-11/4-13/4-14/4-28 etc.
- Front panel USB port for data and waveform import and export
- Provides various trigger input/output signals. When amplitude/frequency changes, trigger signals can be generated to synchronously capture the current waveform of DUTs
- Relay CTRL function, to cut off the connection between instrument and DUT
- Frequency lock and phase lock function, tracking the external signal frequency and phase, to achieve 6 phase& 12 phase power output
- Built-in USB/CAN/LAN/Digital IO interface, optional GPIB /Analog&RS232

### **1.2 Models and Options**

Model	Power	Voltage	Current	Phase
IT7903-350-30U	3kVA	350V	30A	1Φ
IT7905-350-30U	5kVA	350V	30A	1Φ
IT7906-350-90	6kVA	350V	90A	1Φ or 3Φ
IT7909-350-90	9kVA	350V	90A	1Φ or 3Φ
IT7912-350-90	12kVA	350V	90A	1Φ or 3Φ
IT7915-350-90	15kVA	350V	90A	1Φ or 3Φ
IT7930-350-180	30kVA	350V	180A	1Φ or 3Φ
IT7945-350-270	45kVA	350V	270A	1Φ or 3Φ
IT7960-350-360	60kVA	350V	360A	1Φ or 3Φ
IT7975-350-450	75kVA	350V	450A	1Φ or 3Φ
IT7990-350-540	90kVA	350V	540A	1Φ or 3Φ
IT79105-350-630	105kVA	350V	630A	1Φ or 3Φ



Overview Model Power Voltage Current Phase IT79120-350-720 120kVA 350V 720A 1Φ or 3Φ IT79135-350-810 135kVA 810A 350V 1Φ or 3Φ IT79150-350-900 150kVA 900A 350V 1Φ or 3Φ IT79165-350-990 1Φ or 3Φ 165kVA 350V 990A

### D Note

Naming rules for this series of model are as follows: IT79XXX-YYY-ZZZ, wherein, XXX means rated power, YYY means rated voltage, and ZZZ means rated current. Take IT7915-350-90 for an example, the rated power is 15kVA, rated voltage is 350V and rated current is 90A.

### 1.3 Optional accessories

The IT7900 series supports the following optional accessories (sold separately), the details are as below:

The interface expansion slot provided on the rear panel of the IT7900 series

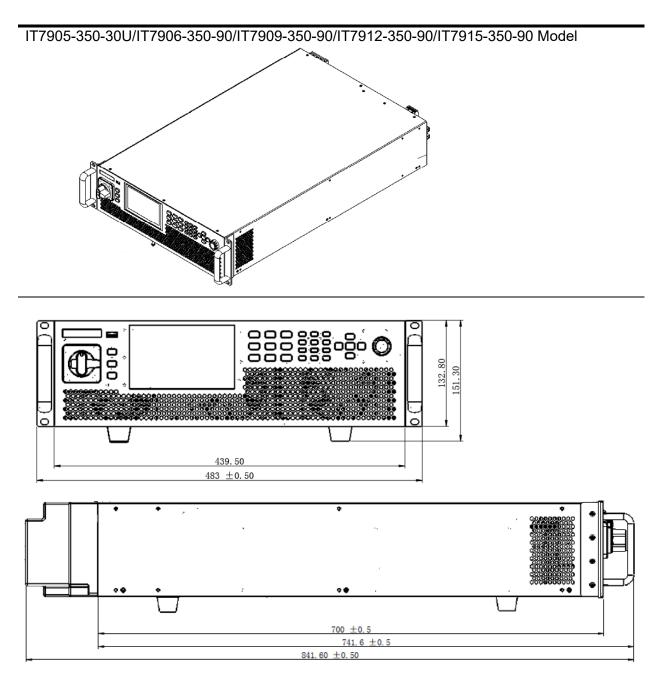
instrument allows users to flexibly expand according to their needs. Different interface cards can be selected to achieve different functions.

The following optional accessories from ITECH are sold separately. Users need to purchase separately.

Device Name	Model	Description
GPIB communication interface	IT-E176	When the user needs to use GPIB interface to enable remote operation, this option is the right choice.
RS232+Analog	IT-E177	Interface card that includes RS-232 communication interface and external analog. When the user needs to use RS-232 or external analog interface to enable remote operation, this option is the right choice.
Fiber optic modules and cables		Used for parallel connection between the units in a cabinet, including one fiber module and two fiber cables, with lengths of 1.5 meters and 0.3 meters.
		The fiber optic module and cable are the necessary accessories for the parallel connection. Different numbers of fiber optic modules and cables are used in different numbers of parallels.
Fiber optic modules and cables	IT-E169	Used for parallel connection between cabinets, including one fiber module and one 2.5m fiber cable.
		The fiber optic module and cable are the necessary accessories for the parallel connection. Different numbers of fiber optic modules and cables are used in different numbers of parallels.

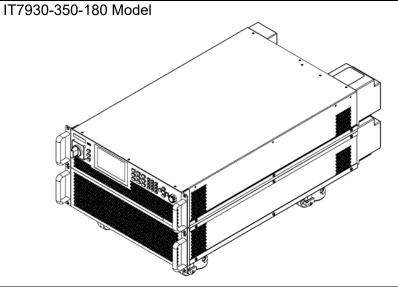


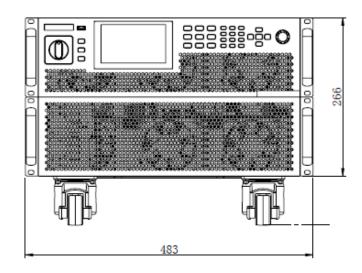
The instrument should be installed at well-ventilated and rational-sized space. Please select appropriate space for installation based on the power supply size.

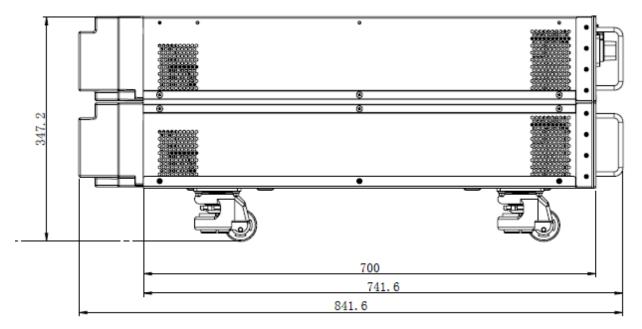




Overview

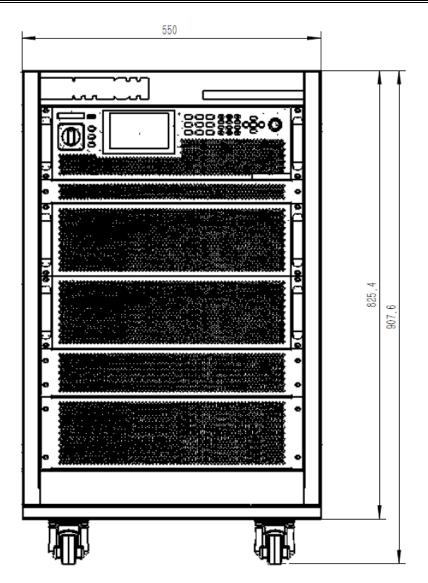






IT7945-350-270 Model

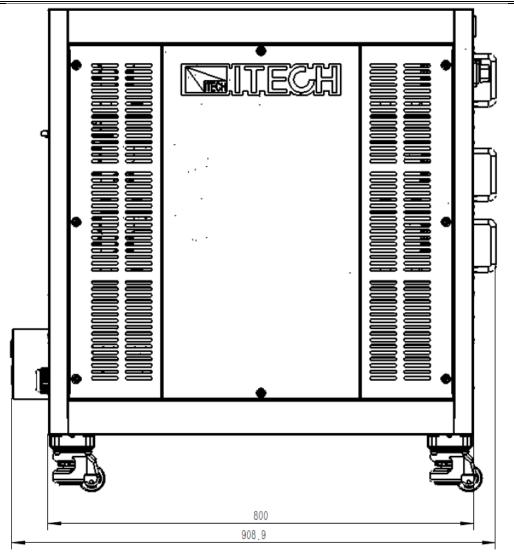




Overview

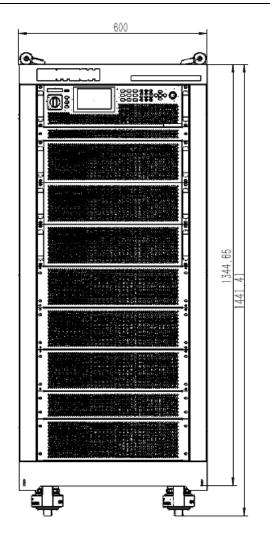


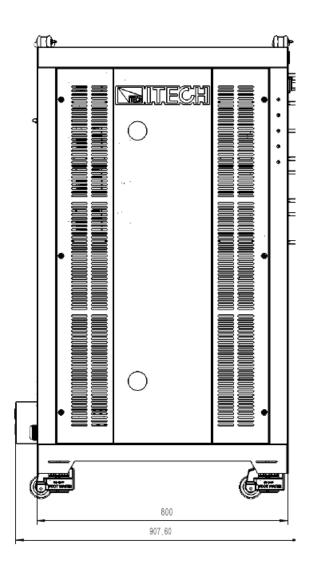






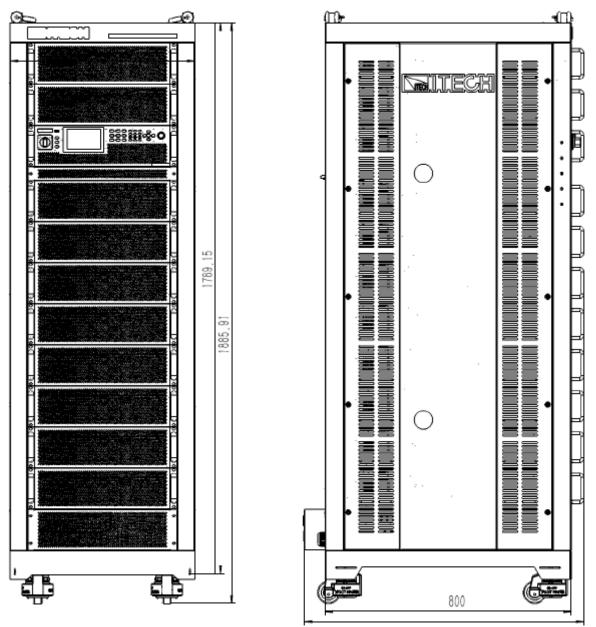
### IT7960-350-360/IT7975-350-450/IT7990-350-540/IT79105-350-630 Model







### IT79120-350-720/IT79135-350-810/IT79150-350-900/IT79165-350-990 Model



907.60



## **Chapter2 Instrument Introduction**

## 2.1 Unpacking and Transportation

Unpacking

For cabinet products, they are packaged in wooden boxes at the factory. After you receive them, please refer to the unpacking instructions provided with the box for disassembly; for products packaged in cartons, please use appropriate tools for unpacking.

It is recommended to keep the complete transport packaging for the lifetime of the device for relocation or return to the manufacture for repair.

### Transportation

If you need to transport non-cabinet products, you must pay attention to the following to ensure the safety of equipment and personnel.

### CAUTION

- Before moving, make sure that the cabinet or stand where the equipment will be placed has been fixed and meets the load-bear- ing conditions to avoid tilting and collapsing, causing personnel to be injured, and equipment broken.
- Due to the weight of the product, transport by hand should be avoided where possible. If unavoidable, carry it with two people and holding the product shell and not external parts (such as han- dles, electrodes, knobs, etc.).
- When carrying, be prepared to bear the weight to avoid sprains or being crushed by heavy objects.
- Use suitable safety clothing, especially safety shoes, when carrying the equipment, as due to its weight a fall can have serious consequences.

After unpacking the cabinet product, if you need to move it to other places, you must pay attention to the following matters to ensure the safety of equipment and personnel.

### CAUTION

- The cabinet product is very heavy. Before moving to another loca- tion, confirm whether the ground load is in compliance.
- During the process of moving the cabinet, it is recommended that two or more people cooperate and push it slowly and at a constant speed. If you encounter a pit, you need to pay special attention. It is forbidden to push it quickly, otherwise it will easily cause excessive inertia and cause the casters at the bottom of the cabinet to jam and the cabinet to fall.
- It is not advisable to push down the slope to prevent the cabinet from falling down due to the shift of the center of gravity. It is rec- ommended



to use a forklift or crane to move the cabinet.

- ITECH 27U and 37U cabinets are equipped with hoisting rings as standard on the top. It is recommended to use a crane equipped with a four-leg hoisting belt structure for horizontal hoisting and moving, and ensure that the four hoisting belts are the same length to avoid cabinet skew during movement. As shown below.
- After moving to the destination, please lock the four casters to se- cure the cabinet.
- The cabinet should be placed on a level ground. It is forbidden to place the cabinet on a sloped ground.



### 2.2 Verifying the Shipment

Open the package and check the articles within package box before operation. In case of any non-conformity, missing or appearance wearing, please contact ITECH immediately.

The package box should comprise:

Device name	Quantity	Model	Remarks
Programmable AC Power Supply	x1	IT7900 series	For the specific models included in this series, refer to 1.1 Brief Introduction.
Power Cord	X1	-	Number of the power cords vary depending on the model, See the Section 2.3 Connectiong the Power Cord for power cord connection.
USB cable	x1	-	-



			Instrument Introduction
Factory alignment report	x1	-	Test report before delivery

### 

After confirming that package contents are consistent and correct, please appropriately keep package box and related contents. The package requirements should be met when the instrument is returned to factory for repair.

The IT7930-350-180 model comes with a yellow optical fiber cable. The fiber cable need to install by yourself. For details, see 3.3 chapter.

### 2.3 Front Panel

The front panel of IT7900 is as shown below.



- **1** Power Switch
- 3 LCD touch screen
- 5 Number key
- 7 Rotary knob
- 2 USB interface /Print/Trig/Menu
- 4 Function key
- 6 Up, down, left and right key and enter key
- 8 Vent hole

### 2.4 Keyboard

The keyboard introduction of IT7900 series Power Supply is shown as follows.



Keys	Description
Print	Used for saving screen images
Trig	Used for manual trigger
Power	Power Switch
Menu	Used for going back to menu page



Keys	Description	
[Set]	Set the output voltage value	
[F-set]	<ul> <li>AC mode: set the output frequency</li> <li>DC mode: [F-set] is invalid</li> </ul>	
Config	Enter to Configuration menu	
5	Basic metering key used for basic metering.	
$\sim$	Waveform Display key When this key is pressed, the waveform corresponding to current measurement data will be displayed.	
Ltm	Harmonic Measurement key When this key is pressed, the harmonic measurement results and the menu of harmonic measurement parameter configuration will be displayed.	
[On/Off]	Turn the power supply output on or off. When lit, indicates that the output is enabled or on.	
Shift	Composite key, combined with other keys to realize functions marked above keys.	
Esc	Press this key to exit the current operation interface.	
[0]-[9]	Number key. Enter the number directly	
+/	Positive and negative signs	
	Decimal point	
Left / Right	The left and right navigation keys are used to adjust the	
Navigation keys	cursor to the specified position or scrolls pages to view menu items.	
Up / Down	The up and down navigation keys are used to scroll page	
Navigation keys	up and down to view menu items.	
Enter	Operation confirmation key	

Composite key **[Shift]**, combined with other keys to realize functions marked above keys. Firstly, press **[shift]** and the shift key will be lighted, and then press the function key, the detailed functions are listed as follows.

Keys	Description
[Shift]+[Set](List)	Enter the List function menu.
[Shift]+[F-set] (Sweep)	Enter the Sweep function menu.
[Shift]+[Config](Protect)	Enter the protection setting menu.
[Shift]+ (System)	Enter the System setting menu. Used to set the system parameters.
[Shift]+ (Surge&Sag)	Enter the Surge and Sag menu, used to Set the Surge/trapped Configuration.
[Shift]+	Enter the standard wave selection interface.
[Shift]+[1](Log)	Enter the data logging function menu.
[Shift]+ [2] (Lock)	Turn the keyboard lock on or off.



Keys	Description
[Shift]+[3] (Local)	Switch remote control mode to local control mode.
[Shift]+[4] (Save)	Save the common parameter settings.
[Shift]+ [5] (Recall)	Enter the Protect menu of the power supply.
[Shift]+ [6] (Hold)	When you need to keep the present meter status, you can press the keys. Then the present meter status display and will be kept no matter whether output is running.
[Shift]+ [7] (Help)	Obtain the help information.

### 2.5 Push-on Knob

The IT7900 series Power Supply provides a knob on the front panel as shown in the next figure.



The functions of the posh-on knob is described as follows.

- Adjust the value setting
- Select menu item
- Confirm the set value or the selected menu item

### Adjust the Value Setting

In the value setting interface, rotate the knob clockwise to increase the set value and anticlockwise to decrease the set value.

### Select Menu Item

The knob can also be used to view menu items. In the menu item display interface, turning the knob clockwise indicates that the next menu item is selected, and turning the knob anticlockwise indicates that the previous menu item is selected.

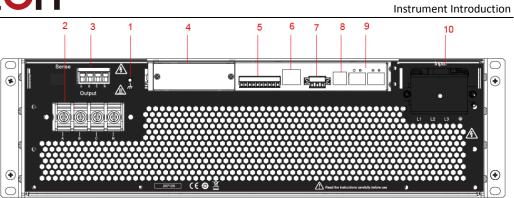
### **Confirm settings**

After completing the value setting or selecting a menu item, pushing the knob acts like pressing **[Enter]** key to confirm the operation.

### 2.6 Rear Panel

The rear panel of the IT7900 series 3U model is shown below.

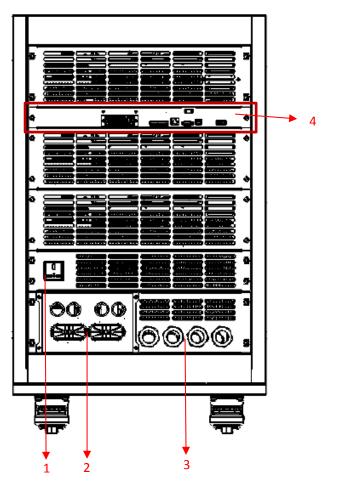




No.	Name	Description
1	ground terminal	Ground screw for making chassis ground connections.
2	Output terminals	AC or DC output terminals and chassis ground terminals, used to connect DUT.
3	Remote sense Terminals Output lock terminals and	SL+ and SN- are remote sense terminals, used for maximizing measurement accuracy.
4	Optional expansion slot	<ul> <li>Optional interfaces: (Plastic plugs are inserted by default when the user does not purchase the interface.)</li> <li>The optional interface as follows:</li> <li>GPIB</li> <li>RS-232/ Analog interface</li> </ul>
5	I/O terminals/CAN interface	Digital Port CAN communication interface CAN-H and CAN- L
6	LAN interface	LAN communication interface
7	External control interface CTRL	This interface is used for the parallel connection between the master (with operation panel) and the slaves (without operation panel). Connect the interface on the rear panel of each unit to be connected in parallel, and the master can offer synchronous control over the power-on/off of the slaves.
8	USB interface	USB communication interface.
9	system bus	Used for communication between instruments in parallel operation feature.
10	AC power input socket	Used to connect AC power to start instrument.



The rear panel of IT7900 series 15U and above series cabinets are the same. Take IT7945-350-270 as an example, the rear panel is introduced as shown below.

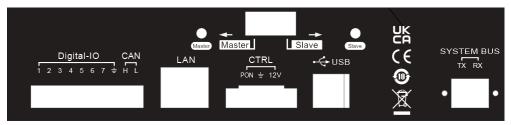


1: Output socket, which can be used when users need single-phase lower than 220V/10A power supply

2: Output terminals and protective cover, remove the protective cover to show ABCN terminals and sense terminals

3: Input terminal, connected to the instrument's power supply

4: The communication interface for cabinet, the detailed diagram as follows, and the descriptions are the same as 3U model.





# **Chapter3 Installation**

### 3.1 Connectiong the Power Cord

Connect power cord of standard accessories and ensure that the power supply is under normal power supply.

### Before connecting the power cord

To prevent electric shock and damage to the instrument, observe the following precautions.

#### WARNING

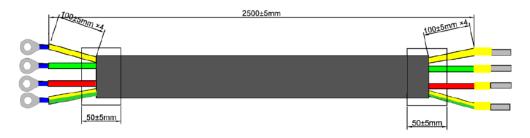
- Before connecting power cord, be sure to confirm that the power voltage matches with the rated input voltage of the instrument.
- Before connecting power cord, be sure to switch off the instrument. Verify that there is no dangerous voltage on the connection terminals.
- To avoid fire or electric shock, Make sure to use the power cord supplied by ITECH.
- Be sure to connect the power cord to the AC distribution box with protective grounding. Do not use terminal board without protective grounding.
- Do not use an extended power cord without protective grounding, otherwise the protection function will fail.
- Ensure that the power cord connection terminals are either insulated or covered by the supplied protective cover so that no accidental contact with lethal voltage can occur.

### CAUTION

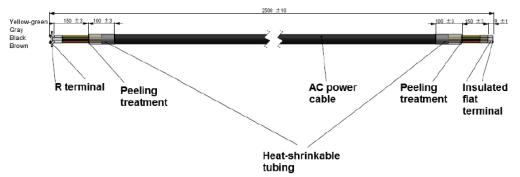
Safety agency requirements dictate that there must be a way to physically disconnect the AC mains cable from the unit. A disconnect device, either a switch or circuit breaker must be provided in the final installation. The disconnect device must be close to the equipment, be easily accessible, and be marked as the disconnect device for this equipment.

### Connecting the power cord

The standard power cord specifications for this series of 3U instruments are divided into the following types according to different regions:







The yellow-green wire is grounding wire, which is connected to the PE terminal of power input on the rear panel; the others are live wires, which are correspondingly connected to the L1, L2 and L3 terminals of power input on the rear panel of the instrument.

📖 NOTE

IT7930-350-180 is standard equipped with two power cords.

### AC Power Input Level

The AC input of this series is a three-phase AC power (three-phase four-wire) by default, and the model of 3kVA and 5kVA power supply can support single phase AC power input. The detailed specifications refer to Technical Specifications.

Please pay attention to the AC input voltage level:

I NOTE

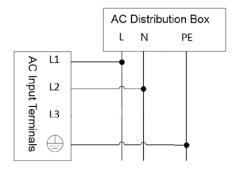
When the AC input voltage of 5kVA and 12kVA or above are in the range of 190V-240V, the power setting value is derated to 60%, and when the output exceeds the present rating, the instrument enters AC Input Overcurrent protection and the output is turned off. If a full power output is required, the AC input level Voltage must be greater than 240V.

### Connecting the Power Cord

• When connecting the instrument which rated power is 5kVA

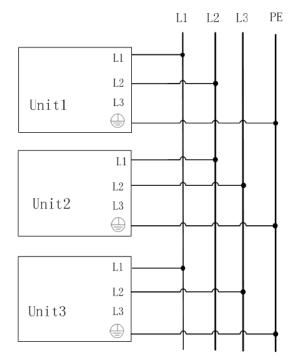
please take care for balanced current distribution on three phases. For single unit, it supports single phase input, and it requires single phase or three phases of AC distribution box (the rated AC current on L3 is 0, so, it can be connected or not). In case multiple units are connected to the same main AC distribution box. It is recommended to follow the suggestion connection diagram as below.

Single phase input connecting:

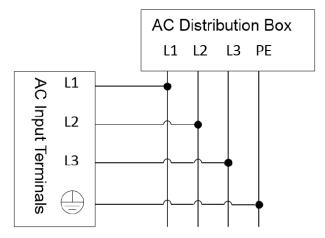




#### Multiple power supplies connect to three phase input:



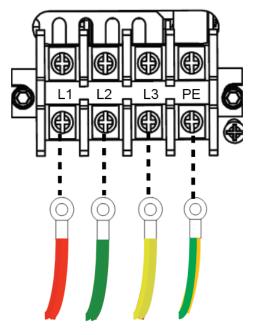
• When connecting the instrument which rated power is 6kVA or above. The AC input is three phase and balanced, connecting the power cord as below.



### Connecting the power cord

- 1. Confirm that the switch of the AC power distribution box is off.
- 2. Confirm that the power switch is in the OFF position and verify that there is no dangerous voltage on the connection terminals.
- 3. Remove the protective cover outside the AC input terminal on the rear panel.
- 4. Connect one end of the power cable's round terminal to the AC power input terminal on the instrument's rear panel.
  - a) You only need to connect the red/green/yellow (or brown/black/gray) live wires to the terminals on the rear panel, which are not required to correspond to L1, L2 and L3 terminals one by one.
  - b) The yellow-green wire is grounding wire, which is connected to the protective grounding terminal (PE).





- 5. Mount the protective cover back to its original position.
- 6. Refer to the suggestion connection diagram, connect the other end of the power cable to the required AC distribution box.

Connect the two power cables of the IT7930-350-180 to the power distribution box.

### 3.2 Connecting Test Lines (Optional)

Test lines are not standard accessories of the instrument. Please select optional red and black test lines for individual sales based on the maximum current value. For specifications of test lines and maximum current values, refer to **"Specifications of Red and Black Test Lines"** in **"Appendix**".

#### WARNING

- Before connecting test lines, be sure to switch off the instrument. Power switch is in Off position. Otherwise, contact with output terminals in rear panel may cause electrical shock.
- To avoid electrical shock, before testing, please make sure the rating values of the testing lines, and do not measure the current that higher than the rating value. All test lines shall be capable of withstanding the maximum short circuit output current of the power supply without causing overheat.
- If several loads are provided, each pair of load wires shall safely withstand the rated short circuit output current of the power supply under full load.
- Always use test lines provided by ITECH to connect the equipment. If test lines from other factories are used, please check that the test line can withstand maximum current.

#### **Specification for Test Cables**

Test cables are not standard accessories for the instrument. Please select



optional red and black test cables for individual sales based on the maximum current value. For specifications of test cables and maximum current values, refer to A.1 Specifications of Red and Black Test Cables for more information.

### **Connecting the DUT (Local Measurement)**

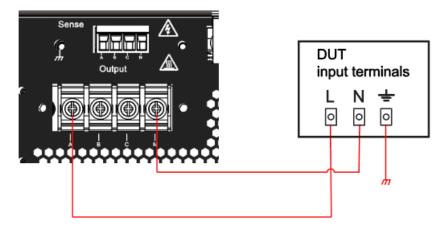
The instrument supports two kinds of wiring methods with the DUT: local measurement and remote measurement (SENSE). The default test mode is local measurement.

### I NOTE

The T7930-350-180 consists of two 15kVA in parallel mode. The output terminals and Remote sense terminals use the master interface. The wiring method is the same as other models.

Please confirm that the Remote Sense function in the menu is set to Off, otherwise the instrument will report an error in the present connection mode.

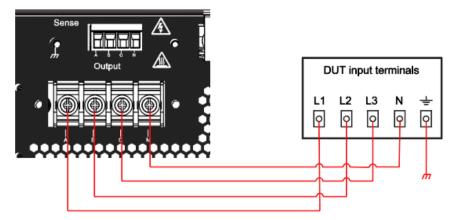
• The connection diagram of single phase is shown as follow:



### 

When the output voltage has DC voltage, the output terminal L is positive, and N is negative.

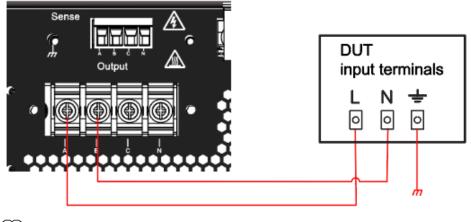
• The connection diagram of three phase is shown as follow:





Installation

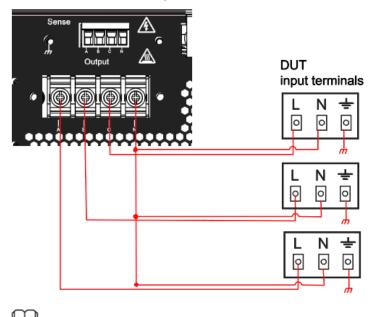
The connection diagram of reverse phase is shown as follow:



### I NOTE

When the output voltage has DC voltage, the output terminal A is positive, and B is negative.

• The connection diagram of multi-channel is shown as follow:



NOTE

When the output voltage has DC voltage, the output terminal L is positive, and N is negative.

- 1. Confirm that the power switch is in the OFF position and verify that there is no dangerous voltage on the connection terminals.
- 2. Remove the output terminals cover of the power system.
- 3. Loosen the screws of the output terminals and connect the red and black test cables to the output terminals. Re-tighten the screws.

When maximum current that one test cable can withstand fails to meet the rated current, use multiple pieces of red and black test cables. For example, the maximum current is 1,200A, then 4 pieces of 360A red and black cables are required.

4. Thread the red and black test cables through the output terminals cover of the power system and install the cover.



(Optional) According to the actual situation of DUT, connect the grounding 5. terminal on the rear panel of the instrument to the DUT to ensure the safe grounding.

For the location information, see 1.5 Rear Panel Introduction.

6. Connect the other end of the red and black cables to the DUT. The positive and negative poles must be properly connected and fastened when wiring.

### Connecting the DUT (Remote Sensing)

Remote measurement is available for the following scenarios:

When the DUT consumes large current or the wires are too long, there is a voltage drop on the wires between DUT and output terminals of the power system.

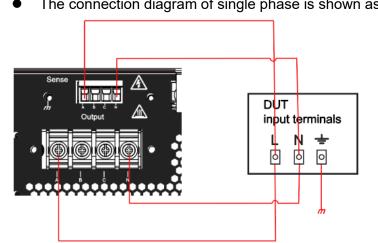
To maximize measurement accuracy, the power system provides the remote measurement terminals VS+ and VS- on the rear panel, which can be used to measure the terminal voltage of the DUT.

When the power system is used for battery testing in actual applications, the voltage drop of the wire will lead to voltage inconsistency of both ends and inconsistency of the cutoff voltage of power system and the actual voltage of battery, resulting in inaccurate measurement.

The connection diagram and steps of remote measurement are as follows:

D NOTE

The T7930-350-180 consists of two 15kVA in parallel mode. Connect the Remote sense terminals of master module. The wiring method is the same as other models.



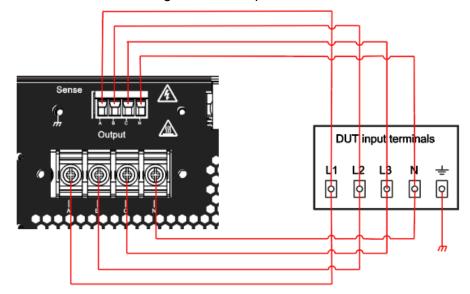
The connection diagram of single phase is shown as follow:

#### NOTE

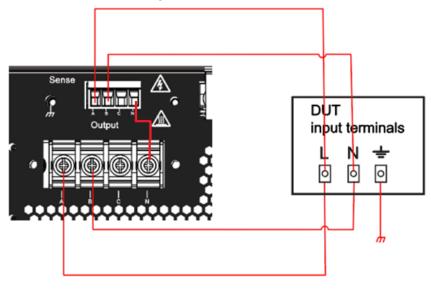
When the output voltage has DC voltage, the output terminal L is positive, and N is negative.



• The connection diagram of three phase is shown as follow:



• The connection diagram of reverse phase is shown as follow:



### I NOTE

When the output voltage has DC voltage, the output terminal A is positive, and N is negative.

- 1. Confirm that the power switch is in the OFF position and verify that there is no dangerous voltage on the connection terminals.
- 2. Remove the output terminals cover of the power system.
- 3. Refer to the wiring diagram and connect the Vs+ and Vs- with armored twisted-pair cables. Loosen the screws of the output terminals and connect the red and black test cables to the output terminals. Re-tighten the screws.

When maximum current that one test cable can withstand fails to meet the rated current, use multiple pieces of red and black test cables. For example, the maximum current is 1,200A, then 4 pieces of 360A red and black cables are required.

4. Thread the red and black test cables through the output terminals cover of



the power system and install the cover.

5. (Optional) According to the actual situation of DUT, connect the grounding terminal on the rear panel of the instrument to the DUT to ensure the safe grounding.

For the location information, see 1.5 Rear Panel Introduction.

- 6. Connect the other end of the remote sense cables to the DUT.
- 7. Connect the other end of the red and black cables to the DUT. The positive and negative poles must be properly connected and fastened when wiring.
- 8. Power on the instrument and turn on the Sense function of the instrument.

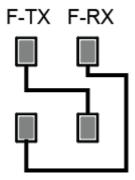
### 3.3 Installing Fiber Cables (Only for IT7930-350-180)

IT7930-350-180 model is composed of two 15kVA parallel machines. In order to avoid damage to the fiber cords connected in parallel with the master and slave during transportation, the fiber cords are not installed before delivery. After receiving the instrument, users need to install the yellow fiber cable by themselves.

### CAUTION

- Before connecting the cables, ensure that the instrument power switch is off and the main switch of the AC power input (distribution box) is off.
- Fiber optic cables cannot be flexed or folded. When the cable is too long and needs to be arranged, gently wrap the cable in a circle and gently tie it.

As shown in the following figure, connect the System Bus between the master and slave by fiber cords.





# **Chapter4 Getting Started**

### 4.1 Power-on the Instrument

A successful selftest indicates that the purchased power product meets delivery standards and is available for normal usage.

Before operation, please confirm that you have fully understood the safety instructions.

#### Precautions

To prevent electric shock and damage to the instrument, please observe the following precautions.

#### WARNING

- Before connecting power cord, be sure to confirm that the power voltage matches with the supply voltage.
- Before connecting power cord, be sure to switch off the instrument. Verify that there is no dangerous voltage on the terminals before touching them.
- To avoid fire or electric shock, make sure to use the power cord supplied by ITECH.
- Be sure to connect the main power socket to the power outlet with protective grounding. Do not use terminal board without protective grounding.
- Do not use an extended power cord without protective grounding, otherwise the protection function will fail.
- Ensure that the input electrodes are either insulated or covered using the safety covers provided, so that no accidental contact with lethal voltages can occur.
- If you notice strange sounds, unusual odors, fire, or smoke around or from inside the instrument, flip the POWER switch to the (O) side to turn the instrument off, or remove the power cord plug from the outlet. The detachable power cord may be used as an emergency disconnecting device. Removing the power cord will disconnect AC input power to the unit.

#### CAUTION

Safety agency requirements dictate that there must be a way to physically disconnect the AC mains cable from the unit. A disconnect device, either a switch or circuit breaker must be provided in the final installation. The disconnect device must be close to the equipment, be easily accessible, and be marked as the disconnect device for this equipment.



#### **Power Switch Introduction**

User can adjust the power switch directly to turn on or turn off the instrument. The status of Power switch is as follows.

The switching knob of the IT7900 series power supply allows the user to turn the power on by 90° clockwise or to turn the power off by 90° counterclockwise.



### Turning the POWER Switch On

Check that the power cord is connected properly.

Flip the POWER switch to the (ON) side to turn the instrument on. The front panel display will light up after a few seconds. It may take about 30 seconds or so for the power supply to initialize before it is ready for use.

If a self-test error occurs, an error message will be displayed in the front panel. Press the **[Esc]** button to try to clear the current fault status. The user can also restart the instrument to try to clear the fault status. Wait until the power is turned off and then start again. If the problem still cannot be solved after restarting, please contact the ITECH engineer.

#### Turning the POWER Switch Off

Flip the POWER switch to the (OFF) side to turn the instrument off. When it is turned off, the instrument interface will prompt "Power Down", and the instrument will store the setting information before shutdown in the group 1 nonvolatile memory.

After you turn the POWER switch off, wait at least 10 seconds after the fan stops before you turn the POWER switch back on. Turning the instrument on too soon after you turn it off can cause damage to the inrush current limiter circuit, as well as reduce the life of components such as the POWER switch and the internal input fuses.

## 4.2 Home-Screen Overview

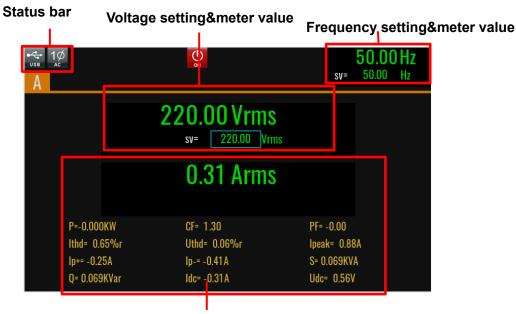
IT7900 series power supply adopts touch screen design, the users can easily operation by touch screen.

The power supply can work in either single-phase mode or three-phase mode. The working mode can be set in the system menu. The display interface of the instrument is different under different modes.



Single Phase Mode

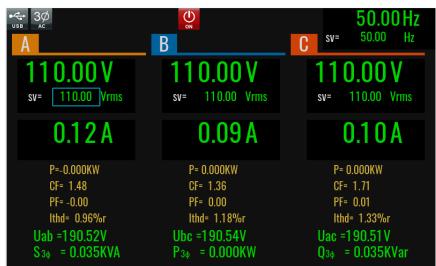
The meter interface of IT7900 series power supply is shown as follow.



Display area of measuring data

### Three Phase Mode

The meter interface of IT7900 three phase mode is shown as follow. The parameters are the same as the single phase.



Under three-phase mode, display total parameters corresponding to Phase A, B and C, the user can switch screen and view the total parameters of each phase.



The meter interface of phase A is shown as follow, the display parameters are the same as single mode. You can click the A, B or C to switch the phase interface.



### Introduction to Interface Symbols

The interface of IT7900 power supply will display the following symbols. All the symbols and description are listed in the table below.

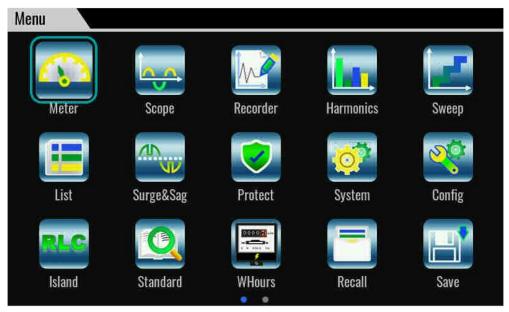
Char	Function description	Char	Function description
Shift	Compound key	OFF	Output is off
	Output is on	LO C	Key operation is locked
1Ø	Single phase AC mode	3Ø ▲C	Three phase AC mode
1Ø	Single phase DC mode	3Ø	Three phase AC+DC mode
	Split phase AC mode	æ	Split phase AC mode
	Split phase AC+DC mode		Split phase DC+AC mode
1Ø	Single phase DC+AC mode	1Ø	Single phase AC+DC mode
AC	Multi-channel AC mode	AC+DC	Multi-channel AC+DC mode
	Multi-channel DC mode	DC+AC	Multi-channel DC+AC mode
DDR	The AC source is in remote mode	SAG	Surge&Sag function indicator
	External Simulation Test Function		Record log
	LIST is running		LIST is finished



			Getting Started
Char	Function description	Char	Function description
⊖ مح	LIST function is waiting for trigger	رث SWEEP	Sweep function is waiting for trigger
х sweep	Sweep running indicator	USB	Found USB disk
	Sense indicator	SENSE	Sense Error
<b></b>	Over voltage protection	OTP	Over temperature protection
PEAK	AC/AC+DC mode Peak OCP	RMS	AC/AC+DC mode RMS OCP
POWER	Over power protection	FIBERS	Fiber is error
R N SYNC	SYNC unlock	N NC	SYNC lock
	Current Negative		Voltage sample mode

#### Menu Introduction

Press the **[Menu]** key on the front panel and enter to the menu interface. Menu interface will display all of function icon, user can rotate the knob or direction key to select, or click the screen to enter the function interface.

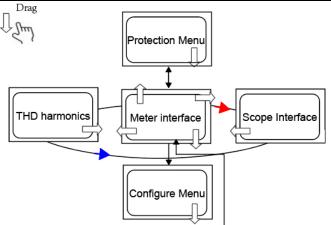


# **4.3 Touch Screen Introduction**

This series of power display is a touch screen LCD interface, users can select and set parameters by hand touch. The touch function can be set in the system menu.

Touch screen drag and corresponding functions are described as below. Convenient user quickly understand how to use this power supply.





## 4.4 Set output parameters

The voltage value and frequency value can be programmed, which can be set to different parameters within the specification range based on customer requirements. This can meet various test requirements of the customer.

After the user presses the V-set or F-set keys on the front panel, the instrument interface displays the parameters to be set and the cursor flashes for prompt. The user can use the following methods to set the values.

- Directly use the number keys to set the value.
- Rotate the knob to set the data in the cursor position. Rotate the knob lockwise to increase the set value and anticlockwise to decrease the set value. Once the data in the cursor position increases to ten, the value will add one to the front position automatically. and once the data in the cursor position decreases to zero, the value will minus one from the front position automatically. This provides convenience for the user to set. The knob can works with the left or right keys. Use the left or right keys to move the cursor position.

NOTE

After entering the menu interface, the knob can also be used to scroll pages to view menu items.

# 4.5 Output On/Off Control

#### WARNING

- The [On/Off] key is used to turn the output on or off under normal circumstances. Even if the instrument is in control by PC or the keyboard is locked, the [On/Off] is still valid.
- The [On/Off] key light is off and turning the output off does not place the instrument in a safe state. Hazardous voltages may be present on all output and guard terminals. Putting the equipment into an output-off state does not guarantee that the outputs are powered off if a hardware or software fault occurs. See the cautions about connecting the test lines before connecting test lines.

You can press the **[On/Off]** key on the front panel to control the output status of the power supply. If the **[On/Off]** key light is on, indicates that the output is turned on. The VFD displays the meter value such as voltage, current, power and so on. If the **[On/Off]** key light is off, indicates that the output is turned off. The VFD



displays that the power supply state is OFF.

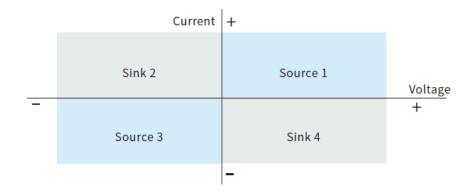


# **Chapter5 Operation and Application**

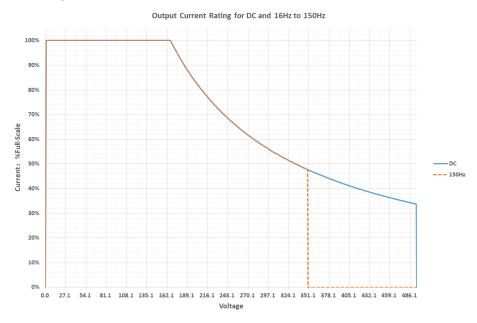
This chapter describes operations of the keys on the front panel of the AC power supply. The AC power supply must be in the local mode when controlled by the front panel. The default mode is the local mode after the AC power supply is turned on. In the local mode, the user can enable all functions of the power supply through the front panel.

## 5.1 full 4-Quadrant output character

The IT7900 series represent the newest generation of programmable, full fourquadrant grid simulators with full 100% of current rating in both source and sink mode, and provides energy recovery capability. The power generated by the DUT during the test can be easily retuned to the AC grid, rather than being dissipated as heat. which protects the environment and lowers the cost of operation. It can be applied to the applications in testing grid-tied products that inject energy into the grid, such as the frequency changes, voltage transients and DC injection of grid-tied/off-grid inverters testing.



The relationship between output voltage, current, power and frequency is shown in the figure below.





1

# **5.2 Select the Power Supply Mode**

The IT7900 series provides multiple modes such as single-phase, three-phase, reverse phase and multi-channel, which can be selected by the user through the panel menu.

Under the reverse mode, the rated voltage will be extended to 200%.

The multi-channel function allows users to test 3 independent DUT at the same time without adding additional hardware configuration.

The operation steps are as follows.



(System) enter to system menu.

2. Under the Source setting interface, touch the screen or rotate the knob to select the **Phase** and set the power supply phase mode.

#### Single Phase

Under the single phase, the power supply works as a single phase power supply. the output mode can be set to AC/DC/ACDC/DCAC.

#### Three Phase

Under the three phase mode, the power supply works as a three phase power supply. the output mode can be set to AC/ACDC.

#### Reverse Phase

Under the reverse phase, the power supply works as a single phase power supply, and the rated voltage will be extended to 200%. For example, AC power supply rated voltage is 350V, under the reverse phase mode, the reted output voltage is 700V. And the output mode can be set to AC/DC/ACDC/DCAC.

#### Multi-channel

Under the Multi-channel phase, the power supply works as a single phase power supply and have three channels.

The multi-channel function of the IT7900 series allows users to test 3 independent DUTs at the same time without adding additional hardware configuration. In the traditional solution, the user needs to configure 3 AC power supplies; and one IT7900 device can meet multi-channel testing requirements. Under multi-channel mode, parameters of each channel can be set independently. The output mode can be set to AC/DC/ACDC/DCAC.

## 5.3 Select the Output Mode

The IT7900 series has four output modes: AC, DC, AC+DC, DC+AC. It not only provides pure AC/DC output, but also can use AC+DC and DC+AC output modes to realize "AC output plus DC bias" And "DC output waveform with ripple", which cover a wider range of applications.

The output mode can be select in the system menu.

1. Press [Shift] +



(System) enter to system menu.

2. Under the Source setting interface, touch the screen or rotate the knob to select the **[Output couple mode]** and set the output mode.



## 5.3.1 AC Output Mode

If the output mode select to AC Mode, the instrument will simulate AC power supply. The default set of IT7900 series power supply is AC Mode.

Set the output parameters of the power supply in the main interface, including the output voltage, output frequency.

- Press up/down keys to select setting value and then press **Enter** to confirm.
- Rotate the knob to select setting value and then press **Enter** to confirm.
- Touch screen and then press **Enter** to confirm.



## 5.3.2 DC Output Mode

If the output mode select to DC Mode, the instrument will simulate DC power supply. Set the output voltage and current of the DC power supply in the main interface, as shown in the figure below.

- Press up/down keys to select setting value and then press **Enter** to confirm.
- Rotate the knob to select setting value and then press **Enter** to confirm.
- Touch screen and then press Enter to confirm.





### 5.3.3 AC+DC Mode

If the output mode select to AC+DC Mode, the instrument will simulate AC and DC power supply, which can add DC component to AC voltage. Set the output voltage in the main interface, as shown in the figure below.



Under AC+DC mode, Set the output voltage and frequency of the AC power supply in the main interface, and set the DC voltage in the configure menu.

Vac: you can set the Vac under the main interface or under the config interface.

DC: set the DC component under the config interface. The setting range is 10% of rated voltage.



The AC + DC mode not only expands the application range of pure AC voltage, but also expands the application range of DC component in laboratory testing. When using AC+DC for testing, please first understand the ripple parameters of the instrument when it is used as a DC power supply. If there are strict noise requirements, additional DC noise filters are needed to obtain low noise and good stable DC voltage for testing.

## 5.3.4 DC+AC Mode

If the output mode select to DC+AC Mode, the instrument will simulate DC and AC power supply, which can add AC component to DC voltage. Set the output voltage in the main interface, as shown in the figure below.



			Operatio	on and A	pplication	
ss 1∅ usb dc+ac	OFF	SV=	<b>0.00</b> 50.00			-
	<b>0.00 V</b> sv= 0.00 V					
	-0.31 A					
P= 0.000KW	CF= 1.04	PF= -1.00				
lthd= 9.70%r	Uthd= 22.19%r	lpp= 0.02A				
lp+= -0.29A	lp-= -0.32A	S= 0.000KVA				
Q= 0.000KVar	Irms= 0.31A	Urms= 0.00\	l.			

Under DC+AC mode, Set the Vdc in the main interface, and set the Vac in the configure menu.

Vdc: you can set the Vdc under the main interface or under the config interface.

Ripple control: set the wave, Vac component and frequency under the config interface. The Vac setting range is 10% of rated voltage.

# 5.4 Current Limit Mode and Power Limit Mode

The IT7900 series power supply defaults to constant voltage CV output mode. The output voltage can be set in main interface.

When the actual current value is higher than the setting current limit value, power supply works in current limit mode, and output voltage will be reduce.

When the actual power value is higher than the setting power limit value, power supply works in power limit mode, and output voltage and current will be adjust.

The current limit value can be set in the Protection menu. Refer to 5.5 Protection Function for detailed setting methods.

# 5.5 Professional Anti-islanding Test Mode

The IT7900 series provide a professional anit-islanding test mode. Users can adjust RLC parameters or configure the parameters of active power and reactive power to simulate islanding status between inverter and load when the main network is off, and verify the anti-islanding protection response time of grid-tied DUTs under different equivalent impedances, three-phase load balancing and non-balancing conditions.

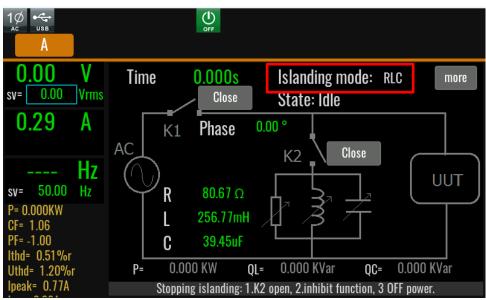
The solution helps engineers to simplify the test circuit and cost savings of additional equipment such as oscilloscopes and power meters.

1. Click the RLC function in Menu interface and enter to islanding simulator function.





2. Select the mode.



- PQ mode: configure the parameters of active power(P), reactive power  $Q_L$  and  $Q_{C.}$
- RLC mode: configure the parameters of R, L, C.
- 3. Set the Phase, it means the output stop phase angle when close the K1 switch.
- 4. Close the K2 switch, connecting the load and UUT, and then close the K1 switch, power on the UUT.
- 5. Open the K1 switch, enable the islanding status. Test the anti-islanding protection response time, The interface will display the running time value in the island state.

# 5.6 Waveform Selection

The user can set the output waveform in the config menu of IT7900 series power supply. Eight output waveforms below are available, user can select the



waveform in **Config->Waveform** menu.

Waveform	
Sine	Waveform = Sine Parameters: ACrms, Frequecny,
Trapezoid	Start angle, End angle, Offset.
Clipped-sine	$\land$
> THD wave	
> User-defined	Enter
	Esc

- Sine
- Square
- Sawtooth
- Triangle
- Trapezoid
- Clipped-sine
- THD wave
- User-defined

When **Trapezoid, Clipped-sine**, **THD Wave and User-define** are selected, the user should configure the parameter of waveform.

# 5.7 Full 4-Quadrant Power Amplifier

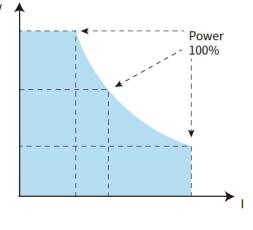
The IT7900 series regenerative grid simulator can be used as a power amplifier to complete power hardware in the loop (PHIL) applications for microgrids, energy storage and new energy vehicles. The digital I/O or a standard suite of analog signal can be input via an external analog interface (optional) and then amplified without distortion to a real power waveshape.

The power amplification function can only be realized by selecting external analog interface. Please refer to the Analogue function in 6.11 for the specific use method.

# 5.8 Auto-range Function

IT7900 series power supply can achieve the combined output of multiple voltage and current at a fixed power. Single power supply can meet different DUT tests with high voltage low current or high current low voltage, at the same time, because the output of voltage and current is controlled by the limit power, it will show the switching of voltage and current auto ranging. To avoid Intermittent output shutdown when switching the high range and low range.





I-V Curve Graph

# 5.9 Programmable Output Impedance

The function of programmable output impedance allows user to edit the output R and L so as to simulate the impedance of the AC grid in accordance with I E C 6 1 0 0 0 - 3 - 3 and IEC61000-3-2 standards.

# **5.10 Sweep Function**

The Sweep function is used to test efficiency of switching power supply and capture the voltage and frequency at the maximum power point. The voltage and frequency of power may be altered in the form of step ladder by setting the initial voltage, final voltage, step voltage, initial frequency, final frequency, step frequency and one-step time. As the test closes, voltage and frequency at the maximum power point may be displayed. Sweep function is not applicable under DC mode and DCAC mode.

The Sweep function is not supported in multi-channel mode.

#### Operating steps

1. Press **[Shift] + [F-set]**(Sweep)on the front panel to enter the sweep interface, as shown in the figure below.

⊷ 1Ø use Ac	OFF		
0.00 V	Start voltage	Stop voltage	Step voltage
sv= 220.00 Vrms	0.00 V	100.00 V	1.00 V
0.29 A	Start freq	Stop freq	Step freq
	50.00 Hz	50.00 Hz	1.00 Hz
Hz 🛛	mode	Step time	Trig source
sv= 50.00 Hz	Time	1.000 S	Manual
P= 0.000KW CF= 1.06	Priority	Waveform	Finish
PF= -1.00 Ithd= 0.62%r	Volt-priority	Sine	Off
Uthd= 0.82% Uthd= 1.74%r Ipeak= 0.88A	Run		Stop



2. Set the voltage and frequency parameters in the sweep interface.

Parameters in the sweep interface are described as follows:

Parameter	Explain
Start voltage	Set the starting voltage.
Stop voltage	Set the ending voltage.
Step Voltage	Set the step voltage.
Start freq	Set the starting frequency.
Stop freq	Set the ending frequency.
Step freq	Set the step frequency.
Step time	Set the step time.
Mode	Set the sweep mode. Time: Time Sweep Mode Trig: Trigger mode Time-back-forth: Step switching according to time and scanning back and forth. Trigger-back-forth: Step switching according to trigger and scanning back and forth.
Priority	Priority setup Volt-Priority Freq-priority Volt&Freq
Waveform	Select sweep waveform Sine
	Square
	Sawtooth
	Triangle
	Trapezoid
Finish	<ul> <li>Set the running state after the sweep execution is finished:</li> <li>off: Directly off the output after the execution is finished;</li> <li>Last: Keep the last waveform unchanged after the execution is finished.</li> <li>Normal: return to normal mode after the sweep execution is finished.</li> </ul>
Trig source	Select the Trigger source: Manual BUS Trigger1 Trigger2

- 3. Press [On/Off] on the front panel and enable the output.
- 4. Press **[Run]** on the Sweep interface, Then the running status will be displayed on LCD. Output parameters and measurement parameters are displayed on the left side of the Sweep interface. You can also press the Meter to observe the output parameters in the main interface.
- 5. After sweeping, **[On/Off]** on the front panel will be off, and status will be displayed on LCD. You can press **[Stop]** on the Sweep interface to stop the Sweep function.



# **5.11 Polyphase Function**

The IT7900 series power supplies implement the frequency-locked and phaselocked function between power supplies through the digital IO interface or System bus interface, which achieve 6 phase& 12 phase power output.

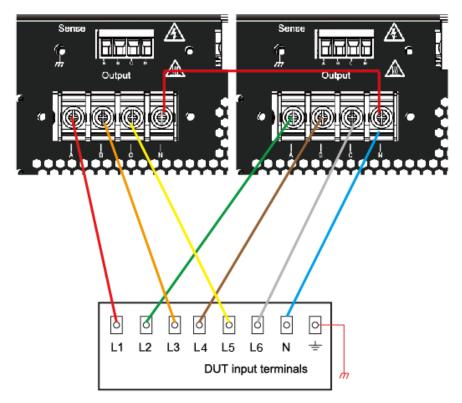
This power supply provides two ways to achieve multi-phase functionality:

- One is to connect the System bus interface between instruments directly through fiber optic cable, no other connection is needed, the wiring is simple and convenient, this wiring method requires customers to purchase fiber optic module and fiber optic cable separately.
- The other is via a digital IO interface, which requires no additional accessories and the instrument is connected by default.

Take the simulated 6-phase power supply as an example, and introduce the multi-phase function application method.

## 5.11.1 Connecting the DUT

When two IT7900 power supplies are combined in multiple phases, the outputs ABC are connected separately and the N wires of the two IT7900 power supplies need to be connected together as six-phase N wire terminals. The wiring schematic is shown below.



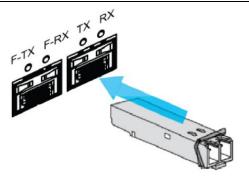
## 5.11.2 Connecting the System Bus Method

The two IT7900 power supplies are connected via the outer ring interfaces TX and RX in the System bus. Fiber optic connection method customers need to purchase fiber optic modules and fiber cables.

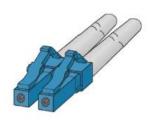
Connect the System Bus as shown in the diagram below for fiber optic communication between instruments.

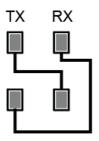
1. Insert the fiber optic module into the hole corresponding to TX RX.





2. Insert the plug of the fiber optic cable into the fiber optic module and hear a click sound to indicate that it is inserted in place. The fiber optic cable connection schematic is as follows.





Power Supply Configuration



(System) and enter to the system menu interface.

2. Set the role of fiber control in the **Source** settings menu, you can choose one set as the Fiber-Phase-Master, the other set as the Fiber-Phase-Slave, and the slave can choose the way to synchronize.

External Lock- frequency control	Set the external frequency lock function.	
	Status	<ul> <li>Enables or disables the external frequency lock function.</li> <li>Off/On</li> <li>Lock-Freq</li> <li>Lock-Phase</li> <li>Fiber-Phase-Master</li> <li>Fiber-Phase-Slave</li> </ul>
	Phase Delay	Set the phase deviation between the output phase and the external I/O input signal: 0-360°.
	Freq limit+	Set the frequency difference upper limit between the output frequency and the external I/O input signal.



**Operation and Application** 

Freq limit-	Set the frequency difference upper limit between the output frequency
Exception	<ul> <li>and the external I/O input signal.</li> <li>Set the output mode when the frequency lock fails:         <ul> <li>Output Disable: stop output</li> <li>Limit: Output according to the set frequency.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Sync selec	t Synchronization mode selection (settable only in fiber slave mode). Local: The slave parameters take effect in real time. Fiber: The slave is controlled by the master fiber.

- First instrument selection: Source -> External Lock-frequency control -> Status -> Fiber-Phase-Master
- Second instrument selection: Source -> External Lock-frequency control -> Status -> Fiber-Phase-Slave。

And then select **Sync select** to Local or Fiber.

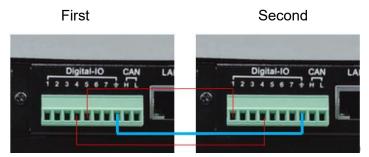
When **local** is selected, the slave's amplitude setting and modification will take effect in real time, without waiting for the host's command.

When **Fiber** is selected, the slave's amplitude setting does not take effect immediately and needs to wait for the host's command.

When the host changes the parameters or changes the on/off status, the value set by the slave will take effect.

## 5.11.3 Connecting Digital I/O Method

Connect the IO-4 pins of two IT7900 power supplies. One IT7900 outputs synchronization signals to the other IT7900. The second power supply runs synchronously with the frequency and phase of the first power supply to realize the six-phase output function. The wiring diagram is as follows:



#### **Power Supply Configuration**

• Defining the digital IO-4 Pin

User can define the IO function in IO configure menu.

- 3. Press [Shift] + (System) and enter to the system menu interface.
- 4. Select I/O -> Digital IO-4: SYNC.

Set one IT7900 power supply as a synchronization signal output to **Syncout**, and the others set to **Sync-out**.



[Sync-in] : Synchronous input function, which is used to output frequency lock or phase lock with the external signal. At this time, the machine synchronizes the frequency or phase information input from the IO-4 pin.

【 Sync-out 】: Synchronous output function, the IT7900 produces synchronous signal to the outside, which is AC zero crossing pulse signal sent from the IO port.

- 5. Set the IO-5 function of the first power supply. Select I/O -> Digital IO-5: Onoff Status, set Reverse to Off, and set Function to OnOff-status.
- 6. Set the IO-1 function of the second power supply. Select I/O -> Digital IO-1:Remote inhibit input, set Reverse to On, and set Function to Inhibit-Living.

### 

The IO-1 function of the second power supply must set according as above. Otherwise, the polyphase will be error.

• Frequency and phase lock configuration

set frequency and phase synchronization Settings for the second power supply.

On the Source Settings menu,	select External Lock-Frequence	uency Control
->Status->Lock-Phase.		-

External Lock- frequency control	Set the external frequency lock function.		
	Status	<ul> <li>Enables or disables the external frequency lock function.</li> <li>Off/On</li> <li>Lock-Freq</li> <li>Lock-Phase</li> <li>Fiber-Phase-Master</li> <li>Fiber-Phase-Slave</li> </ul>	
	Phase Delay	Set the phase deviation between the output phase and the external I/O input signal: 0-360°.	
	Freq limit+	Set the frequency difference upper limit between the output frequency and the external I/O input signal.	
	Freq limit-	Set the frequency difference upper limit between the output frequency and the external I/O input signal.	
	Exception	<ul> <li>Set the output mode when the frequency lock fails:</li> <li>Output Disable: stop output</li> <li>Limit: Output according to the set frequency.</li> </ul>	
	Sync select	Synchronization mode selection (settable only in fiber slave mode). Local: The slave parameters take effect in real time. Fiber: The slave is controlled by the master fiber.	

If in balance mode, the Phase Delay between the first instrument and the second intrument is set to  $60^{\circ}$  to achieve six-phase balanced output of  $60^{\circ}$  between six phases.



# **5.12 Standard IEC Regulations**

IT7900 series AC/DC power supplies provide standard test curves in accordance with IEC 61000-4-11/4-13/4-14/4-28 regulations. It can be invoked directly by the user when testing IEC compliance tests.

This function provides both the test curve that meets the standard requirements of regulations and the curve customization function. Users can customize the curve according to the project requirements of regulations and perform the extended test of the test object.

Click Standard on the Menu screen directly press Shift+ (Standard) (Standard) to enter the regulation test screen.

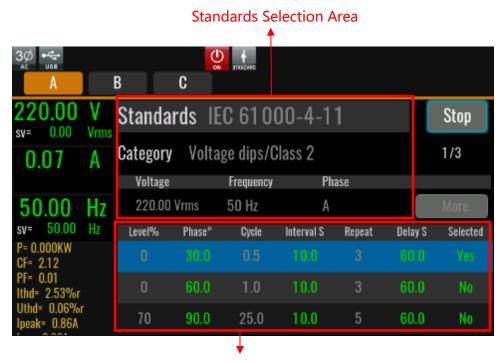
III NOTE

For parameters of corresponding curves and related regulations, refer to IEC standards.



#### Interface Instruction

Take IEC 61000-4-11 as an example to introduce the interface display and how to use the regulation test. The usage method of other regulatory interfaces is the same, but the displayed parameters are different.



### Standards Edit Area

• Standards Selection Area

In the Standards selection area, users can select the regulation to be tested. Each option is described as follows:

Standards	Select the regulations to be tested.		
	the following regulations are supported:		
	• IEC 61000-4-11		
	• IEC 61000-4-13		
	• IEC 61000-4-14		
	• IEC 61000-4-28		
Category	Test items defined by standard regulations. The third class projects are divided into several sub-projects according to the requirements defined by regulations, and customers select them according to the level of needs.		
	Voltage dips		
	short interruptions		
	Voltage variations		
Voltage	Voltage value of AC output. User can setting the voltage level according to the DUT requirements.		
Frequency	Frequency value of AC output. Different regulatins have different definitions. This parameter can be set only for User defined categories.		



Phase

Select the phase to execute the test. If not selected, the test as defined by the regulation will not occur.

#### • Standards Edit Area

If you select different regulations, the execution items and parameters in the regulation editing area are different. You can edit parameters such as the start Angle of test execution. The parameters displayed in green on the page can be modified.

This section uses IEC 61000-4-11 as an example to describe the regulatory parameters. For other regulatory parameters, see the regulatory documents.

[	1
Level %	Level of test items defined by the regulation.
Phase	The starting phase Angle position of the A-phase waveform output.
	For three-phase mode, the Angle difference between PHASE B and A is 120°, PHASE C and A is 240°
Cycle	The number of continuous periods for maintaining the drop voltage, According to regulations, different test items have different cycles.
Interval	The interval time of test, from the beginning of the drop to the recovery of normal operation. Unit: second (s)
Repeat counts	Repeat number.
Delay	Time delay, the time interval between test items. Unit: second (s)
Selected	Test item selection:
	Select to Yes, indicates the test item will be executed.
	Select to No, indicates the test item is not executed.

#### • Configure

Click Configure to enter the configuration interface of other parameters, and set the Rise time and Fall time.

• Run/Stop

running or stopping the regulation tests. You must enable the output before running. Otherwise, a message is displayed indicating that the output is not enabled.



# **Chapter6 System-Related Functions**

# 6.1 System Menu Reference



(System) to enter the menu function. At this time, LCD Press [Shift] + displays optional menus. Select and edit the menu items by pressing the Up, Down, Left and Right keys. Specific menu items are shown below.

System				
	Phase mode	Set the power supply mode		
		1-Phase	Single mode	
		3-Phase	Three phase mode	
		Multi-Channel	Multi-channels mode	
		Difference	Reverse phase mode	
	Output couple mode	Set the output mode		
		AC	AC mode	
		DC	DC mode	
		ACDC	AC+DC mode	
		DCAC	DC+AC mode	
	Output impedance	Set the output imp	pedance	
		Status	Enable or disable this function	
		R	Set the output resistance	
		L	Set the output inductance	
	Off mode	Set the output turn off mode		
		Open-Z	Open circuit mode	
		High-Z	High impedance mode	
Source		Short	Short circuit mode	
Oburce	Loop speed	Output loop speed	d control	
		High	High speed	
		Low	Low speed	
	External Lock- frequency control	Set the external Lock-frequency control mode		
		Status	Set the Lock-frequency ON/OFF state • Off: turn off the function • Lock-Freq: Lock frequency • Lock-Phase: Lock phase	
		Phase Delay	Set the phase deviation between the output phase and the external I/O input signal: 0-360°	
		Freq limit+	Set the upper limit of output frequency.	
		Freq limit-	Set the lower limit of output frequency.	
		Exception	Set the output mode when the frequency lock fails: <ul> <li>Output Disable: stop output</li> </ul>	



			System-Related Functions	
			• Limit: Output according to the set frequency.	
	External programme	External analog function:		
		Status	Set the ON/OFF state	
		Mode	AM: Adjust the amplitude Amplifier: Real-time output and power Amplifier.	
		Monitor phase	Select the phase to monitor. This cannot be set in single phase mode.	
		U ratio	The external program ratio of voltage.	
		l ratio	The external program ration of current.	
	Remote sense	Set the sense fund	ction state.	
		Mode	On: Enable the remote sense Measurement Off: disable the sense function	
	On/Off phase	On-mode	Output on phase control Phase: setting the phase Imm: immediately	
		Off-mode	Output off phase control Phase: setting the phase Imm: immediately	
	Measurement	Set the measurement speed		
		Lower (1000ms)	Lower mode, measuring every 1000ms	
		Slow (500ms)	Slow mode, measuring every 500ms	
		Medium (300ms)	Medium mode, measuring every 300ms	
		Fast (150ms)	Fast mode, measuring every 150ms	
		Filter	Whether to turn on the filter during measurement.	
	Buzzer	Set the keyboard	sound	
		Key	Buzzer on/off for key	
		Protect	Buzzer on/off for protect	
	Brightness	Set the screen bri		
	Digitaloss	1-10		
	Laster (default		Set the screen brightness level	
	Factory-default- settings	not.	reset the factory default settings or	
	D (	Enter	Confirm to reset operation	
General	Power-on setup	Set the power-on		
		Reset	When the instrument is powered on, the instrument will initialize some settings and [On/Off] state.	
		Last	When the instrument is powered on, the instrument will remain the same settings and [On/Off] state as last time you turned off the instrument.	
		Last-OFF	When the instrument is powered	
			· ·	



			System-Related Functions
			on, the instrument will remain
			the same settings as last time you
			turned off the instrument,
			but the [On/Off] is OFF state.
	Parallel mode	Set the instrument	s to parallel operation mode.
			• Master: Set the instrument to
			master mode.
			Single: Set the instrument to single
		Parallel	mode, i.e., disable the parallel
			<ul> <li>operation mode.</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Slave: Set the instrument to</li> </ul>
			slave mode.
		Numbers	Number of parallel instruments.
	Touch function	Lock the touch scr	een function
		Status	Set the ON/OFF state
		Knob setting will ta	ke effect immediately. If set to ON,
	Knob immediately		ill take effect immediately. If set to
	effective	OFF, press ENTER	R to confirm the effect after the Knob
		setting is complete	ed.
	Language	Set the language of	of display
		English	English
		Chinese	Chinese
	Soft keyboard	Set the soft keyboa	ard
		On	Turn on the soft keyboard.
		Off	Turn off the soft keyboard.
	USB type	Set the USB type.	Turn on the solt keyboard.
			device is used to communication
		with PC.	
			evice is used to storage disk.
	USB device class	USB communication	
		VCP	
		TMC usbtmc	Virtual serial port USB-TMC protocol
	LAN config	LAN communication	
			<ul> <li>DHCP: automatically configure the address of the instrument.</li> </ul>
		Mode	<ul> <li>Manual: manually configure the address of the instrument</li> </ul>
			by entering values in the following five fields.
Communication		IP	Set the IP address.
		Mask	Set the subnet mask.
		Gateway	Set the gateway address.
		Port	Set the port number.
	CAN config	CAN communication	
		Baud rate	Select the baud rate
		Addr	Set the instrument address to a
			number
		-	nmunication interface. When insert
	RS232 config	IT-E177 communication board into expansion sl	
		the menu displays	
	1	Baud rate	Baud rate
		Databits Stopbits	Data bit: 5/6/7/8 Stop bit: 1/2



			System-Related Function		
			Parity bit: N (No parity) / E (Even		
		Even-odd check	parity) / O		
			(Odd parity)		
		Addr	Address		
	GPIB config	_	munication interface. When insert IT tion board into expansion slot, the s information		
		Addr	Set the communication address		
	Digital IO-1:Remote				
	Inhibit Input	Function setting o	Function setting of pin 1		
		Reverse	On/Off, Select Invert or not under the IO Settings. If setting to ON, it means the valid signal is reversed.		
		Function	<ul> <li>Inhibit-living:</li> <li>Inhibit-latch</li> <li>Input</li> <li>Output</li> </ul>		
	Digital IO-2: PS Clear	Function setting o			
		Reverse	On/Off, Select Invert or not under the valid signal is reversed.		
		Function	<ul> <li>PS Clear</li> <li>Input</li> <li>Output</li> </ul>		
	Digital IO-3: PS	Function setting of pin 3			
		Reverse	On/Off, Select Invert or not under the valid signal is reversed.		
Ю		Function	<ul><li>PS</li><li>Input</li><li>Output</li></ul>		
	Digital IO-4: SYNC	Function setting o	f pin 4		
		Reverse	On/Off, Select Invert or not under the valid signal is reversed.		
		Function	<ul> <li>Sync-in</li> <li>Sync-out</li> <li>Input</li> <li>Output</li> </ul>		
	Digital IO-5: ON/OFF Status	Function setting o	f pin 5		
		Reverse	On/Off, Select Invert or not under the valid signal is reversed.		
		Function	<ul> <li>ON/OFF Status</li> <li>Input</li> <li>Output</li> </ul>		
	Digital IO-6: TRIG1	Function setting o			
		Reverse	On/Off, Select Invert or not under the valid signal is reversed.		
		Function	<ul> <li>Trigger1-out</li> <li>Trigger1-in</li> </ul>		



			System-Related Functions
			<ul><li>Input</li><li>Output</li></ul>
		AC	On/Off: When On is selected, a trigger signal is output when AC amplitude changes. The accuracy of voltage change is 100mV and is not restricted by phase. (This configuration is displayed only when the IO pin is set to Trigger1-out)
		DC	On/Off: When On is selected, a trigger signal is output when the DC amplitude changes, and the voltage change precision is 100mV. (This configuration is displayed only when the IO pin is set to Trigger1-out)
		Freq	On/Off: When On is selected, a trigger signal is output when the frequency changes.The accuracy of frequency change is 0.1Hz (This configuration is displayed only when the IO pin is set to Trigger1-out)
		List	On/Off: When On is selected, the List generates a trigger signal and outputs a trigger signal. (This configuration is displayed only when the IO pin is set to Trigger1-out)
	Digital IO-7: TRIG2	Function setting of	pin 7
		Reverse	On/Off
		Fun	<ul> <li>Trigger1-out</li> <li>Trigger1-in</li> <li>Input</li> <li>Output</li> </ul>
		AC	On/Off: When On is selected, a trigger signal is output when AC amplitude changes. The accuracy of voltage change is 100mV and is not restricted by phase. (This configuration is displayed only when the IO pin is set to Trigger2-out)
		DC	On/Off: When On is selected, a trigger signal is output when the DC amplitude changes, and the voltage change precision is 100mV. (This configuration is displayed only when the IO pin is set to Trigger2-out)
		Freq	On/Off: When On is selected, a trigger signal is output when the frequency changes.The accuracy of frequency change is 0.1Hz (This configuration is displayed only when the IO pin is set to Trigger2-out)
la forma di a		List	On/Off: When On is selected, the List generates a trigger signal and outputs a trigger signal. (This configuration is displayed only when the IO pin is set to Trigger2-out)
Information	Product model	Display the instrum	nent model.
		t OITECH Electropic Co. It	d 61



Serial number	Display the serial number.
Software version	Display the control board version.
MAC address	MAC address

## 6.1.1 Menu function

#### Set OFF Mode Status

This parameter is used to set the status after the power output is off.

- Select to High-Z, After the power output is Off, the dc impedance between the terminals of the power supply is high, and the resistance value varies with different models.
- Select to Short, When the power output is Off, the terminals of the power supply are short-circuited, the voltage is 0.
- Select to Open-Z, After the power output is Off, the power supply is in open mode, and the internal circuit and external load of the power supply are disconnected by relay.

#### Set the keyboard sound

This item can set the key sound state. If in ON mode, then when you press a button, the power supply will beep. If in OFF mode, the beeper will not make a sound. The default set is in ON mode.

#### Set the screen brightness

This item can set the screen brightness. Set the screen brightness within the range 1 to 10 by pressing number keys on the front panel. The larger the number is, the higher the screen brightness is. You can also set the screen brightness by rotating the knob on the front panel.

#### **Restored to Factory Setting**

This menu item is used to restore some parameter settings to factory setting values.

The procedures to set the menu item are as follows.

- 1. Select the **General** under system menu.
- 2. Press **Enter** in **Factory\_default\_settings.** After the parameter settings are complete and return to main interface.

#### Set the Power-on State

This parameter determines the state of the AC source after power up.

The procedures to set the menu item are as follows.

1. Press the **General** under the system menu.

2. Press the Up/Down key or turn the knob to select the **Power-on setup** and press **[Enter]**.

- Reset: Default value, indicates when the instrument is powered on, the instrument will initialize some parameter settings or state, such as output voltage, output frequency, start phase and stop phase.
- Last: Indicates when powered on, the instrument will remain the same parameter settings and output status as last time you powered off the



instrument.

• Last+Off: Indicates when powered on, the instrument will remain the same settings as last time you powered off the instrument, but the output status is **Off**.

#### Lock the Touch Screen

This parameter determines the state of the touch screen.

1. Press the **General** under the system menu.

2. Press the Up/Down key or turn the knob to select the **Touch screen lock** and press **[Enter]**.

- On: enable the touch screen
- Off: disable the touch screen

#### Set the Loop Speed

This item can control stability of the loop. When the connected load is capacitive load or inductive load, select Slow; when the connected load is resistance, select High.

#### Set the Knob Function

Set the knob setting function. If set to ON, the Knob setting will take effect immediately. If set to OFF, press Enter to confirm the effect after the Knob setting is completed.

#### Select Language

Users can select the instrument language type from the menu.

#### Set the Soft Keyboard

The user can open the soft keyboard in the menu. When the parameter is set to ON, the soft keyboard is enabled. And when setting parameters on the screen, the soft keyboard appears. Convenient users directly touch screen to select the number.

### 6.1.2 Set the communication interface

This menu item is used to set the communication information between instrument and PC. The standard communication interfaces for IT7900 series power supply are USB, LAN and CAN. You can also select the non-standard interface GPIB or RS-232 based on personal requirement.

The user does not need to select the communication interface. The instrument will automatically select the present communication mode according to the communication interface accessed by the rear panel. The user only needs to set the communication parameters and keep them consistent with the PC Settings.

## D NOTE

- When select USB interface, the USB type need to be DEVICE.
- The instrument supports the non-standard RS-232 and GPIB interfaces, and the configuration items in the menu are dynamically displayed according to the interface user selected

## 6.1.3 View the System Information

System Information menu is used to view the system information of the



instrument. Include product model, SN, software version and MAC address.

## 6.2 Configuration Menu Reference Press [Config] key and enter to configuration menu interface. At this interface,

Press [**Config**] key and enter to configuration menu interface. At this interface, user can setup the power supply output parameters, detailed parameters are shown as follows:

DC Config	Configuration setting for DC mode		
	Voltage DC	Vdc: Output voltage of DC, range from 0- full scale Slew Rate: Slope , range from 0-5000V/ms	
DC+AC Config	Configuration settir	ng for DC+AC mode	
	Voltage DC	Output voltage of DC, range from 0-full scale Slew Rate: Slope , range from 0-5000V/ms	
	Ripple control	Wave: Select the output wave type Vac: output voltage of AC, range from 0- 10% of full scale Freq: frequency value	
AC Config	Configuration settir	ng for AC mode	
	Balance control	Only displayed in 3-phase mode. Balance control in 3-phase mode. If select On, the output of ABC phase is synchronous. If select Off, the output is not balanced.	
	Voltage AC	Output voltage Vac: output voltage of AC, range from 0-full scale Slew Rate: Slope , range from 0.0001- 5000V/ms	
	Frequency	Freq: output frequency, range from 16- 150Hz Slew Rate: slope, range from 0.00001- 5000Hz/ms	
	Phase control	Phase difference between AB and AC, only valid in balance control is Off state. AB: Phase difference between A and B. AC: Phase difference between A and C.	
	Waveform	Selece and edit the output wave type. For detailed introduction please refer to 5.6 waveform selection.	
	Dimming	Status: Dimming function switch. Edge: select front edge or back adge Phase: phase control, range from 0-180°	
AC+DC Config	Configuration setting for AC+DC mode		
	Balance control	Only displayed in 3-phase mode. Balance control in 3-phase mode. If select On, the output of ABC phase is synchronous. If select Off, the output is not balanced.	
	Voltage AC	Output voltage	



	Vac: output voltage of AC, range from 0-full scale
	Slew Rate: Slope , range from 0.0001- 5000V/ms
Voltage DC	Output voltage of DC, range from 0-10% of full scale Slew Rate: Slope , range from 0-5000V/ms
Frequency	Freq: output frequency, range from 16- 150Hz Slew Rate: slope, range from 0.00001- 5000Hz/ms
Waveform	Selece and edit the output wave type. For detailed introduction please refer to 5.6 waveform selection.
Dimming	Status: Dimming function switch. Edge: select front edge or back adge Phase: phase control, range from 0-180°

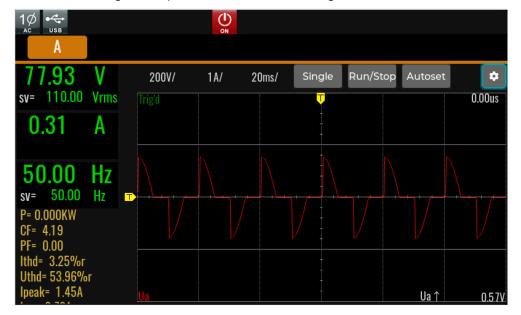
#### Balance Control Setting

In three-phase mode, the instrument is in three-phase balance mode by default, and the three-phase output voltage will be set synchronously, and the phase Angle between phases is fixed at 120°, which cannot be set.

You can set the Balance Control to Off and disable the Balance control function in the Config menu. And then, the voltage of each phase can be set independently, and the config menu displays the phase Angle difference setting parameter between AB and AC.

#### **Dimming Function**

The front and back edge of the waveform can by concealed and the phase angle set with Dimmer function to regulate the active power, thus adjusting the lighting intensity.



Select Front edge, and phase set to 90° in Configuration menu.

Select Back edge, and phase set to 90° in Configuration menu.





# 6.3 Key Lock Function

Press **[Shift] + [2]** (Lock) button to set the key lock state. If keyboard has been locked, the indicator light "Lock" will display on the LCD. In addition, when keyboard are locked, all buttons can't be used except Local key Press **[Shift] + [2]** (Lock) once again will relieve key lock function.

# 6.4 Switching Local/Remote Mode

You can press the **[Shift] +[3]** (Local) button to change the AC source from remote to local operation.

After you power on the AC source, it defaults in local mode, all buttons are enabled. While in remote mode, most buttons are disabled except **[Shift] +[3]** (Local) keys. You can switch Local/Remote mode via PC. In addition, the mode modification will not affect the output parameters.

# 6.5 Save and Recall Operations

The power system can save up to 10 common parameters in nonvolatile memory (No. 1 to No. 10) for user to recall conveniently.

The saved parameters include:

- Power supply mode
- Present output mode
- Config menu settings

You can do the save and recall operations by the following two methods.

- Press the composite keys [Shift]+[4] (Save) to save the parameters. Pressthe composite keys [Shift]+[5] (Recall) to recall the parameters.
- SCPI commands: \*SAV and \*RCL

#### Save Operation

The save operation procedures are as follows:

1. Press the composite keys [Shift]+[4] (Save) to enter the parameter save



interface.

2. Select the storage location. up to 10 position can be select.

Save				
Current group 1/10 > En	ter Esc Delete			
1: DC,Vdc=0.00V,Slew=10.00V/ms	6: Empty			
2: ACDC,Vac=0.00V,Slew=1000.00V/ms	7: Empty			
3: Empty	8: Empty			
4: Empty	9: Empty			
5: Empty	10: Empty			
Save 1 information: Device type=1¢ Work mode=DC Vdc=0.00V Slew=10.00V/ms				

3. Press [Enter] to save the parameters.

Finished, the saved parameters will be display at the bottom of the interface.

#### **Recall Operation**

You can recall the parameters you saved in the specified memory location as the setting values.

- 1. Press the composite keys **[Shift]+[5]** (Recall) to enter the parameter recallinterface.
- 2. Set the storage location.

Press the direction keys to set the storage location, and then, the saved parameters will be display at the bottom of the interface.

3. Press [Enter] to recall the parameters.

## **6.6 Protection Function**

IT7900 series source includes the following protection functions: overcurrent protection (Current RMS protection, Current peak protection), voltage limit protection and over-temperature protection (OTP).

#### AC/ACDC Mode

Press **[Shift]+[Config]** (Protect) and enter to **Protect** configure menu, where you can set the following protection.

Current RMS protection	RMS current	IS current for OCP protection	
	Rms	Protection point	
	Time	delay time of protection	
	Туре	Protection type.	
		Limit	
		Output Disable	
Current peak protection Current Pe		ak OCP	
	Peak	Protection point	
	Time	delay time of protection	



Voltage peak range	Voltage pea	k range setting	
	V limit	Maximum voltage setting	
Power limit range	Power limit	Power limit setting	
	P limit	Power limit point	
	Time	delay time of protection	
	Туре	Protection type.	
		Limit	
		Output Disable	

#### DC/DCAC Mode

Press **[Shift]+[Config]** (Protect) and enter to **Protect** configure menu, where you can set the following protection.

Current limit rende	Current limit eatting		
Current limit range	Current limit setting		
	I+ limit	Maximum current setting, the	
		current setting will be limited to	
		this range.	
	I- limit	Minimum current setting, the	
		current setting will be limited to	
		this range.	
Voltage limit range	Voltage limit setting		
	V+ limit	Maximum voltage setting, the	
		voltage setting will be limited to	
		this range.	
	V- limit	Minimum voltage setting, the	
		voltage setting will be limited to	
		this range.	
Power limit range	Power limit setting		
	P+ limit	Maximum power setting, the	
		power setting will be limited to this	
		range.	
	P- limit	Minimum power setting, the power	
		setting will be limited to this range.	

## 6.6.1 Current RMS Protection

The user can set the over-current protection point, delay time and protection type for the Current RMS protection function. The function is mainly used to protect the DUT connected during test to prevent it from damage due to over-current. The OCP (rms) function is always enabled.

#### RMS OCP Type:

- Limit: If the output current reaches the RMS current protection point, the protection will be activated. The power supply output current is controlled within the current limiting value. The power supply will output in current limit mode.
- Output Disable: When the output current reaches the over-current protection point and the period is greater than the set protection delay time, the over-current protection (rms) will turn off the output.

How to Set

- 1. Press [Shift]+[Config] (Protect) keys and enter to Protection menu.
- 2. Press the up/down key or rotate the knob to select Current RMS protection and press [Enter].



3. Set the protection RMS Level, the delay time and protection type in sequence, and press [Enter] to confirm.

#### **Clear RMS OCP Protection**

When RMS OCP protection occurs, the instrument responds as follows:

- Instrument output is off;
- The buzzer sounds;
- The interface displays "OCPrms" and flashes

To clear the RMS OCP and return to normal operation, firstly remove the conditions that caused the protection fault. Press **[Shift] +[Esc]** key (or send the command PROTection:CLEar) to clear the protection status. The message displayed in front panel is cleared and the instrument exits protection status.

### 6.6.2 Set the Current Peak protection

The user can set the current peak protection point and delay time for the Current peak protection function. The function is mainly used to protect the DUT connected during test to prevent it from damage due to over load. The OCP peak function is always enabled.

#### How to Set

- 1. Press [Shift]+[Config] (Protect) keys and enter to Protection menu.
- 2. Press the up/down key or rotate the knob to select Current peak protection and press [Enter].
- 3. Set the protection peak Level and the delay time in sequence, and press [Enter] to confirm.

#### Clear Peak OCP Protection

When peak OCP protection occurs, the instrument responds as follows:

- Instrument output is off;
- The buzzer sounds;
- The interface displays "OCPpeak" and flashes

To clear the peak OCP and return to normal operation, firstly remove the conditions that caused the protection fault. Press **[Shift]+[Esc]** key (or send the command PROTection:CLEar) to clear the protection status. The message displayed in front panel is cleared and the instrument exits protection status.

### 6.6.3 Set Voltage/Current/Power Limit Range

The maximum voltage, current and power of the power supply ranges from minimum to full-rated output range. You can setting maximum and minimum values of power supply voltage/current/power in the protection menu. When limit setting is finished, the voltage setting value, current setting value and power setting value can only be set within the maximum and minimum limits.

Limit factory setting is the rated output voltage/current/power of corresponding model of the power supply. Minimum is 0.

Take the voltage limit setting for an example, the operating as follows:

- 1. Press [Shift]+[Config] (Protect) keys and enter to Protection menu.
- 2. Press the up/down key or rotate the knob to select Voltage limit range and press [**Enter**].



3. Set the V+ limit and the V- limit in sequence, and press [Enter] to confirm.

## 6.6.4 Over-temperature protection (OTP)

When the temperature of the power component in the power supply exceeds 95°C, the temperature protection will be enabled. In this case, the power supply

will be automatically OFF, and the LCD will display . At the same time, the OT position in the status register will be set and kept until power supply is reset.

#### Clearing over-temperature protection:

When the power supply temperature decreases to the protection temperature, press [Shift]+[Esc] key on the front panel (or send the command

"PROTection:CLEar"). Then so on the power supply screen will disappear, and the power supply will exit the OTP status.

## 6.6.5 Over-power protection (OPP)

When the output power exceeds the set power, OPP will be enabled, and will appear on the LCD screen.

#### **Clearing over-power protection:**

In the case of over-power protection, disconnect the tested object at first. Press [Shift]+[Esc] on the front panel (or send the command "PROTection:CLEar") to

clear **b** on the front panel and exit the OPP mode.

## **6.7 Screen Capture Function**

IT7900 series power supply has the screen capture function. Insert the USB equipment into the USB interface of the front panel, and press **[Print]** on the front panel to capture and save the current screen into the USB disk.

When you need the screen capture function, the USB type under the system menu needs to be set to **Host**.

## 6.8 Trigger Function

IT7900 series has four trigger source to choose: trigger by keys (Key), Bus trigger (Bus) and External signal trigger (TRIG1/TRIG2).

- Manual: if **[Trig]** on the front panel is pressed in the valid manual trigger mode, the power supply will be triggered once.
- Bus: if the bus trigger command is received by the power supply in the valid bus trigger mode, the power supply will be triggered once.
- Trigger1: if one trigger signal is connected to the Digital IO-6 of digital I/O Interface terminal on the rear panel, the power supply will be triggered once.
- Trigger2: if one trigger signal is connected to the Digital IO-7 of digital I/O Interface terminal on the rear panel, the power supply will be triggered once.

## 6.9 Query the System Log

The IT7900 series power supply provides the system operation Log query function. On the Menu interface of the front panel of the instrument, click Log or directly press Shift +1[Log] to enter the Log query interface. You can view historical system operation records on this screen.



### 6.10 Query the Energy

IT7900 series power supply provides the energy statistics function. Click WHours button in the Menu interface of the front panel of the instrument to enter the quantity query interface. You can view power statistics on this screen.

# 6.11 Set Parallel Operation Mode

The IT7900 series power supply supports multiple instruments to work in parallel mode to provide more power and current output capability. Under the parallel mode, All features are set up from the master unit.

This chapter takes three instruments (with operation panel) as an example to describe how to parallelize the single units and how to return from parallel mode to single mode.

Connect the instruments (3U model)

#### CAUTION

- Before connecting the system bus, you must ensure that each instrument is in single mode (Single).
- Fiber optic cables cannot be flexed or folded. When the cable is too long and needs to be arranged, gently wrap the cable in a circle and gently tie it.

#### WARNING

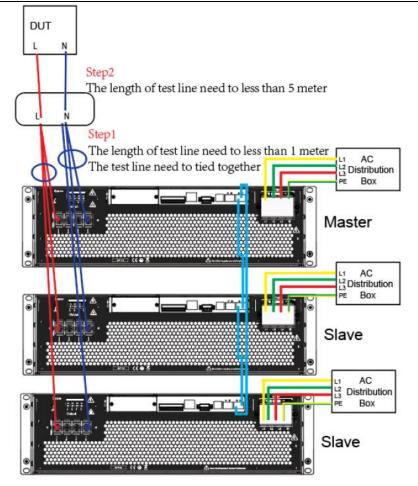
- Before connecting the cables, ensure that the instrument power switch is off and the main switch of the AC power input (distribution box) is off.
- Before connecting 3 single instruments to the AC distribution box, ensure that the distribution box capacity is sufficient. Refer to the corresponding specifications for the AC input parameters of a single instrument.

For 3U models, the same model can be connected in parallel. Taking three 3U single instruments (with operation panel) as an example, the steps for parallel operation are as follows.

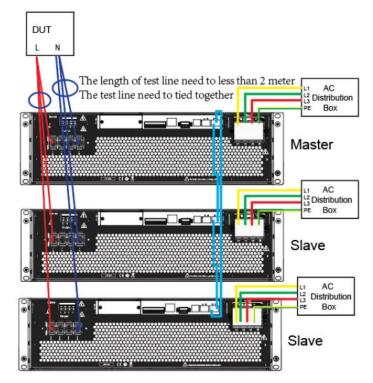
- 2. Ensure that the power switches of the three units and the main switch of the AC power distribution box are off.
- 3. Refer wiring connection diagram to connect three units.

For long distance testing requirements:





For short distance test requirements:

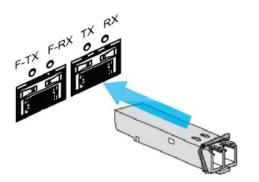


4. Connect the AC input terminals of the three units separately, and connect

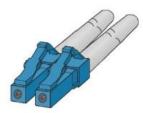


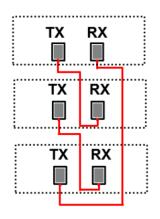
them to the AC distribution box.

- 5. Connect the output terminals of the three units in parallel and connect them to the DUT.
- 6. Refer to the blue wiring legend in the figure, connect the System Bus (i.e., the fiber outer ring interfaces TX and RX) for fiber-optic communication between the master and slaves.
- a) Insert the fiber optic module into the hole corresponding to TX RX.



b) Insert the plug of the fiber optic cable into the fiber optic module and hear a click sound to indicate that it is inserted in place. The fiber optic cable connection schematic is as follows.





#### Set the Parallel Mode

- 1. Turn on the main switch of the AC distribution box and power on each of the three units.
- 2. Set three units in parallel mode with one master and two slaves.
- 3. Press the composite keys [Shift]+ (System) on the front panel to enter the system menu.
- 4. Select General menu.



- 5. Set the **Parallel Mode**, set them to one master unit and two slave units. In each group, one instrument must be the master unit and all other instruments connected in parallel are slave units. All features are set up from the master unit.
- Single: Default value, indicates that the instrument is in single mode.
- Master: Indicates that the single unit is set to master in parallel mode.
   Numbers: total number of units in the parallel relationship, when the instrument set to master, you need to set the Numbers. For example,
- Slave: Indicates that the instrument is set to the slave in parallel mode.
- 6. After the parallel menu of the three units are set, restart the instrument separately.

After the instrument is restarted, the screen shows that the instrument is working in parallel mode.

#### Revert to Single Mode

- 1. Set each of the three instruments to single mode.
- a) Press the composite keys [Shift]+ (System) on the front panel to enter the system menu.
- b) Select General menu.

Numbers set to 3.

- c) Set the **Parallel Mode**, set them to single.
- 2. Power off the three instruments and turn off the main switch of the AC distribution box.
- 3. Remove the cables connection of the System Bus and output terminals between three units.
- 4. Power on the three instruments separately.

After the instrument is restarted, the screen shows that the instrument is working in single mode.

#### Connect the instruments (Cabinet model)

#### CAUTION

- Before connecting the system bus, you must ensure that each instrument is in single mode (Single).
- Fiber optic cables cannot be flexed or folded. When the cable is too long and needs to be arranged, gently wrap the cable in a circle and gently tie it.

#### WARNING

- Before connecting the cables, ensure that the instrument power switch is off and the main switch of the AC power input (distribution box) is off.
- Before connecting 3 single instruments to the AC distribution box, ensure that the distribution box capacity is sufficient. Refer to the corresponding specifications for the AC input parameters of a single instrument.

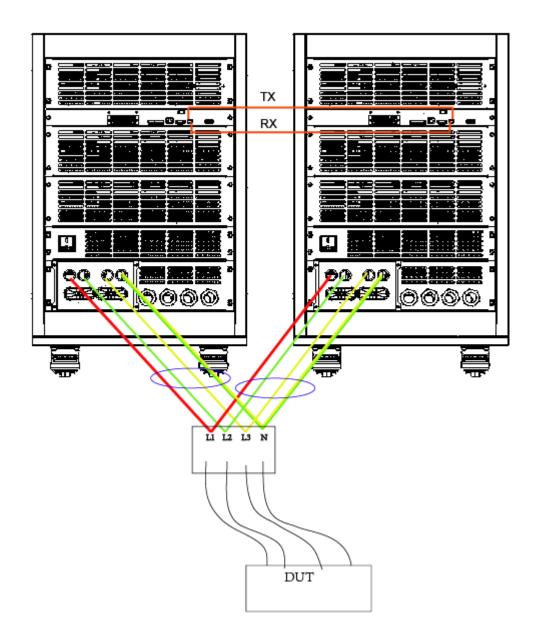


For cabinet models, the same model can be connected in parallel. Taking two 15U instruments (with operation panel) as an example, the steps for parallel operation are as follows.

1. Ensure that the power switches of the instrument and the main switch of the AC power distribution box are off.

Refer wiring connection diagram to connect two units.

The configuration method is the same as 3U model instrument.



Notice:

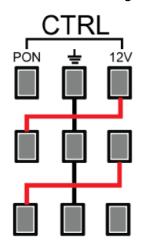
- The connection cables from the cabinet terminals to the mid-node are as short as possible and bundled up after the connection is completed. The cable length from the two cabinets must be the same.
- Connect TX, RX fiber cable of two cabinets for communication, connected in the same way as a 3U model instrument.
- Each cabinet has a red role selection button that allows the user to switch the red button to select the present instrument as a master or as



a slave.



- When paralleling as a master role, several cabinets in parallel need to be powered on or powered down separately.
- When parallel as a slave role, the present slave cabinet up and down power to follow the host operation, at this time the slave cabinet and the master cabinet need to connect the CTRL interface. The wiring method is shown in the figure below.



# **6.12 Remote Measurement Function**

The IT7900 series power supply supports two connection methods: Local measurement and Remote sensing. The remote sensing is used for maximizing measurement accuracy. (Refer to 2.4 Connecting Test Lines).

The procedures to set the menu item are as follows.

- 1. Press the composite keys [Shift] + (System) on the front panel to enter the system menu.
- 2. Press the up/down key or rotate the knob to select **Sense compensation** and press [**Enter**].
- Local: Default value, indicates turn the sense function off.
- Remote: Indicates turn the sense function on.
- 3. After the parameter settings are complete, press [Enter].

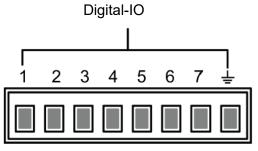
### 6.13 Digital I/O Function

This series power supply supports digital I/O function. The user can realize logic control over high and low level input or output by related configurations in the system menu.

#### **Pins Introduction**

Different I/O implements different functions. The detailed functions description are shown in the figure below:





Pin	Туре	Description	Properties				
Digital IO-1	Input/Output	Turn off the output under emergency status	Level signal				
Digital IO-2	Input/Output	Clear the protection state	Pulse signal				
Digital IO-3	Input/Output	Protection state indicator	Level signal				
Digital IO-4	Input/Output	synchronous control	Pulse signal				
Digital IO-5	Input/Output	OnOff-status indicator	Level signal				
Digital IO-6	Input/Output	Trigger1	Pulse signal				
Digital IO-7	Input/Output	Trigger2	Pulse signal				
Ŧ	Ground terminal, that is, the negative terminal corresponding to each of the above 7 pins.						

### General Digital I/O Function

• Signal definition

Digital I/O functions involve input and output levels and pulse signals. The input signal is the control signal provided externally to IT7900, the output signal is the level signal provided externally by IT7900, and the pulse signal is the edge signal switched between high and low levels.

		Typical: 5V
	High level signal	Range: 1.6V-15V
Input signal		Current: ≤100mA
input signal	Low level signal	Typical: 0V
		Range: -5V-0.8V
		Current: ≤100mA
	High level signal	Voltage level: 5V
Output signal		Current: ≤1mA
Output oighti	Low level signal	Voltage level: 0V
		Current: 0.5mA



	Level rise slope	10us
Pulse	Level fall slope	2us
	Width	30us

Input/Output Function

The IO-1  $\sim$  IO-7 pins are featured default function, the user can setting the function of pin according to requirement. The Input and Output are the general digital I/O function, and the parameter settings and functions of the seven pins are the same.

The IO-1~IO-7 pins provide default functions. Users can realize control according to the functions defined. Users can also reset the input or output properties of the present pin and customize the function use of the pin according to their needs.

When pins 1 to 7 are configured to Output function, when send the command (IO:STATe 1/0) to instrument, the IO pin can output high level (False) or low level (True).

When pins 1 to 7 are configured to Input function, an external signal can be Input to this pin, and the instrument can detect the state of the external signal.

• Signal Revert

Select Invert or not under the IO Settings menu. If setting to OFF, it means the default level will be valid. If setting to ON, it means the valid signal is reversed. For example, the IO-1 pin is inhibit output by default and the high level is valid, when select revert ON, the low level is valid and the instrument output is disabled.

**Digital IO-1** 

IO-1 pin can be set to 【Inhibit-latch】, 【Inhibit-living】, 【Input】, 【Output】

The default function is inhibit output. When the IO pin is configured for a Inhibit function and the level signal is low, the output of the machine is forbidden. At this point, Pin 1 has a bi-directional I/O function, which can both receive the level signal input from the external instrument and output the level signal outward.default level is high, and low is valid when entering. Outgoing output also generates low level signals.

Inhibit function has two mode: Latch and Living.

- Living: When input an inhibit signal and the instrument output is turned OFF. The status bar of the LCD screen displays INH warning icon and the output is marked as OFF. If power supply output is ON state before, the ON/OFF button will be lit. When the input signal undoes, the output returns to normal. This function can be used to control the output of the power supply.
- Latch: When input an inhibit signal and the instrument output is turned OFF. The ON/OFF button will be lighted off, the status bar of the LCD screen displays INH warning icon. In this case, user need to remove the input signal and press [Shift]+[Esc] to cleare protection, then manually turn on [On/Off] again.

Digital IO-2

IO-1 pin can be set to 【PS-clear】, 【Input】, 【Output】

The default function is to clear the protected state. When the protection occurs, the protection state can be cleared through this pin, so that the instrument can



continue to output normally.

IO-2 is bi-directional, that is, when the power supply is in a protected state, the instrument can receive a pulse signal from an external input through IO-2 for clean protection operation, or when the power supply is in a protected state, the clean protection can generate a pulse signal from IO-2.

#### Digital IO-3

#### IO-3 pin can be set to 【PS】, 【Input】, 【Output】

The default function is protection state indicator. IO-3 pin will output high or low level based on whether the instrument is under protection or not. Under normal conditions (Not under protection), and when pin3 is under default setting (Not Invert), pin 3 outputs high level; when the instrument is under protection, pin 3 outputs low level. When pin3 is set to Invert, the output level is completely opposite.

#### Digital IO-4

#### IO-4 pin can be set to [Sync-in], [Sync-out], [Input], [Output]

This function can be used to simulate the six-phase output mode, in which one IT7900 outputs a synchronous signal to another IT7900, and the second power supply runs synchronously with the frequency and phase of the first power supply to realize the six-phase output function.

**(**Sync-in **)** : Synchronous input function, which is used to output frequency lock or phase lock with the external signal. At this time, the machine synchronizes the frequency or phase information input from the IO-4 pin.

[Sync-out] : Synchronous output function, the IT7900 produces synchronous signal to the outside, which is AC zero crossing pulse signal sent from the IO port.

#### Digital IO-5

IO-5 can be set to 【OnOff-status】, 【Input】, 【Output】

The default function is to indicate the output state of the power supply, in case of output is ON, output 5V, otherwise, output 0V.

When pin5 is set to Invert, the output level is completely opposite.

#### Digital IO-6

IO-6 can be set to 【Trigger1-in】, 【Trigger1-out】, 【Input】, 【Output】

【Trigger1-in】: The input trigger signal, the pulse signal sent to the IO-6 pin can be used as the trigger source. Users can select as the trigger source of the corresponding function in the menu.

【Trigger1-out】: The output trigger signal, when the instrument generates a trigger signal, the pin6 generates an pulse signal.

#### Digital IO-7

IO-7 can be set to 【Trigger2-in】, 【Trigger2-out】, 【Input】, 【Output】

【Trigger2-in】: The input trigger signal, the pulse signal sent to the IO-6 pin can be used as the trigger source. Users can select as the trigger source of the corresponding function in the menu.



【Trigger2-out】: The output trigger signal, when the instrument generates a trigger signal, the pin7 generates an pulse signal.

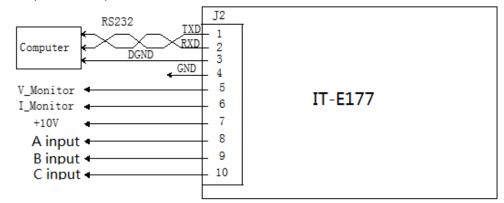
# 6.14 Analogue Function (Ext-Program) (Optional)

The interface expansion slot provided on the rear panel of the IT7900 series. This function is not standard with the instrument and is optional for users.

When the interface card selected by the user is RS232+Analog interface (IT-E177), the analog interface can realize the external analog function.

- Remotely control voltage
- Power amplifier function
- Remotely monitor voltage and current values

The pins description is as below.



Pins	Name	Description
4 pin	GND	Grounding of analog signals,
5 pin	V_Monitor	Monitor voltage. When output is DC, $-10V \sim 10V$ voltage value to monitor the output or absorption voltage between negative full range and positive full scale. When output is AC, 0-10V voltage value to monitor the 0 to full scale.
6 pin	I_Monitor	Monitot Current. When output is DC, $-10V \sim 10V$ voltage value to monitor the output or absorption voltage between negative full range and positive full scale. When output is AC, 0-10V voltage value to monitor the 0 to full scale.
8 pin	A input	Set the voltage of A phase. When output is DC, $-10V \sim 10V$ voltage value to set the voltage between negative full range and positive full scale. When output is AC, 0-10V voltage value to set the 0 to full scale.
9 pin	B input	Set the voltage of B phase. When output is DC, $-10V \sim 10V$ voltage value to set the voltage between negative full range and positive full scale. When output is AC, 0-10V voltage value to set the 0 to full scale.
10 pin	C input	Set the voltage of C phase. When output is DC, $-10V \sim 10V$ voltage value to set the voltage between negative full range and positive full scale. When output is AC, 0-10V voltage value to set the 0 to full scale.



#### Enable/disable analog control

The user needs to select the corresponding function settings in the System menu. The detailed parameter description is as below.

External program	External a	nalog function
	Status	Set the ON/OFF state
	Mode	<ul> <li>AM: Adjust the amplitude</li> <li>Amplifier: Monitor the real-time output values</li> </ul>
	Monitor phase	When under 3-phase mode, select the phase to be monitor. Invalid under single phase mode.
	U ratio	Set the ratio between the external signal and the output voltage. Can be set to 50V/1 or 100V/1
	l ratio	Set the ratio between the external signal and the output voltage. Can be set to 5A/1 or 10A/1

- 1. Press the composite keys [Shift] + (System) on the front panel to enter the system menu.
- 2. Press the up/down key or rotate the knob to select **Source->External programme** and press [Enter].

Set the External control state and control mode, press [Enter].

#### Remote Control

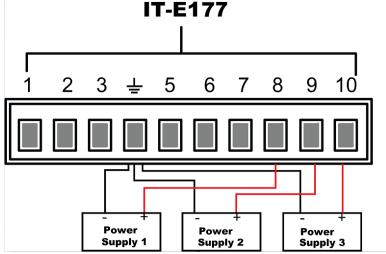
Through the analog input interface, the analog signal can be input to remotely set the output voltage value or power amplification function. For the detailed function definition of the pin, please refer to the definition of the analog pins description. The following is an example of amplitude modulation to introduce how to connect and how to use.

When the voltage setting is controlled through the analog interface, the external voltage (-10V  $\sim$  10V) is connected to program the voltage value between 0 and full scale(AC mode).

For example, analog control AC range of  $0\sim350V$  voltage, when the analog signal voltage is set to 5V, the voltage ratio set to 50V/1 under source menu, the instrument output voltage is set to 5\*50=250V.

When parallel machine operation, can be controlled through the host analog interface.

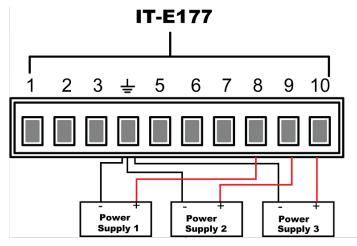




#### Power Amplification

Analog signals can be input through the analog input interface and power amplification function can be realized. The operation method is as follows:

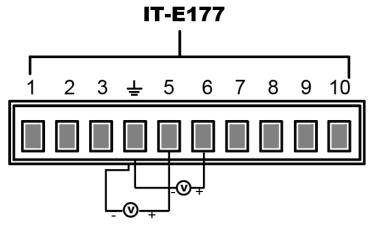
Connecting the analog interface, different interface function are different, please refer to pins description as above.



Voltage and current monitoring

Through the analog interface, the existing output voltage/current can be monitored. Connect a digital voltmeter or oscilloscope between pin 54 (V\_Monitor), pin 6 (I\_Monitor) and ground wire 4 (GND) of the analog interface. The -10V ~ 10V voltage reading corresponds to the power voltage and current output between negative full range and positive full scale (For AC, 0 to 10V corresponds to 0 to full scale). The wiring diagram is shown in the figure below.







# **Chapter7 Measurement Functions**

This chapter describes the characteristics and operations of the basic metering function of IT7900 series source.

IT7900 series source has rich functions of basic metering of electric energy and can accurately measure the parameters such as Vrms, Irms, Ipeak, Idc, CF, PF.

# 7.1 Meter Mode

Press on the front panel to enter the metering interface. Different modes display different interfaces, but the displayed measurement parameters are the same. Take AC single-phase mode as an example, the measurement interface is shown in the figure below.

⊷ 1¢ <sup>USB</sup> AC		ON	sv=	50.00 50.00	Hz Hz
	22	20.00 Vrms sv= 220.00 Vrms			
		0.31 Arms			
P=-0.00  thd= 0.  p+= -0.2 Q= 0.06	65%r 25A	CF= 1.30 Uthd= 0.06%r Ip-= -0.41A Idc= -0.31A	PF= -0.00 lpeak= 0.88 S= 0.069KV/ Udc= 0.56V	4	

Description of the metering parameters:

Parameter	Description
A	Single mode
Voltage Vrms	Setting voltage
	AC/ACDC mode: Vac setting value
	DC/DCAC mode: Vdc setting value
Frequency Hz	Setting frequency
	Only valid in AC/ACDC/DCAC mode.
Р	Active power [W]
PF	Power factor
CF	Crest factor
Ithd	Current THD
Uthd	Voltage THD
Ipeak	Current peak value [A]
lp+	Positive current peak value [A]
lp-	Negative current peak value [A]
S	Apparent power



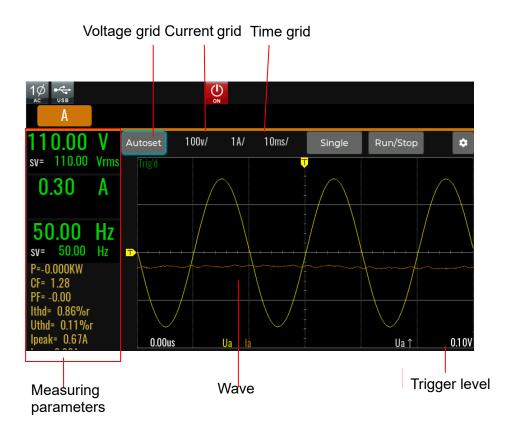
Parameter	Description
Q	Reactive power
Udc	DC voltage
ldc	DC current

# 7.2 Oscilloscope Mode

IT7900 series source has the function of displaying the waveform based on sampling data. The user can select to display or hide the voltage and current waveform of the input unit. Only the necessary waveform is displayed, which can facilitate observation. The waveform display interface includes the vertical axis and horizontal axis.



Press on the front panel and the following waveform display interface will appear. Different modes display different interfaces. the Oscilloscope interface is shown in the figure below.



Description of keys on the waveform display interface:

Voltage/Current/Time: Adjust voltage/current/time base range

Single: Single measurement key: when single measurement is enabled in the Stop status, the stop status is enabled again after one measurement based on the current data updating rate. When single measurement is enabled in the Ready status, the instrument immediately restarts one measurement and then enters the Stop status.

Run/Stop: press the corresponding soft key to run or stop the waveform status.

AutoSet: Automatically adjusts the scale of the appropriate vertical axis.



E: Advanced configuration options for oscilloscope function.

- Trigger source: Select trigger source, Voltage/Current and rise edge or fall edge can be select.
- Trigger mode: Auto and Normal can be select.
- Print data: save the data
- Line selection: Select the displayed curve, which is used to select whether to display the voltage/current waveform of the corresponding phase. Up to 6 oscillographic data curves can be displayed.
- Ut : Voltage trigger setting

#### Vertical calibration

The voltage range and current range are subject to vertical calibration (voltage/scale and current/scale). Press the soft key **[Function]** and select Volt-Range or Curr-Range. Rotate the knob to set the voltage or current range of each interval.

#### Horizontal calibration

If the soft key **[Function]** is pressed and "Trig-TimeBase" is selected, you can rotate the knob to adjust the horizontal scale (scanning speed). When the horizontal (time/scale) setting is changed by rotating the knob, you can observe the change of time/scale on the screen. During data collection, the sampling speed can be changed by adjusting the horizontal calibration knob. After collection is stopped, the collected data can be amplified by adjusting the horizontal calibration knob.

#### Trigger waveform

When the specified trigger conditions are satisfied, the trigger waveform will be displayed. The triggering time is the trigger point, generally on the right of the screen. When the trigger point is reached, the screen will display the waveform from left to right over time. The user should set the following parameters before using the trigger function.

• Trigger mode

The trigger mode refers to the condition to update the contents on the screen. It is divided into the Auto mode and Normal mode. In the Auto mode, the displayed waveform will be updated when triggering occurs in the suspension time; otherwise, the displayed waveform will be updated automatically.

In the Normal mode, the displayed waveform will be updated in the case of triggering and not updated in the case of no triggering.

• Trigger source

The trigger source is used for generating trigger conditions. The user can select the trigger source in the input signal of the input unit.

• Trigger slope

The slope refers to the change of the signal from low level to high level (rising edge) or from high level to low level (falling edge). The slope used as a trigger condition is referred to as the trigger slope.



#### Trigger level

The trigger level refers to the level which the trigger slope passes through. If the signal of the trigger source passes through the set trigger level according to the specified trigger slope, triggering occurs. When the soft key [Function] is pressed and "Trig-Level" is selected, you can rotate the knob to adjust the trigger level. In this case, the trigger level can be changed by rotating the knob and you can observe trigger level changes on the screen.

#### Print data

In the advanced menu, users can select the Print Data item and select the data logging mode. Data of oscilloscope interface will be recorded to U disk.

Print data mode:

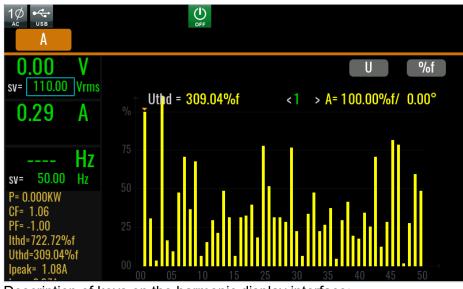
- Off: turn off the print data function.
- Post: The recorded data is consistent with the data displayed on the oscilloscope interface
- Raw: The recorded data is original data, The default data sampling interval is 10us
- Both: Post and Raw, record two data file.

### 7.3 Harmonic measurement

IT7900 series source can display harmonic parameters in the list or bar chart form to make the analysis of test result clear.



Press key on the front panel, and the following initial interface of harmonic measurement will appear.



Harmonic bar chart screen

Description of keys on the harmonic display interface:

. Select the voltage/current harmonic

<sup>6</sup> : Distortion factor calculation formula.

%r: displaying harmonics in the form of percentage to the overall voltage amplitude of all harmonics.



%f: displaying harmonics in the form of percentage to the fundamental voltage.

THD: Under single phase mode, display total harmonic distortion of the single phase. Under three-phase mode, display total harmonic distortion (THD) factors corresponding to Phase A, B and C.

Single harmonic parameters: Under single phase mode, display single harmonic distortion factor and phase of the single phase. Under three-phase mode, display the single harmonic distortion factor and corresponding phase. Rotate the knob to select the number.

• Harmonic list screen

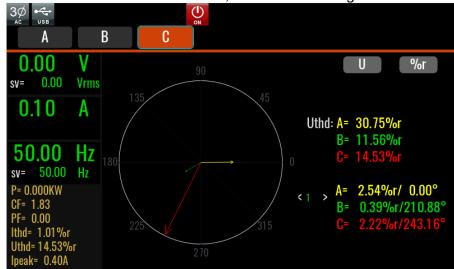
When LIST mode is selected in the harmonic measurement mode, the list of harmonic measurement results will be displayed, when "U" is selected, the list will display the voltage and phase values under various harmonics. When "I" is selected, the current and phase values will be displayed. Under single-phase mode, the list only displays measurement results for Phase A, and displays 0 for the other two phases, as shown in the figure below; under three-phase mode, display effective values for the three phases.

1∅ ₄c usb A			OFF					
0.00 V sv= 0.00 Vrms		Uthd= 1.	36%	lthd=	0.57	1%	All	%r
	N	Volt V	Angle°	Thd%r	N	Curr A	Angle°	Thd%r
0.28 A	0	0.07	0.00	99.99		0.28	0.00	100.00
	1	0.00	0.00	0.32	1			0.03
	2	0.00	0.00	0.11	2			0.07
Hz	3	0.00	255.24	0.30	3			0.09
sv= 50.00 Hz	4	0.00	0.00	0.10	4			0.02
P= 0.000KW	5	0.00	0.00	0.08	5			0.05
CF= 1.06	6	0.00	0.00	0.17	6			0.05
PF= -1.00	7	0.00	345.62	0.50	7			0.08
Ithd= 0.57%r	8	0.00	0.00	0.10	8			0.02
Uthd= 1.36%r	9	0.00	0.00	0.06	9			0.06
lpeak= 0.90A	10	0.00	0.00	0.10	10			0.02

Harmonic number list: the signal data of 0-50<sup>th</sup> harmonic(s) will be shown in the LIST. You can press the Up and Down key to display the hidden rows, i.e. hidden data of single harmonic data.

Introduction to vector interface

When vector mode is selected in the harmonic measurement mode, to enter the vector measurement interface, as shown in the figure below.





## 7.4 Recorder Function

The data recording function allows you to observe and record output status data for a long time. On the recorder interface, you can select a maximum of six data curves to be displayed. See the figure below.



Stop: Stop refresh data.

Clean: Clean all of data curve.

More: Enter to the advanced menu to set more parameters.

- Viewing control: Select the data curve, up to 6 curves can be select.
- File format: select the file format, include Tdms and CSV.
- Export to udisk: exporting all of present data to U disk.
- Meter sample: Set the sampling interval.

Hold-On/Hold-Off: Pause screen data refresh (for data observation)/ Start dynamically observing the data

Auto: Automatically adjusts the scale of the appropriate vertical axis.

Time: The time value of each of the horizontal coordinates, unit is s/Div

Vernier: Position information of the vernier caliper.



# **Chapter8 Configuration Arbitrary Waveform**

This chapter will introduce configuration of arbitraryny waveform of IT7900. Besides the five standard waveforms (see 5.6 Waveform Selection ) built in the main interface, the user can enable the outputting of AC wave sequences of different amplitudes through List and self-define function.

### 8.1 List Function

At maximum of 200 steps can be edited for each List file. The user can choose any waveform from existing 11 waveforms. Or, the user can choose a waveform file stored in the device through self-define function (see 8.3 "Self-defined Waveform Function" for details) and combine the waveform files into a List file based on required order. Meanwhile, the user can set the starting steps of the List file, run count and end state of the waveform, and edit parameters such as frequency, amplitude, running time and rising slope of each waveform.

### 8.1.1 Create a new List file

#### Create a new single-phase List file

Under single-phase mode, the user can output AC waveform sequences with different amplitudes by creating a new List file. Detailed operation steps are as below:

1. Press [Shift]+[V-set](**list**) on the front panel to enter the List function configuration interface, as shown in the figure below.

1∅ ↔ <sub>AC</sub> usb				U OFF			
<b>0.00</b> sv= 10.00	V Vrms	888.c	SV	Trig source	: Manual	1	Run
0.29	Α	No	AC	rms V	Freq Hz	Time S	Control
		1	110.00		50.00	1.0000	Time
sv= 20.00	Hz Hz	2	330.00		50.00	1.0000	Time
P= 0.000KW CF= 1.05							
PF= -1.00							
Ithd= 0.48%r Uthd= 1.51% Ipeak= 0.33A		<b>O</b> p	en	New	E	dit	Delete

888.csv: the list file name to execute. Trig source: select the trigger source Run/Stop: Run/stop the list function. Open: Select the List file to execute. New: Create a new List file.



Edit: Edit present list file

Delete: delete the present List file.

2. Press **[New]** and enter to the List file edit interface.

List edit				
Description:n	ull			
Repeat	: Infinite			
No	ACrms V	Freq Hz	Time S	More
1	50.00	50.00	1.0000	
2	100.00	50.00	1.0000	
3				
	Save	Config	Clear a	hll

List edit description:

Description: Description of List, display list file name.

Repeat: Edit the cycles of the List file.

End: Set the final waveform, with the following options available:

- Off: directly off the output after operation.
- Normal: return to normal after operation.
- Last: keep the last waveform output unchanged after operation.

No.: step number of list. Click the numer, you can operate such as copy/paste/cut/insert/delete.

ACrms V: Voltage RMS value

Freq Hz: Frequency

Time S: width time

More: other settings, click  $\ldots$  and setup the slew rate, waveform, phase and so on

Export: Export the internal List file of the instrument to an external USB flash drive.

Save: Save the list file.

Config: configure the list file to make it effective.

Clear all: delete all of step information

Trig source: select trigger source

3. Click (More)... enter to advanced menu of list file.



More			
Mode Phase	Start	0.0°	
Frequency			~
Freq 50.00Hz	Slew rate	1000.000Hz/ms	1
Waveform			$\sim$
Sine			Ť
Step jump			
Mode Time	Time S	1.0000S	
Trig out			
Fun Off			

List parameters description:

Voltage AC	Voltage value and slope.
Start Phase	Start phase setting, displayed in AC mode. By default, the program automatically calculates this value (which is guaranteed to be continuous with the previous step). If the user modifies this parameter, the user set value is used without guarantee of continuity.
Phase Difference	Phase difference between ABC, only displays in AC 3-phase mode.
Frequency	Frequency and slope, displayed in AC mode.
Waveform	Waveform type, every basic waveform can be selected, displayed in AC mode.
Step jump	Method of step jumps to next step. Time: when the time is out, jumps to next step Trig: receive a trigger signal, jumps to next step. Phase: jumps to next step at this phase.
Trig out	Whether outputs a signal when this step is ending.

4. Press **[Esc]** to return Edit interface, Press **[Save]**.

At list Edit interface, click the step number, the [Insert]/[Paste]/[Cut]/[Copy] /[Delete] will display, click the key to edit.

5. Press [**Esc**] to return.

#### 8.1.2 Select/Run List File

If several List files are edited, press Recall to recall the List file to be tested. Detailed operation steps are as below:

- 1. Press [Shift]+[V-set](list) on the front panel to enter the List function configuration interface.
- 2. Press **[Open]**, select the saved List01 csv file, and press **[Enter]** to enter the file.
- 3. Press [On/Off] on the front panel, turn on the output.
- 4. Press **[Run]** in the list function interface.



5. Running indicator will appear in interface.

Press [Scope] key to view the output waveform.

### 8.1.3 Import/Export List file

Import List file

IT7900 series support import list file function, The user can finish the editing of List file in Excel and import it into the software. This function simplifies the List file edit and facilitates user operation.

To help user define an Excel file format, please export a CSV template from the List interface.

Detailed operation steps are as below:

- 1. Create a new Excel document on local PC and name it List02.
- 2. Open the Excel document and save it as in "other formats" i.e. "(\*.csv)".
- 3. Open the List02.csv document and edit the List. Set every step of the List and corresponding parameters and save the document in the USB disk.

List import file formats under single-phase mode:

	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	H	I	Т	K	L	М	N	0	P
1	Model	IT7815-3	50-90													
2	Firmware	000.000.	223													
3	Serial N	ι 8.04E+1'	7													
4	Phase mo	c1-Phase														
5	File Typ	€List														
6	Repeat	(														
7	End Stat	eOff														
8	Total Co	ι :	3													
9	Trig Sou	rManual														
10	Save Typ	eLocal														
11	No	A Vac V	A Vac sle	A Vdc V	A Vdc sle	A Wavefor	A Start	pFrequency	Frequency	Running	πTime S	Trig out	Step mode	Trig phas	End phase	Trig mode
12	1	. 33	3 1000	0	1000	Sine	(	0 50	1000	Time	1		Continue	0	0	Inne
13	2	2 22	2 1000	0	1000	Sine	(	0 50	1000	Time	1	. 0	Continue	0	0	Inne
14	3	3 11	1000	0	1000	Sine	(	0 50	1000	Time	1		Continue	0	0	Inne
15																
16																

- 4. Insert the USB disk into the USB interface of the front panel. Press [Shift]+[V-set](**list**) on the front panel to enter the List function configuration interface.
- 5. Press [Open]. Select the List02.csv file and open it. The List file will be imported.

#### Export List file

After editing the List file, the user can directly save it into the device or export and save it into the peripheral memory disc. The exported List is saved in the format of. (\*.csv). Detailed operation steps are as below:

- 1. Insert the U disk into the USB interface of the front panel.
- 2. Press [**Shift**]+[**V-set**](**list**) on the front panel to enter the List function configuration interface.
- 3. Select [Edit], enter to list file edit interface.
- 4. Press [**Export**]. This file will be exported into the USB disk.

### 8.2 Setting of Surge/Sag Configuration

IT7900 provides surge/sag simulation. The user can add surge/sag to simulate abnormal voltage fluctuation on the basis of outputting wave, and test usage of the DUT under this circumstance.



Surge/sag can be added to any waveform, the basic waveform is selected from the Config menu.

The Surge/Sag function is not supported in multi-channel mode.

D NOTE

When using the dimming function, this function will automatically turn off, and when using this function, dimming function is turned off.

### Operating steps

1. Press [Shift]+ (Surge&Sag)on the front panel to enter the List function configuration interface.

↔ 3¢ use AC B	C C		
0.00 V	Mode		
sv= 0.00 Vrms	Period		
0.12 A	Start angle	Angle width	Symmetry
	90.0 °	30.0 °	On
Hz	Repeat count	Repeat cycle	Enable
sv= 50.00 Hz	1	1	Phase A
P= 0.000KW CF= 1.08	Value select	Setting	Enable
PF= -1.00 Ithd= 0.60%r	Setting	0.00 V	Synchronize
Uthd= 0.60% Uthd= 1.66%r Ipeak= 0.41A	Run		Stop

2. Set the voltage and frequency parameters in the sweep interface.

Parameters in the sweep interface are described as follows:

Parameter	Description
Mode	surge/sag executing mode.
	Trig: Trigger mode. Executing the surge/sag after receiving the trigger signal.
	Period: Period mode. Execute the surge/sag based on the period.
Action	This setting is valid when the mode select to Trigger.
	Imme: Executing the surge/sag immediately.
	Angle: Executing the surge/sag at specific angle.
Trig source	Select the trigger source when the mode select to Trigger.
Start angle	Set the start phase angle of the surge/trap when the mode select to trigger.
Angle width	Set the period of the surge/trap. For example, start angle=30 degree, Angle width=30 degree, then, the waveform will execute surge/sag at 30 to 60 degree.



Parameter	Description
Symmetry	Whether to produce symmetrical surge/sag waves.
	If Start angle + Angle width >180°,this setting is Off state.
Repeat count	repeat count of surge/sag waves.
Period count	Number of cycles to generate surge/sag waves. This parameter is meaningful only in Peroid mode.
	This setting is used in combination with Repeat count, for example, if <b>Repeat count</b> is set to 5 and <b>Period count</b> is set to 10, five surge/sag waves occur in every 10 cycles.
Enable	Phase A/Phase B/Phase A&B/Phase B&C/Phase A&C/Phase A&C/PhaseA&B&C:
	Select the phase information where the surge/notch occurs.(displays under 3-phase mode)
Enable	Synchronize: Each of the three phases executes surge/trap at the same time.
	Specify Phase: Each of the three phases executes surge/trap at the specified phase.
	(displays under 3-phase mode)
Value select	Value select:
	Percent: Set the percentage of the surge/trap amplitude to AC signal amplitude (RMS).
	Setting: Set the value of the surge/trap amplitude.

- 1. Press **[On/Off]** on the front panel and enable the output.
- 2. Press **[Run]** on the interface, Then the running status will be displayed on LCD. Output parameters and measurement parameters are displayed on the left side of the interface. You can also press the Meter to observe the output parameters in the main interface.
- 3. After execute, **[On/Off]** on the front panel will be off, and running status will be displayed on LCD. You can press **[Stop]** on the interface to stop the surge/sag function.

### 8.3 Self-defined Waveform Function

In AC mode or AC+DC mode, you can customize waveform curves and save them locally as output waveform options. This self-defined waveform can be used as a normal output waveform or as a wave option for scanning waveform, Surge/Sag waveform, and LIST waveform.

### 8.3.1 THD

The distorted waveform can simulate voltage harmonic wave in the circuit. The user can set the extent to which the output voltage waveform deviates from the Sin wave voltage and test the usage of the DUT under this circumstance.

THD includes built-in 30 waveforms and user - defined waveforms. The interface is shown below.



	ion Arbitrary W	aveform				
Waveform						
< THD wave					eters: group = User- I be create and delete	
			N	Thid %f	Phase	
> DST wave						
< User THD wave						
v Untitled-01.c 🎤	/==-					
/ Untitled-02.c 🥓		÷		Ente Esc		

DST wave: Select waveforms which built into the instrument by default. When the waveform name is selected, the parameters and waveform diagram are displayed on the right side of the interface.

User THD wave: THD wave of user defined.

- "+" Create a new THD wave.
- "-" Delete the seleted THD wave.
- **"** Edit the THD wave.

Press the "+" or "I" enter to the edit interface.

Edit TH		ull				
THD form	nula: %f	Delete	Op	ien	Save	Back
N	THD %f	Phase	•	THD =	13.75 %f	
2	5.00	0.0	~	1	$\mathbf{n}$	
3	8.00	0.0	^			
5	10.00	0.0	~			/
			¥			$\bigvee$

Thd profile: THD file name

Thd formula: Distortion factor calculation formula.

%r: displaying harmonics in the form of percentage to the overall voltage amplitude of all harmonics.

%f: displaying harmonics in the form of percentage to the fundamental voltage.



Delete: select a row and click Delete.

Open: import Thd wave data.

Save: Save the THD wave.

Back: return back upper menu.

THD=: Total distortion rate calculated based on the user Thd configuration.

### 8.3.2 Selfdefined

- "+" create a new wave.
- "-" delete the wave file.
- "I" edit the wave file.

Waveform		
> THD wave		Waveform =User-defined User-defined wave: 512 points, half period. value range: [-1.0, 1.0]
< User-defined		
Self-defined01	<b>7</b> _ +	
Self-defined02	' - +	
Self-defined03	7 - +	Enter
Self-defined04	í _ +	Esc

#### Edit interface:

	-defined Untitle	ed-08.cs	T		
Ope	n)	Save	Delete	Clean	Back
Index	Normaliz	ation(-1,1)	512 origin asymn	Total points(half peri Index O.corresponder Index 511.correspon	ice -180°
1	0.20	~		<sup>1</sup> X = 0 Value = -0.	
128	0.50	^		0.5	
256	0.58	Ň		° 0 45°	
400	0.70	Ľ		-0.5	

Profile: user-defined file name

Origin Symmetry: To select the waveform data type, you can select 512 origin symm/512 origin asymm /1024 points



Open: import waveform data.

Save: Save the user-define wave.

Delete: select a row and click Delete.

Clean: delete all of data

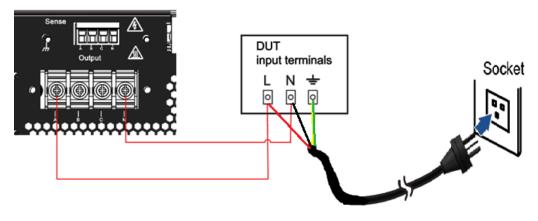
Back: return back upper menu.

# 8.4 Voltage Sampling

The IT7900 series instruments can be used as data sampling devices to collect voltage variation signals from other instrument. With this function, users can realize the acquisition of the actual grid voltage change state of the DUT, and then use the import function to reproduce the grid state.

#### Connecting method

When the voltage signal is sampling, the wiring method is the same as the test line connection method when outputting. For single-phase, connect the two terminals A and N, and for three-phase, connect the four terminals ABCN. For details, refer to section 2.5 Connecting the Test Lines, and take the sampling DUT supply voltage signal as an example, the wiring diagram is shown below.



#### Operation method

Click Menu > Volt sample and enter to Voltage signals sampling interface, the display is shown below.



				Configuration A	rbitrary Waveform
1∅ ← ac usb A		OFF			
<b>70.11</b> sv= 0.00	V Vrms	Voltag	ge signals samplin	g	Run
sv= 0.00	A	File test	4	Export	Configure
 sv= 50.00	Hz Hz				
P=-0.000KW CF= 4.70 PF= -0.01 Ithd= 0.61%r		33V/div			
Uthd= 0.11% Ipeak= 16.83A	r	Running time	39.56	Space us	<mark>.</mark>

- File: Input the name of the sampling file, the default display is null, you need to input the file name before sampling.
- 4: Represents the number of sampling. If you click Run once, the number of sampling will be increased once and a test-1 file will be formed.
- Export: export the sampling file.
- Run: start to sampling

#### Setting the configuration

Click Configure in the voltage sampling interface to enter the parameter setting interface.

Sampling	
Sampling rate	
0.00KHz	
Start condition	
Mode Imme	
Display mode	
Auto	

- Sampling rate: Sampling rate, indicating the sampling interval of data points. Setting range 1-50, unit kHz
- Start Condition: setting the condition of sampling
   Imme: Sampling is executed immediately after clicking Run.



Trigger1: After clicking Run, wait for the Trigger1 signal to be received to start executing sampling.

Trigger2: After clicking Run, wait for the Trigger2 signal to be received to start executing sampling.

Capture-Vac: The voltage signal sampling after compared. When this mode is selected, additional parameters need to be set.

- Trigger delay: Set the sample data delay time. Set a positive value to record data after the capture event occurs. A negative value means that data before the capture event occurs is recorded.
- Compare: Select the object of comparison, either Vac/Rms or Vac/Peak
- Up Limit: AC voltage upper limit value, grid voltage greater than the upper limit value will start sampling.
- Down Limit: AC voltage lower limit value, grid voltage less than the lower limit value will start sampling.
- Display mode: Auto/Normal

### 8.5 Voltage Signals Simulation

In AC mode or AC+DC mode, users can import TDMS waveform curve files for simulation, and set parameters such as repetition times and waveform offset for imported waveform.

By default, the open waveform is only for real-time simulation. If you remove the USB disk, the waveform disappears. Users can also permanently save the open waveform to the power supply memory.

Directly click Simulation in the Menu to enter the voltage signal Simulation interface, as shown below:

1∅ ↔ <sub>AC</sub> usb			U.S.F.F.		
<b>0.00</b> sv= 0.00	V Vrms	Voltag	ge signals sin	nulation	Run
0.08	A	File null			ng rate=    0.0Khz ion time 0.000S
		Start mode	Interval t	time	
	Hz	Imme	0.0		
sv= 50.00	Hz	Repeat	Coefficien	t	DC
P= 0.000KW CF= 1.13		1	1.0		0.0
PF= 0.00 lthd= 1.24%r Uthd= 4.26%r		Open	Delete	Import	Export
lpeak= 0.17A		Running time 0.00	DOS Progress	0.00% Rep	eat 0/1

Start mode: can be selected as immediate execution or trigger execution.

Interval time: The interval between waveform repeats. This parameter is displayed only when start mode is selected for Imme.

Repeat: Number of repeated execution of waveform

Coefficient: Waveform amplification Coefficient

DC: DC offset



Open: Open the waveform file.

Delete: Delete the waveform file.

Import: Import and save the waveform file to the power supply memory.

Export: Export the waveform file to the U disk.

Run: Start running waveform. Power output should be turned on before operation.



# **Chapter9 Technical Specifications**

This chapter will introduce the main technical parameters of IT7900, such as rated voltage/current/power and so on. Besides, this part will introduce the working environment and storage temperature.

# 9.1 Main technical parameters

### IT7905-350-30U

	Wiring connection	3 phase 3wir	e + ground(PE) *1	
AC input	Line voltage	RMS	(200~220)±10% (380~480)±10%*2	V
1	Line current	RMS	< 20	А
	Apparent power		< 5.8	kVA
	Frequency		45~65	Hz
	Power factor	typ	0.98	
Dutput parameter				-
	Output voltage	VLN	0~350	V
	Output ourront	RMS (1phase)	30	A
	Output current	Crest Factor*3	6	
		Peak (1phase)	90	A
	Output power	Max. Power (1phase/3phase/multichannel )	5k	VA
	Voltage setting			
	Range	1phase	0~350	V
AC output	Resolution		0.01	V
Subur	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	0.1%+0.1% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	DC Voltage Offset	typ	0.02	Vdc
	<b>Current Limit setting</b>			-
	Range	RMS (1phase)	30	А
	Resolution		0.01	А
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	0.1%+0.2% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Frequency			<u> </u>
	Range		16~150	Hz
	Resolution		0.01	Hz
	Accuracy	50/0011	0.01%	
	waveform	50/60Hz	up to 50	orders
	synthesizer Phase			
	Range		0~360	0
	Resolution		0.1	0
	Voltage setting		0.1	1
	Range	1phase/multichannel	-495~495	Vdc
	Resolution		0.01	V
	Accuracy		<0.1%+0.1% F.S	, v
DC Output	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	Current Setting			
	Range	1phase	-30~30	Adc
	Resolution	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.01	A
	Accuracy		<0.3%+0.3% F.S	1
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Max. power			
	Total power	Max. Power (1phase)	5k	W



Technical Specifications

			Tec	hnical Specifi
impedance	R Range		0~1	Ω
mpedance	L Range		0~1000	uH
	P Range		0~5	kW
Island RLC	QL Range		0~5	kVar
	QC Range		0~5	kVar
	R Range		1~1000	Ω
	L Range		1~5000	mH
	C Range		0.001~5	mF
	Line regulation		<0.05% F.S.	
Voltage stability	Load regulation	DC,16Hz $\sim$ 150Hz	<0.05% + 0.05% F.S.	
	THD	16Hz~150Hz	<0.5%	
	Voltage ripple	RMS	< 0.4	V
	Dynamic response*4	typ	200	us
/oltage Slew Rate, Typical		I ≥2 V/µs with full-scale programmed	voltage step	
Output Isolation		550Vac		
leasurement para	meter	350 Vac		
additionent para	Resolution		0.01	V
Voltage RMS	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1%+0.1% F.S.	- · ·
5	Temperature	00,10 13012	< 100ppm/°C F.S.	
	Resolution		0.01	A
Current RMS	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S.	
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S.	
Peak current	Resolution		0.01	А
r cak current	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.4% + 0.6% F.S.	
Output power	Resolution		0.001	kW
	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.4% +0.4% F.S.	
Harmonic measurement	Max.	50/60Hz	up to 50	orders
Regenerative				
Max. Regenerative power		5k		VA
Output Current THD		< 5%		
Others				
Efficiency	typ		88%	
Protection		OVP, OCP,	OPP, OTP, FAN, ECP, Sense	
dimension	HxWxD	483.00mmW*151.3mmH*700	mmD(841.6mm include cover	and handle
Weight			26.4kg	
Working			0°C-50℃	
Programming response time		2ms		
Remote Sense Compensatio		20V		
Voltage				
Communication interface		_	IO interface, optional GPIB / Ana	alog&RS23
1 cupporte cinglo pl	and 2201/ input now	r cord connecting refer to manual		

\*1 supports single phase 220V input, power cord connecting refer to manual.

\*2 Max. Output derated to 60% when input with ( $200 \sim 220$ ) ±10% Vac 1 ph or 3 ph \*3 Under the output frequency of 50Hz/60Hz, the maximum CF is 6 without exceeding the peak current; under the

condition of full current and full power, the maximum CF is 3. \*4 The dynamic response time test condition is: DC high-speed mode, and the capacitance of the DUT to be less than 10uF All the above parameters are subject to change without prior notice from ITECH.

#### IT7906-350-90

Input parameters					
	Wiring connection	3 phase 3wire + ground(PE)			
AC Input	Line voltage	RMS	(200~220)±10% (380~480)±10% *1	V	
	Line current	RMS	< 21	A	



Technical Specifications

	Apparent power		< 7	kVA
	Frequency		45~65	Hz
	Power factor	typ	0.98	
utput parameter			0.00	
		VLN	0~350	V
	Output voltage	VLL (3phase)	0~606	V
		VLL (reverse)	0~700	V
		RMS (1phase)	90	A
		Crest Factor*2	6	
	Output ourrent	Peak (1phase)	270	A
	Output current	RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	30	A
		(3phase/multichannel/reverse )	90	A
		Per Phase	2k	VA
		Max. Power		
	Output power	(reverse phase ) Max. Power	4k	VA
		(1phase/3phase/multichannel	6k	VA
	Voltage setting	1 nhono/2 nhono/m. 14:-1	0.050	
AC Output	Range	1phase/3phase/multichannel	0~350	V
		reverse	0~700	V
	Resolution		0.01	V
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.1% F.S	_
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	DC Voltage Offset	typ	0.02	Vdc
	Current Limit setting			
	Range	RMS (1phase)	90	А
	Range	RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse	30	A
	Resolution	/	0.01	A
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.2% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Frequency			
	Range		16~150	Hz
	Resolution		0.01	Hz
	Accuracy		0.01%	
	waveform	50/60Hz	up to 50	order
	synthesizer			
	Phase			
	Range		0~360	0
	Resolution		0.1	0
	Voltage setting	1phase/multichassel		Vdc
	Range	1phase/multichannel	-495~495	
	Booglution	reverse	-990~990	Vdc
	Resolution		0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S	V
	Accuracy		<0.1%+0.1% F.S	-
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	Current setting			
DC Output	Range	multichannel/reverse	-30~30	Adc
		1phase	-90~90	Adc
	Resolution		0.01	A
	Accuracy		<0.3%+0.3% F.S	
	Temperature		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	coefficient			
	coefficient			
	coefficient Max. power	Per Phase	2k	W
	coefficient Max. power Phase power Max. power (reverse	Per Phase Max. Power (reverse phase)	2k 4k	W W
	coefficient Max. power Phase power			



Voltage stability	Load regulation *3	DC,16Hz~150Hz	<0.05% + 0.05% F.S.	
	THD	16Hz~150Hz	<0.5%	
	Voltage ripple	RMS	< 0.4	V
	Dynamic response	typ	200	us
	*4			
	R Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0~1	Ω
Programmable impedance		1phase	0~0.333	Ω
			0~2	Ω
	L Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0~1000	uH
		1phase	0~333.333	uH uH
		reverse (3phase/multichannel)	0~2000 0~2	kW
	P Range	1phase	0~2	kW
	-	reverse	0~3	kW
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~2	kVar
	QL Range	1phase	0~2	kVar
		reverse	0~4	kVar
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~4	kVar
RLC	QC Range	1phase	0~6	kVar
		reverse	0~4	kVar
		(3phase/multichannel)	1~1000	Ω
	R Range	1phase	0.333~333.333	Ω
		reverse	2~2000	Ω
		(3phase/multichannel)	1~5000	mH
	L Range	1phase	0.333~1666.667	mH
		reverse	2~10000	mH
		(3phase/multichannel)	0.001~5	mF
	C Range	1phase	0.003~15	mF
		reverse	0.001~2.5	mF
Voltage Slew Rate, Typical	≥2	V/µs with full-scale programmed ve	oltage step	
Output Isolation		550Va		
		С		
leasurement para		C	0.01	
-	Resolution		0.01	V
<b>leasurement para</b> Voltage RMS	Resolution Accuracy	с DC,16~150Hz	0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S.	V
	Resolution			V
	Resolution Accuracy Temperature		<0.1%+0.1% F.S.	V V A
	ResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientResolutio n	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1%+0.1% F.S. < 100ppm/°C F.S. 0.01	
Voltage RMS	Resolution Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio	DC,16~150Hz DC,16~	<0.1%+0.1% F.S. < 100ppm/°C F.S.	
Voltage RMS	ResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientResolutio nAccuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1%+0.1% F.S. < 100ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.1% + 0.2% F.S.	
Voltage RMS	ResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientResolutio n	DC,16~150Hz DC,16~	<0.1%+0.1% F.S. < 100ppm/°C F.S. 0.01	
Voltage RMS	Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         Resolutio         Resolutio         Coefficient         Resolutio	DC,16~150Hz DC,16~	<0.1%+0.1% F.S. < 100ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.1% + 0.2% F.S.	
Voltage RMS Current RMS	Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient	DC,16~150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz DC,16~	<0.1%+0.1% F.S. < 100ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.1% + 0.2% F.S. < 200ppm/°C F.S.	A
Voltage RMS Current RMS Peak current	Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n	DC,16~150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz	<0.1%+0.1% F.S. <100ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.1% + 0.2% F.S. <200ppm/°C F.S. 0.01	A
Voltage RMS Current RMS	Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz DC,16~	<0.1%+0.1% F.S. <100ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.1% + 0.2% F.S. <200ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.4% + 0.6% F.S.	A
Voltage RMS Current RMS Peak current Output power	Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio	DC,16~150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz DC,16~	<0.1%+0.1% F.S. <100ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.1% + 0.2% F.S. <200ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.4% + 0.6% F.S.	A
Voltage RMS Current RMS Peak current Output power Harmonic measurement	Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n	DC,16~150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz DC,16~	<0.1%+0.1% F.S. <100ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.1% + 0.2% F.S. <200ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.4% + 0.6% F.S. 0.001	A A A kW
Voltage RMS Current RMS Peak current Output power Harmonic measurement	Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz 50/60Hz	<0.1%+0.1% F.S. <100ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.1% + 0.2% F.S. <200ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.4% + 0.6% F.S. 0.001 <0.4% +0.4% F.S.	A A A kW orders
Voltage RMS Current RMS Peak current Output power Harmonic measurement	Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz	<0.1%+0.1% F.S. <100ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.1% + 0.2% F.S. <200ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.4% + 0.6% F.S. 0.001 <0.4% +0.4% F.S.	A A A kW
Voltage RMS Current RMS Peak current Output power Harmonic measurement tegenerative Max. Regenerative	Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz 50/60Hz	<0.1%+0.1% F.S. <100ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.1% + 0.2% F.S. <200ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.4% + 0.6% F.S. 0.001 <0.4% +0.4% F.S.	A A A kW orders
Voltage RMS Current RMS Peak current Output power Harmonic measurement Regenerative Max. Regenerative power THD Others	Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Max.	DC,16~150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz 50/60Hz 6k	<0.1%+0.1% F.S. <100ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.1% + 0.2% F.S. <200ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.4% + 0.6% F.S. 0.001 <0.4% +0.4% F.S. up to 50	A A A kW orders
Current RMS Peak current Output power Harmonic measurement Regenerative power	Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz DC,16~ 150Hz 50/60Hz 6k < 5%	<0.1%+0.1% F.S. <100ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.1% + 0.2% F.S. <200ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.4% + 0.6% F.S. 0.001 <0.4% +0.4% F.S.	A A A kW orders



	handle)
Weight	42kg
Working	0°C-50°C
Programming response time	2ms
Remote Sense Compensatio n Voltage	20V
Communication interface	Built-in USB/CAN/LAN/Digital IO interface, optional GPIB / Analog&RS232

\*1 (  $200 \sim 220$  ) ±10%, 3 phase AC input, the power of 12kw and above is 60% of the rated. \*2 Under the output frequency of 50Hz/60Hz, the maximum CF is 6 without exceeding the peak current; under the

condition of full current and full power, the maximum CF is 3. \*3 30kW and above models need to be tested in sense remote measurement mode.

\*4 The dynamic response time test condition is: DC high-speed mode, and the capacitance of the DUT to be less than 10uF

All the above parameters are subject to change without prior notice from ITECH.

#### IT7909-350-90

out parameters					
	Wiring connection				
		grou	ind(PE)	1	
AC Input	Line voltage	RMS	( 200∼220 ) ±10% ( 380∼480 ) ±10% *1	V	
	Line current	RMS	< 32	Α	
	Apparent power		< 10	kVA	
	Frequency		45~65	Hz	
	Power factor	typ	0.98		
Itput parameter	rs				
	Output voltage	VLN	0~350	V	
	Output voltage	VLL (3phase)	0~606	V	
		VLL (reverse)	0~700	V	
		RMS (1phase)	90	А	
		Crest Factor*2	6		
	Output current	Peak (1phase)	270	А	
		RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	30	А	
		Peak (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	90	А	
	Output power	Per Phase	3k	VA	
		Max. Power (reverse phase)	6k	VA	
		Max. Power (1phase/3phase/multichannel )	9k	VA	
	Voltage setting				
	Range	1phase/3phase/multichannel	0~350	V	
AC Output		reverse	0~700	V	
	Resolution		0.01	V	
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.1% F.S		
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/℃ F.S		
	DC Voltage Offset	typ	0.02	Vdc	
	<b>Current Limit setting</b>				
	Range	RMS (1phase)	90	А	
		RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse	30	А	
	Resolution	/	0.01	A	
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.2% F.S		
	Temperature		< 200ppm/°C F.S	1	
	Frequency			1	
	Range		16~150	Hz	
	Resolution		0.01	Hz	



	Accuracy	50/0011	0.01%	
	waveform synthesizer	50/60Hz	up to 50	orde
	Phase			
	Range		0~360	0
	Resolution		0.1	0
	Voltage setting		0.1	
	Range	1phase/multichannel	-495~495	Vdo
	itange	reverse	-990~990	Vdo
	Resolution		0.01	V
	Accuracy		<0.1%+0.1% F.S	
	Temperature		< 100ppm/℃ F.S	
	coefficient			
	Current setting			
DC Output	Range	multichannel/reverse	-30~30	Ado
		1phase	-90~90	Ado
	Resolution		0.01	A
	Accuracy		<0.3%+0.3% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/℃ F.S	
	Max. power			
	Phase power	Per Phase	3k	W
	Max. power (reverse	Max. Power	6k	W
	phase)	(reverse phase)		
	Total power	Max. Power (1phase/multichannel)	9k	W
	Line regulation		<0.05% F.S.	-
	Load regulation *3	DC,16Hz~150Hz	<0.05% + 0.05%	
Voltage stability		DC,16H2/~150H2	<0.05% + 0.05% F.S.	
	THD	16Hz~150Hz	<0.5%	
	Voltage ripple	RMS	< 0.4	V
	Dynamic response	typ	200	us
	*4	-71		
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~1	Ω
Programmable	R Range	1phase	0~0.333	Ω
impedance		reverse	0~2	Ω
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~1000	uH
	L Range	1phase	0~333.333	uH
		reverse	0~2000	uH
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~3	kW
	P Range	1phase	0~9	kW
		reverse	0~6	kW
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~3	kVa
	QL Range	1phase	0~9	kVa
		reverse	0~6	kVa
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~3	kVa
RLC	QC Range	1phase	0~9	kVa
		reverse	0~6	kVa
		(3phase/multichannel)	1~1000	Ω
	R Range	1phase	0.333~333.333	Ω
	-	reverse	2~2000	Ω
	├	(3phase/multichannel)	1~5000	mF
	L Range	(sphase/multichannel) 1phase	0.333~1666.667	mF
	-	reverse	2~10000	mF mF
	C Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0.001~5	mF
		1phase	0.003~15	mF
Valtara Oli		reverse	0.001~2.5	mF
Voltage Slew Rate,	≥2	V/µs with full-scale programmed vo	oltage step	
Typical				
1 ) 0100		550Va		
Output Isolation		550 va		



	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1%+0.1% F.S.	
Voltage RMS	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/℃ F.S.	
	Resolutio		0.01	A
Current RMS	n			
	Accuracy	DC,16 $\sim$ 150Hz	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S.	
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/℃ F.S.	
Peak current	Resolutio n		0.01	A
	Accuracy	DC,16 $\sim$ 150Hz	<0.4% + 0.6% F.S.	
Output power	Resolutio n		0.001	kW
	Accuracy	DC,16 $\sim$ 150Hz	<0.4% +0.4% F.S.	
Harmonic measurement	Max.	50/60Hz	up to 50	orders
egenerative				
Max. Regenerative power		9k		VA
THD		< 5%		
Others				
Efficiency	typ		88%	
Protection		OVP, OCP,	OPP, OTP, FAN, ECP, Sense	
dimension	H x W x D	483.00mm(W)*151.3mm(H)*70 handle)	00mm(D)(841.6mm include cov	er and
Weight			42kg	
Working			0°C-50°C	
Programming response time		2ms		
Remote Sense Compensatio n Voltage			20V	
Communication		Built-in USB/CAN/LAN/Digital	IO interface, optional GPIB / An	alog&RS23

\*1 (  $200 \sim 220$  ) ±10%, 3 phase AC input, the power of 12kw and above is 60% of the rated.

\*2 Under the output frequency of 50Hz/60Hz, the maximum CF is 6 without exceeding the peak current; under the condition of full current and full power, the maximum CF is 3.

\*3 30kW and above models need to be tested in sense remote measurement mode.

\*4 The dynamic response time test condition is: DC high-speed mode, and the capacitance of the DUT to be less than 10uF

All the above parameters are subject to change without prior notice from ITECH.

## IT7912-350-90

Input parameters				
	Wiring connection	3 phase 3wire + ground(PE)		
AC Input	Line voltage	RMS	(200~220)±10% (380~480)±10% *1	V
	Line current	RMS	< 27	А
	Apparent power		< 14	kVA
	Frequency		45~65	Hz
	Power factor	typ	0.98	
Output parameter	S			
	Output waltana	VLN	0~350	V
	Output voltage	VLL (3phase)	0~606	V
		VLL (reverse)	0~700	V
		RMS (1phase)	90	А
		Crest Factor*2	6	
	Output current	Peak (1phase)	270	А
		RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	30	А



	I T	Peak	90	А
		(3phase/multichannel/reverse)	90	A
		Per Phase	4k	VA
	Output power	Max. Power (reverse phase)	8k	VA
		Max. Power (1phase/3phase/multichannel	12k	VA
	Voltage setting	)		
	Range	1phase/3phase/multichannel	0~350	V
	Runge	reverse	0~700	V
AC Output	Resolution		0.01	V
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.1% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	DC Voltage Offset	typ	0.02	Vdc
	Current Limit setting			
	Range	RMS (1phase)	90	A
		RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse )	30	A
	Resolution	ć	0.01	Α
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.2% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/℃ F.S	
	Frequency			1
	Range		16~150	Hz
	Resolution		0.01	Hz
	Accuracy		0.01%	
	waveform	50/60Hz	up to 50	order
	synthesizer Phase			
	Range		0~360	0
	Resolution		0.1	0
	Voltage setting			
	Range	1phase/multichannel	-495~495	Vdc
		reverse	-990~990	Vdc
	Resolution		0.01	V
	Accuracy		<0.1%+0.1% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/℃ F.S	
	Current setting			
DC Output	Range	multichannel/reverse	-30~30	Adc
		1phase	-90~90	Adc
	Resolution		0.01	Α
	Accuracy		<0.3%+0.3% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Max. power			<u> </u>
	Phase power	Per Phase	4k	W
	Max. power (reverse phase)	Max. Power (reverse phase)	8k	W
	Total power	Max. Power (1phase/multichannel)	12k	W
	Line regulation		<0.05% F.S.	
oltage stability	Load regulation *3	DC,16Hz~150Hz	<0.05% + 0.05% F.S.	
	THD	16Hz~150Hz	<0.5%	
	Voltage ripple	RMS	< 0.4	V
	Dynamic response	typ	200	us
	*4	(3phase/multichannel)	0~1	Ω
rogrammable	R Range	1phase	0~0.333	Ω
impedance		reverse	0~2	Ω
	L		0~1000	uH
		(3phase/multichannel)		
,	L Range	(3phase/multichannel) 1phase	0~333.333	uH



			Techn	ical Specifica
	D Dawres	(3phase/multichannel)	0~4	kW
	P Range	1phase	0~12	kW
		reverse	0~8	kW
	OL Barra	(3phase/multichannel)	0~4	kVar
	QL Range	1phase	0~12	kVar
		reverse	0~8	kVar
RLC		(3phase/multichannel)	0~4	kVar
	QC Range	1phase	0~12	kVar
		reverse	0~8	kVar
		(3phase/multichannel)	1~1000	Ω
	R Range	1phase	0.333~333.333	Ω
		reverse	2~2000	Ω
ľ		(3phase/multichannel)	1~5000	mH
	L Range	1phase	0.333~1666.667	mH
		reverse	2~10000	mH
		(3phase/multichannel)	0.001~5	mF
	C Range	1phase	0.003~15	mF
		reverse	0.001~2.5	mF
Voltage Slew Rate, Typical	:	≥2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v		
Output Isolation		550Va		
•		С		
leasurement para				I
	Resolution		0.01	V
Voltage RMS	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1%+0.1% F.S.	
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/℃ F.S.	
Current RMS	Resolutio n		0.01	A
	Accuracy	DC,16~ 150Hz	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S.	
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/℃ F.S.	
Peak current	Resolutio n		0.01	A
	Accuracy	DC,16~ 150Hz	<0.4% + 0.6% F.S.	
Output power	Resolutio n		0.001	kW
-	Accuracy	DC,16 $\sim$ 150Hz	<0.4% +0.4% F.S.	
Harmonic	Max.	50/60Hz	up to 50	orders
measurement	IVIAX.		up to 50	orders
legenerative				
Max. Regenerative power		12k		VA
THD		< 5%		
others				_
Efficiency	typ		88%	
Protection			PP, OTP, FAN, ECP, Sense	
dimension	H x W x D	483.00mm(W)*151.3mm(H)*700 handle)	mm(D) (841.6mm include cove	er and
Weight			42kg	
Working			0℃ <b>-50</b> ℃	
Programming response time			2ms	
Remote Sense Compensatio			20V	
n Voltage				
Communication interface		Built-in USB/CAN/LAN/Digital I	O interface, optional GPIB / Ana	alog&RS23



\*1 (  $200 \sim 220$  ) ±10%, 3 phase AC input, the power of 12kw and above is 60% of the rated.

\*2 Under the output frequency of 50Hz/60Hz, the maximum CF is 6 without exceeding the peak current; under the condition of full current and full power, the maximum CF is 3.

\*3 30kW and above models need to be tested in sense remote measurement mode.

\*4 The dynamic response time test condition is: DC high-speed mode, and the capacitance of the DUT to be less than 10uF

All the above parameters are subject to change without prior notice from ITECH.

## IT<u>7915-350-90</u>

out parameters	T			
	Wiring connection		ise 3wire + und(PE)	
AC Input	Line voltage	RMS	(200~220) ±10% (380~480) ±10%	V
	Line current	RMS	< 34	Α
	Apparent power		< 17	kVA
	Frequency		45~65	Hz
	Power factor	typ	0.98	
itput parameter	'S			
	Output voltage	VLN	0~350	V
	Output voltage	VLL (3phase)	0~606	V
		VLL (reverse)	0~700	V
		RMS (1phase)	90	A
		Crest Factor*2	6	
	Output current	Peak (1phase)	270	A
		RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	30	А
		Peak (3phase/multichannel/reverse )	90	A
	_	Per Phase	5k	VA
	Output power	Max. Power (reverse phase)	10k	VA
		Max. Power (1phase/3phase/multichannel )	15k	VA
	Voltage setting	·		-
	Range	1phase/3phase/multichannel	0~350	V
AC Output	<b>3</b> -	reverse	0~700	V
	Resolution		0.01	V
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.1% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	DC Voltage Offset	typ	0.02	Vdo
	<b>Current Limit setting</b>			
	Range -	RMS (1phase)	90	A
	indingo	RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse	30	A
	Resolution	/	0.01	A
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.2% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Frequency			
	Range		16~150	Hz
	Resolution		0.01	Hz
	Accuracy		0.01%	
	waveform	50/60Hz	up to 50	orde
	synthesizer			
	Phase			-
	Range		0~360	0
	Resolution		0.1	0
	Voltage setting			
	Range	1phase/multichannel	-495~495	Vdd
		reverse	-990~990	Vdo
	Resolution		0.01	V



	Accuracy		<0.1%+0.1% F.S	
	Temperature		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	coefficient		< 100pp11/ C F.S	
	Current setting	multichannel/reverse	20 - 20	Ada
DC Output	Range	1phase	-30~30	Adc Adc
	Resolution	Tphase	-90~90 0.01	Auc
	Accuracy		<0.3%+0.3% F.S	A
	Temperature			
	coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Max. power			-
	Phase power	Per Phase	5k	W
	Max. power (reverse phase)	Max. Power (reverse phase)	10k	W
	Total power	Max. Power (1phase/multichannel)	15k	W
	Line regulation		<0.05% F.S.	
/oltage stability	Load regulation *3	DC,16Hz $\sim$ 150Hz	<0.05% + 0.05% F.S.	
	THD	16Hz~150Hz	<0.5%	
	Voltage ripple	RMS	< 0.4	V
	Dynamic response *4	typ	200	us
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~1	Ω
Programmable	R Range	1phase	0~0.333	Ω
impedance		reverse	0~2	Ω
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~1000	uH
	L Range	1phase	0~333.333	uH
		reverse	0~2000	uH
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~5	kW
	P Range	1phase	0~15	kW
		reverse	0~10	kW
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~5	kVa
	QL Range	1phase	0~15	kVa
		reverse	0~10	kVa
RLC	OC Panga	(3phase/multichannel)	0~5	kVa
	QC Range	1phase	0~15	kVa
		reverse	0~10	kVai
	P Pongo	(3phase/multichannel)	1~1000	Ω
	R Range	1phase	0.333~333.333	Ω
		reverse	2~2000	Ω
	L Banga	(3phase/multichannel)	1~5000	mH
	L Range	1phase	0.333~1666.667	mH
		reverse	2~10000	mH
	C Pango	(3phase/multichannel)	0.001~5	mF
	C Range	1phase	0.003~15	mF
	Γ	reverse	0.001~2.5	mF
Voltage Slew Rate,	≥2	V/µs with full-scale programmed v	oltage step	
Typical Output Isolation		550Va		
output loolation	motor	C		
asurament para			0.01	V
easurement para				v
-	Resolution	DC.16~150Hz		
easurement para	Resolution Accuracy Temperature	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1%+0.1% F.S. < 100ppm/℃ F.S.	
Voltage RMS	ResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientResolutio	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1%+0.1% F.S.	A
	Resolution Accuracy Temperature coefficient	DC,16~	<0.1%+0.1% F.S. < 100ppm/°C F.S.	A
_	ResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientResolutio n		<0.1%+0.1% F.S. < 100ppm/°C F.S. 0.01	A



	Accuracy	DC,16~ 150Hz	<0.4% + 0.6% F.S.	
Output power	Resolutio n		0.001	kW
	Accuracy	DC,16~ 150Hz	<0.4% +0.4% F.S.	
Harmonic measurement	Max.	50/60Hz	up to 50	orders
Regenerative			·	
Max. Regenerative power		15k		VA
THD		< 5%		
Others				
Efficiency	typ		88%	
Protection		OVP, OCP,	OPP, OTP, FAN, ECP, Sense	
dimension	H x W x D	483.00mm(W)*151.3mm(H)*70 handle)	00mm(D) (841.6mm include cove	er and
Weight			42kg	
Working			0℃-50℃	
Programming response time		2ms		
Remote Sense Compensatio n Voltage			20V	
Communication interface		Built-in USB/CAN/LAN/Digital	I IO interface, optional GPIB / Ana	alog&RS232

\*1 (  $200 \sim 220$  ) ±10%, 3 phase AC input, the power of 12kw and above is 60% of the rated.

\*2 Under the output frequency of 50Hz/60Hz, the maximum CF is 6 without exceeding the peak current; under the condition of full current and full power, the maximum CF is 3.

\*3 30kW and above models need to be tested in sense remote measurement mode.

\*4 The dynamic response time test condition is: DC high-speed mode, and the capacitance of the DUT to be less than 10uF

All the above parameters are subject to change without prior notice from ITECH.



### IT7930-350-180

	Wiring connection		se 3wire + und(PE)	
AC Input	Line voltage	RMS	(200~220) ±10% (380~480) ±10% *1	V
	Line current	RMS	< 67	A
	Apparent power		< 35	kVA
	Frequency		45~65	Hz
	Power factor	typ	0.98	
tput parameter	s			-
	Output voltage	VLN	0~350	V
	output voltage	VLL (3phase)	0~606	V
		VLL (reverse)	0~700	V
		RMS (1phase)	180	A
		Crest Factor*2	6	
	Output current	Peak (1phase)	540	A
		RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse) Peak	60	A
		(3phase/multichannel/reverse)	180	A
		Per Phase Max. Power	10k	VA
	Output power	(reverse phase ) Max. Power	20k	VA
		(1phase/3phase/multichannel)	30k	VA
	Voltage setting	Anhone (Onhone (multiplice and l	0.050	
AC Output	Range	1phase/3phase/multichannel	0~350	V
	Deschution	reverse	0~700	V
	Resolution Accuracy		0.01 < 0.1%+0.1% F.S	V
	Temperature	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.1% F.S	-
	coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	DC Voltage Offset	typ	0.02	Vdc
	<b>Current Limit setting</b>			-
	Range	RMS (1phase)	180	Α
	J J	RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse	60	А
	Resolution	)	0.01	A
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.2% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Frequency			
	Range		16~150	Hz
	Resolution		0.01	Hz
			0.040/	
	Accuracy		0.01%	
	Accuracy waveform	50/60Hz	0.01% up to 50	order
	Accuracy waveform synthesizer	50/60Hz		order
	Accuracy waveform synthesizer Phase	50/60Hz	up to 50	order
	Accuracy waveform synthesizer Phase Range	50/60Hz	up to 50 0~360	
	Accuracy waveform synthesizer Phase		up to 50	0
	Accuracy waveform synthesizer Phase Range Resolution	50/60Hz 1phase/multichannel	up to 50 0~360 0.1 -495~495	° °
	Accuracy waveform synthesizer Phase Range Resolution Voltage setting Range		up to 50 0~360 0.1 -495~495 -990~990	° ° Vdc Vdc
	Accuracy waveform synthesizer Phase Range Resolution Voltage setting Range Resolution	1phase/multichannel	up to 50 0~360 0.1 -495~495 -990~990 0.01	° °
	Accuracy waveform synthesizer Phase Range Resolution Voltage setting Range Resolution Accuracy	1phase/multichannel	up to 50 0~360 0.1 -495~495 -990~990	° ° Vdc Vdc
	Accuracy waveform synthesizer Phase Range Resolution Voltage setting Range Resolution Accuracy Temperature coefficient	1phase/multichannel	up to 50 0~360 0.1 -495~495 -990~990 0.01	° ° Vdc Vdc
	Accuracy waveform synthesizer Phase Range Resolution Voltage setting Range Resolution Accuracy Temperature coefficient Current setting	1phase/multichannel reverse	up to 50 0~360 0.1 -495~495 -990~990 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S < 100ppm/°C F.S	vdc Vdc Vdc
DC Output	Accuracy waveform synthesizer Phase Range Resolution Voltage setting Range Resolution Accuracy Temperature coefficient	1phase/multichannel reverse	up to 50 0~360 0.1 -495~495 -990~990 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S <100ppm/°C F.S -60~60	vdc Vdc Vdc
DC Output	Accuracy waveform synthesizer Phase Range Resolution Voltage setting Range Resolution Accuracy Temperature coefficient Current setting	1phase/multichannel reverse	up to 50 0~360 0.1 -495~495 -990~990 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S < 100ppm/°C F.S	° Vdc Vdc



	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Max. power			
	Phase power	Per Phase	10k	W
	Max. power (reverse phase)	Max. Power (reverse phase)	20k	W
	Total power	Max. Power (1phase/multichannel)	30k	W
	Line regulation		<0.05% F.S.	
Voltage stability	Load regulation *3	DC,16Hz~150Hz	<0.05% + 0.05% F.S.	
	THD	16Hz~150Hz	<0.5%	
	Voltage ripple	RMS	< 0.5	V
	Dynamic response	typ	200	us
	*4	(3phase/multichannel)	0~0.5	Ω
Programmable	R Range	1phase	0~0.167	Ω
impedance		reverse	0~1	Ω
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~500	uH
	L Range 📃	1phase	0~166.667	uH
		reverse		uH
			0~1000	
	P Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0~10	kW
		1phase	0~30	kW
		reverse	0~20	kW
	OL Banga	(3phase/multichannel)	0~10	kVar
	QL Range	1phase	0~30	kVar
		reverse	0~20	kVar
RLC		(3phase/multichannel)	0~10	kVar
RLC	QC Range	1phase	0~30	kVar
		reverse	0~20	kVar
	R Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0.5~500	Ω
		1phase	0.167~166.667	Ω
		reverse	1~1000	Ω
	L Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0.5~2500	mH
	L Kange	1phase	0.167~833.333	mH
		reverse	1~5000	mH
		(3phase/multichannel)	0.002~10	mF
	C Range	1phase	0.006~30	mF
		reverse	0.001~5	mF
Voltage Slew Rate, Typical	≥2	V/µs with full-scale programmed v		
Output Isolation		550Va c		
easurement para		č	0.04	
	Resolution Accuracy		0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S.	V
Voltage RMS		DC,16~150Hz	<0.1%+0.1% F.S.	
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S.	
	Resolutio		0.01	A
Current RMS	n Accuracy	DC,16 $\sim$ 150Hz	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S.	
	Temperature coefficient	100112	< 200ppm/°C F.S.	
Dook auroat	Resolutio		0.01	A
Peak current	n	<b>DO 10</b>		~
	Accuracy	DC,16~ 150Hz	<0.4% + 0.6% F.S.	
Output power	Resolutio n		0.001	kW
	Accuracy	DC,16~	<0.4% +0.4% F.S.	
		1600-		
Harmonic measurement	Max.	150Hz 50/60Hz	up to 50	order



Max. Regenerative power	30k		VA
THD		<	
		5%	
Others			
Efficiency	typ	88%	
Protection		OVP, OCP, OPP, OTP, FAN, ECP, Sense	
dimension	H x W x D	483.00mm(W)*348.8mm(H)*700mm(D) (841.6mm include cover handle)	and
Weight		99kg	
Working		0℃-50℃	
Programming response time		2ms	
Remote Sense Compensatio n Voltage		20V	
Communication interface		Built-in USB/CAN/LAN/Digital IO interface, optional GPIB / Analo	og&RS232

\*1 ( $200 \sim 220$ ) ±10%, 3 phase AC input, the power of 12kw and above is 60% of the rated. \*2 Under the output frequency of 50Hz/60Hz, the maximum CF is 6 without exceeding the peak current; under the condition of full current and full power, the maximum CF is 3.

\*3 30kW and above models need to be tested in sense remote measurement mode.

\*4 The dynamic response time test condition is: DC high-speed mode, and the capacitance of the DUT to be less than 10uF

All the above parameters are subject to change without prior notice from ITECH.

#### IT7945-350-270

nput parameters				
	Wiring connection		se 3wire + Ind(PE)	
AC Input	Line voltage	RMS	( 200∼220 ) ±10% ( 380∼480 ) ±10% *1	V
	Line current	RMS	< 100	А
	Apparent power		< 52	kVA
	Frequency		45~65	Hz
	Power factor	typ	0.98	
utput parameter	rs			
	O track a literat	VLN	0~350	V
	Output voltage	VLL (3phase)	0~606	V
		VLL (reverse)	0~700	V
		RMS (1phase)	270	A
	Output current	Crest Factor*2	6	
		Peak (1phase)	810	Α
		RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	90	А
		Peak (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	270	А
		Per Phase	15k	VA
	Output power	Max. Power (reverse phase)	30k	VA
		Max. Power (1phase/3phase/multichannel	45k	VA
	Voltage setting	,		
	Range	1phase/3phase/multichannel	0~350	V
AC Output	. tungo	reverse	0~700	V
	Resolution		0.01	V
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.1% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	DC Voltage Offset	typ	0.02	Vdc
	Current Limit setting			
	Range	RMS (1phase)	270	А
		RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse	90	А



	Resolution	I	0.01	A
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.2% F.S	
	Temperature	10112 100112		
	coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Frequency		10, 150	
	Range		16~150	Hz
	Resolution Accuracy		0.01 0.01%	Hz
	waveform	50/60Hz	up to 50	orders
	synthesizer	00/00112		ordore
	Phase			
	Range		0~360	0
	Resolution		0.1	0
	Voltage setting			Ī
	Range	1phase/multichannel	-495~495	Vdc
		reverse	-990~990	Vdc
	Resolution		0.01	V
	Accuracy		<0.1%+0.1% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	Current setting		·····	
	¥	multichannel/reverse	-90~90	Adc
DC Output	Range	1phase	-270~270	Adc
	Resolution	1911000	0.01	Add
	Accuracy		<0.3%+0.3% F.S	
	Temperature			
	coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Max. power			
	Phase power	Per Phase	15k	W
	Max. power (reverse phase)	Max. Power (reverse phase)	30k	W
		Max. Power	451	14/
	Total power	(1phase/multichannel )	45k	W
	Line regulation		<0.05% F.S.	
Voltage stability	Load regulation *3	DC,16Hz~150Hz	<0.05% + 0.05% F.S.	
	THD	16Hz~150Hz	<0.5%	
	Voltage ripple	RMS	< 0.6	V
	Dynamic response	typ	200	us
	*4			
D	R Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0~0.333	Ω Ω
Programmable impedance		1phase	0~0.111	
	<u>├</u> ──── <del>│</del>		0~0.667	Ω
	L Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0~333.333	uH
		1phase	0~111.111	uH
	<u> </u>		0~666.667	uH
	P Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0~15	kW
		1phase	0~45	kW
	<u>├</u>		0~30	kW
	QL Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0~15	kVar
		1phase	0~45	kVar
		reverse	0~30	kVar
RLC	QC Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0~15	kVar
		1phase	0~45	kVar
		reverse	0~30	kVar
	R Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0.333~333.333	Ω
	it hange	1phase	0.111~111.111	Ω
		reverse	0.667~666.667	Ω
	L Pango	(3phase/multichannel)	0.333~1666.667	mH
	L Range	1phase	0.111~555.556	mH
		reverse	0.667~3333.333	mH
	C Denne	(3phase/multichannel)	0.003~15	mF
	C Range	1phase	0.009~45	mF
		reverse	0.002~7.5	mF



Voltage Slew Rate, Typical	2	≥2 V/µs with full-scale programmed voltage step		
Output Isolation		550Va		
		С		
leasurement para				T
	Resolution		0.01	V
Voltage RMS	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1%+0.1% F.S.	
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S.	
	Resolutio		0.01	A
Current RMS	n Accuracy	DC,16 $\sim$	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S.	_
		DC,16∼ 150Hz	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S.	
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S.	
Peak current	Resolutio n		0.01	A
	Accuracy	DC,16 $\sim$ 150Hz	<0.4% + 0.6% F.S.	
Output power	Resolutio n		0.001	kW
	Accuracy	DC,16 $\sim$ 150Hz	<0.4% +0.4% F.S.	
Harmonic measurement	Max.	50/60Hz	up to 50	orders
egenerative				-
Max. Regenerative power		45k		VA
THD		< 5%		
others				
Efficiency	typ		88%	
Protection			OPP, OTP, FAN, ECP, Sense	
dimension	H x W x D	550.00mm (W)*907.6	(H)*841mm(D)(909mm include co	over)
Weight			203.32kg	
Working			0℃-50℃	
Programming response time			2ms	
Remote Sense Compensatio			20V	
Voltage Communication interface		Built-in USB/CAN/LAN/Digita	I IO interface, optional GPIB / An	alog&RS2

interface 220 ) ±10%, 3 phase AC input, the power of 12kw and above is 60% of the rated.

\*2 Under the output frequency of 50Hz/60Hz, the maximum CF is 6 without exceeding the peak current; under the condition of full current and full power, the maximum CF is 3.

 $^{\star3}$  30kW and above models need to be tested in sense remote measurement mode.

\*4 The dynamic response time test condition is: DC high-speed mode, and the capacitance of the DUT to be less than 10uF

All the above parameters are subject to change without prior notice from ITECH.

## IT7960-350-360

Input parameters					
	Wiring connection		3 phase 3wire + ground(PE)		
AC Input	Line voltage	RMS	(200~220)±10% (380~480)±10% *1	V	
	Line current	RMS	< 133	Α	
	Apparent power		< 70	kVA	
	Frequency		45~65	Hz	
	Power factor	typ	0.98		
<b>Output parameter</b>	S				
		VLN	0~350	V	
	Output voltage	VLL (3phase)	0~606	V	
		VLL (reverse)	0~700	V	



				ical Specifi
		RMS (1phase)	360	A
		Crest Factor*2	6	
	Output current	Peak (1phase)	1080	A
		RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	120	A
		Peak (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	360	A
		Per Phase	20k	VA
	Output power	Max. Power (reverse phase)	40k	VA
		Max. Power (1phase/3phase/multichannel	60k	VA
	Voltage setting	,		
	Range	1phase/3phase/multichannel	0~350	V
AC Output	-	reverse	0~700	V
	Resolution		0.01	V
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.1% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	DC Voltage Offset	typ	0.02	Vdc
	Current Limit setting			
	Range	RMS (1phase)	360	A
	Kange	RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse	120	A
	Resolution	)	0.1	A
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.2% F.S	
	Temperature			
	coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Frequency Range		16~150	Hz
	Resolution			
			0.01 0.01%	Hz
	Accuracy waveform	50/60Hz	up to 50	order
	synthesizer	50/00HZ	up to 50	order
	Phase			
	Range		0~360	0
	Resolution		0.1	0
	Voltage setting		0.1	
		1phase/multichannel	-495~495	Vdc
	Range	reverse	-990~990	Vdc
	Becalution	Tevelse	0.01	Vuc
	Resolution Accuracy		<0.1%+0.1% F.S	V
			VUI/0TUI/0 F.O	
	-			
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	Temperature coefficient			
DC Output	Temperature coefficient Current setting	multichannel/reverse	< 100ppm/°C F.S	Adc
DC Output	Temperature coefficient	multichannel/reverse	< 100ppm/°C F.S -120~120	
DC Output	Temperature coefficient Current setting Range		< 100ppm/°C F.S -120~120 -360~360	Adc
DC Output	Temperature coefficient Current setting Range Resolution		< 100ppm/°C F.S -120~120 -360~360 0.1	
DC Output	Temperature coefficient Current setting Range Resolution Accuracy		< 100ppm/°C F.S -120~120 -360~360 0.1 <0.3%+0.3% F.S	Adc
DC Output	Temperature coefficient Current setting Range Resolution		< 100ppm/°C F.S -120~120 -360~360 0.1	Adc
DC Output	Temperature coefficient Current setting Range Resolution Accuracy Temperature coefficient Max. power	1phase	< 100ppm/°C F.S -120~120 -360~360 0.1 <0.3%+0.3% F.S < 200ppm/°C F.S	Adc
DC Output	Temperature coefficient Current setting Range Resolution Accuracy Temperature coefficient Max. power Phase power	1phase	< 100ppm/°C F.S -120~120 -360~360 0.1 <0.3%+0.3% F.S	Adc
DC Output	Temperature coefficient         Current setting         Range         Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature coefficient         Max. power         Phase power         Max. power (reverse	1phase	< 100ppm/°C F.S -120~120 -360~360 0.1 <0.3%+0.3% F.S < 200ppm/°C F.S	Adc A
DC Output	Temperature coefficient Current setting Range Resolution Accuracy Temperature coefficient Max. power Phase power	1phase Per Phase Max. Power (reverse phase ) Max. Power	< 100ppm/°C F.S -120~120 -360~360 0.1 <0.3%+0.3% F.S < 200ppm/°C F.S 20k	Adc A
DC Output	Temperature coefficientCurrent settingRangeResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientMax. powerPhase powerMax. power (reverse phase)Total power	1phase Per Phase Max. Power ( reverse phase )	< 100ppm/°C F.S -120~120 -360~360 0.1 <0.3%+0.3% F.S < 200ppm/°C F.S 20k 40k 60k	Adc A W W
	Temperature coefficient Current setting Range Resolution Accuracy Temperature coefficient Max. power Phase power Max. power (reverse phase)	1phase Per Phase Max. Power (reverse phase ) Max. Power	<100ppm/°C F.S -120~120 -360~360 0.1 <0.3%+0.3% F.S <200ppm/°C F.S 20k 40k 60k <0.05% F.S. <0.05% + 0.05%	Adc A W W
DC Output	Temperature coefficient         Current setting         Range         Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature coefficient         Max. power         Phase power         Max. power (reverse phase)         Total power         Line regulation         Load regulation *3	1phase       Per Phase       Max. Power       (reverse phase )       Max. Power       (1phase/multichannel )	<100ppm/°C F.S -120~120 -360~360 0.1 <0.3%+0.3% F.S <200ppm/°C F.S 20k 40k 60k <0.05% F.S.	W W
	Temperature coefficientCurrent settingRangeResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientMax. powerPhase powerMax. power (reverse phase)Total powerLine regulation	1phase       Per Phase       Max. Power       (reverse phase )       Max. Power       (1phase/multichannel )	<100ppm/°C F.S -120~120 -360~360 0.1 <0.3%+0.3% F.S <200ppm/°C F.S 20k 40k 60k <0.05% F.S. <0.05% + 0.05%	Adc A W W
	Temperature coefficientCurrent settingRangeResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientMax. powerPhase powerMax. power (reverse phase)Total powerLine regulationLoad regulation *3THDVoltage ripple	1phase       Per Phase       Max. Power       (reverse phase )       Max. Power       (1phase/multichannel )       DC,16Hz~150Hz	<100ppm/°C F.S -120~120 -360~360 0.1 <0.3%+0.3% F.S <200ppm/°C F.S 20k 40k 60k <0.05% F.S. <0.05% F.S. <0.05% F.S.	Adc A W W
	Temperature coefficient         Current setting         Range         Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature coefficient         Max. power         Phase power         Max. power (reverse phase)         Total power         Line regulation         Load regulation *3         THD	1phase         Per Phase         Max. Power         (reverse phase )         Max. Power         (1phase/multichannel )         DC,16Hz~150Hz         16Hz~150Hz	<100ppm/°C F.S -120~120 -360~360 0.1 <0.3%+0.3% F.S <200ppm/°C F.S 20k 40k 60k <0.05% F.S. <0.05% + 0.05% F.S. <0.5%	Adc A W W W

# 

1	<u>г</u>	1phase		ical Specifica Ω
Programmable	R Range	reverse	0∼0.083	Ω
impedance	-		0∼0.5 0∼-250	uΗ
	L Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0~250	
	5	1phase	0~83.333	uH
		reverse	0~500	uH
	P Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0~20	kW
		1phase	0~60	kW
		reverse	0~40	kW
	QL Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0~20	kVar
	<u>u</u> nungo	1phase	0~60	kVar
		reverse	0~40	kVar
RLC	QC Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0~20	kVar
		1phase	0~60	kVar
		reverse	0~40	kVar
		(3phase/multichannel)	0.25~250	Ω
	R Range	1phase	0.083~83.333	Ω
		reverse	0.5~500	Ω
		(3phase/multichannel)	0.25~1250	mH
	L Range	1phase	0.083~416.667	mH
		reverse	0.5~2500	mH
	_	(3phase/multichannel)	0.004~20	mF
	C Range	1phase	0.012~60	mF
	•	reverse	0.002~10	mF
Voltage Slew				
Rate,	2	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v	oltage step	
Typical				
Output Isolation		550Vac		
leasurement para			0.01	V
	Resolution Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S.	V
Voltage RMS	Temperature	DC, 10 ~ 150Hz	< 0.1%+0.1% F.3.	
	coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S.	
	Resolutio		0.01	А
Current RMS	n			
	Accuracy	DC,16 $\sim$	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S.	
-	-	150Hz		
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S.	
Deal a suret	Resolutio		0.01	Α
Peak current	n		0.01	~
	Accuracy	DC,16 $\sim$	<0.4% + 0.6% F.S.	
	-	150Hz		
Output power	Resolutio		0.001	kW
e alpar perior	n			
	Accuracy	DC,16 $\sim$	<0.4% +0.4% F.S.	
		150Hz		
Harmonic measurement	Max.	50/60Hz	up to 50	orders
Regenerative				
Max.		60k		VA
Regenerative		OUK		VA
power				
THD		<		
Others		5%		
Efficiency	typ		88%	
Protection	46		PP, OTP, FAN, ECP, Sense	
dimension	HxWxD		*841mm(D)(909mm include co	ver)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,
Weight			299.82kg	
Working			℃-50°C	
Programming response time			2ms	
Remote				
Sense			20V	
Compensatio				
Voltage				



Communication interface

Built-in USB/CAN/LAN/Digital IO interface, optional GPIB / Analog&RS232

\*1 (  $200 \sim 220$  ) ±10%, 3 phase AC input, the power of 12kw and above is 60% of the rated.

\*2 Under the output frequency of 50Hz/60Hz, the maximum CF is 6 without exceeding the peak current; under the condition of full current and full power, the maximum CF is 3.

\*3 30kW and above models need to be tested in sense remote measurement mode.

\*4 The dynamic response time test condition is: DC high-speed mode, and the capacitance of the DUT to be less than 10uF

All the above parameters are subject to change without prior notice from ITECH.

## IT7975-350-450

	Wiring connection		se 3wire + Ind(PE)	
AC Input	Line voltage	RMS	(200~220) ±10% (380~480) ±10%	V
	Line current	RMS	< 167	A
	Apparent power		< 87	kVA
	Frequency		45~65	Hz
	Power factor	typ	0.98	
itput parameter	'S			
	Output voltage	VLN	0~350	V
	output voltage	VLL (3phase)	0~606	V
		VLL (reverse)	0~700	V
		RMS (1phase)	450	A
		Crest Factor*2	6	
	Output current	Peak (1phase)	1350	A
		RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	150	A
		Peak (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	450	A
		Per Phase	25k	VA
	Output power	Max. Power (reverse phase) Max. Power	50k	VA
		(1phase/3phase/multichannel	75k	VA
	Voltage setting			
	Range	1phase/3phase/multichannel	0~350	V
AC Output	-	reverse	0~700	V
	Resolution		0.01	V
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.1% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	DC Voltage Offset	typ	0.02	Vdc
	Current Limit setting			-
	Range	RMS (1phase) RMS	450	A
		(3phase/multichannel/reverse	150	A
	Resolution		0.1	А
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.2% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Frequency			
	Range		16~150	Hz
	Resolution		0.01	Hz
	Accuracy	50/6011-	0.01%	o nate
	waveform synthesizer	50/60Hz	up to 50	order
	Phase			
	Range		0~360	0
	Resolution		0.1	0
	Voltage setting			
	Range	1phase/multichannel	-495~495	Vdc
	nange	reverse	-990~990	Vdc
	Resolution		0.01	V
	Accuracy		<0.1%+0.1% F.S	

# 

				ical Specifica
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	Current setting			
	Range	multichannel/reverse	-150~150	Adc
DC Output	Kange	1phase	-450~450	Adc
	Resolution		0.1	A
	Accuracy		<0.3%+0.3% F.S	~ ~
	Temperature			
	coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Max. power			
	Phase power	Per Phase	25k	W
	Max. power (reverse phase)	Max. Power (reverse phase)	50k	W
	Total power	Max. Power (1phase/multichannel)	75k	W
	Line regulation		<0.05% F.S.	
Voltage stability	Load regulation *3	DC,16Hz $\sim$ 150Hz	<0.05% + 0.05% F.S.	
	THD	16Hz~150Hz	<0.5%	
	Voltage ripple	RMS	< 0.8	V
	Dynamic response	typ	1000	us
	*4	-7 F		
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~0.2	Ω
Programmable	R Range	1phase	0~0.067	Ω
impedance		reverse	0~0.4	Ω
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~200	uH
	L Range	1phase	0~66.667	uH
		•		
			0~400	uH
	P Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0~25	kW
		1phase	0~75	kW
		reverse	0~50	kW
	QL Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0~25	kVar
		1phase	0~75	kVar
		reverse	0~50	kVar
RLC	QC Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0~25	kVar
NEO		1phase	0~75	kVar
		reverse	0~50	kVar
		(3phase/multichannel)	0.2~200	Ω
	R Range	1phase	0.067~66.667	Ω
	-	reverse	0.4~400	Ω
		(3phase/multichannel)	0.2~1000	mH
	L Range			
		1phase	0.067~333.333	mH
	<u>├</u>	reverse	0.4~2000	mH
	C Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0.005~25	mF
		1phase	0.015~75	mF
		reverse	0.003~12.5	mF
Voltage Slew Rate, Typical	≥2	V/µs with full-scale programmed v	oltage step	
Output Isolation		550Va		
Measurement para	ameter	C		
nousurement para	Resolution		0.01	V
Voltage RMS	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1%+0.1% F.S.	- ·
VUILAYE AIVIO	Temperature	20,10 10012		
	coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S.	
	Resolutio		0.01	A
Current RMS	n Accuracy	DC,16~	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S.	
	Temperature	150Hz	< 200mmm/°⊂ ⊑ 0	
	coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S.	
Peak current	Resolutio		0.01	A
	n Accuracy	DC,16 $\sim$	<0.4% + 0.6% F.S.	_



		150Hz		
Output power	Resolutio n		0.001	kW
	Accuracy	DC,16~ 150Hz	<0.4% +0.4% F.S.	
Harmonic measurement	Max.	50/60Hz	up to 50	orders
Regenerative		•	•	
Max. Regenerative power		75k		VA
THD		< 5%		
Others				
Efficiency	typ		88%	
Protection		OVP, OCP,	OPP, OTP, FAN, ECP, Sense	
dimension	H x W x D	600.00mm (W)*1475(	H)*841mm(D)(909mm include co	over)
Weight			344.12kg	
Working			0°C-50°C	
Programming response time			2ms	
Remote Sense Compensatio n Voltage			20V	
Communication interface		Built-in USB/CAN/LAN/Digital	IO interface, optional GPIB / An	alog&RS232

 \*1 (200~220) ±10%, 3 phase AC input, the power of 12kw and above is 60% of the rated.
 \*2 Under the output frequency of 50Hz/60Hz, the maximum CF is 6 without exceeding the peak current; under the condition of full current and full power, the maximum CF is 3.

\*3 30kW and above models need to be tested in sense remote measurement mode.

\*4 The dynamic response time test condition is: DC high-speed mode, and the capacitance of the DUT to be less than 10uF

All the above parameters are subject to change without prior notice from ITECH.

#### IT7990-350-450

put parameters				
	Wiring connection		se 3wire + und(PE)	
AC Input	Line voltage	RMS	( 200~220 ) ±10% *1 ( 380~480 ) ±10%	V
	Line current	RMS	< 200	A
	Apparent power		< 104	kVA
	Frequency		45~65	Hz
	Power factor	typ	0.98	
utput parameters				
	Output valtage	VLN	0~350	V
	Output voltage	VLL (3phase)	0~606	V
		VLL (reverse)	0~700	V
	Output current	RMS (1phase)	540	Α
		Crest Factor *2	6	
		Peak (1phase)	1620	Α
		RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	180	A
		Peak (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	540	А
		Per Phase	30k	VA
	Output power	Max. Power (reverse phase)	60k	VA
		Max. Power (1phase/3phase/multichannel )	90k	VA
	Voltage setting			•
	Range	1phase/3phase/multichannel	0~350	V
AC Output		reverse	0~700	V
	Resolution		0.01	V
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.1% F.S	



	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
·	DC Voltage Offset	typ	0.02	Vdc
	Current Limit setting		0.02	100
	Range -	RMS (1phase)	540	А
	Tango	RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	180	A
	Resolution		0.1	A
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.2% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Frequency		40, 450	
	Range		16~150	Hz
	Resolution Accuracy		0.01	Hz
·	waveform	50/60Hz	up to 50	orde
	synthesizer			S
	Phase			
	Range		0~360	0
	Resolution		0.1	0
ļ	Voltage setting			
	Range	1phase/multichannel	-495~495	Vdc
		reverse	-990~990	Vdc
ļ	Resolution		0.01	V
ļ	Accuracy		<0.1%+0.1% F.S	<u> </u>
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
r	Current setting	multichannel/reverse	400 400	A _1 -
DC Output	Range		-180~180	Adc
ŀ	Resolution	1phase	<u>-540~540</u> 0.1	Add
	Accuracy			A
	Temperature		<0.3%+0.3% F.S	
	coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Max. power			- T
·	Phase power Max. power	Per Channel Max. Power	30k	W
	(reverse phase)	(reverse phase)	60k	W
	Total power	Max. Power (1phase/multichannel)	90k	W
	Line regulation		<0.05% F.S.	
tage stability	Load regulation *3	DC,16Hz~150Hz	<0.05% + 0.05% F.S.	
1	THD	16Hz~150Hz	<0.5%	
1	Voltage ripple	RMS	< 0.9	V
	Dynamic response *4	typ	1000	us
	D D	(3phase/multichannel)	0~0.167	Ω
ogrammable	R Range	1phase	0~0.056	Ω
mpedance	ľ	reverse	0~0.333	Ω
1		(3phase/multichannel)	0~166.667	uH
	L Range	1phase	0~55.556	uH
	Ē	reverse	0~333.333	uH
	D D D D D	(3phase/multichannel)	0~30	kW
	P Range	1phase	0~90	kW
	Ē	reverse	0~60	kW
1	0.5	(3phase/multichannel)	0~30	kVai
	QL Range	1phase	0~90	kVa
	Ē	reverse	0~60	kVai
-islanding RLC	0.0 -	(3phase/multichannel)	0~30	kVa
	QC Range	1phase	0~90	kVai
	F	reverse	0~60	kVai
				-
	R Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0.167~166.667	Ω



		reverse	0.333~333.333	Ω
		(3phase/multichannel)	0.167~833.333	mH
	L Range	1phase	0.056~277.778	mH
		reverse	0.333~1666.667	mH
		(3phase/multichannel)	0.006~30	mF
	C Range	1phase	0.018~90	mF
		reverse	0.003~15	mF
Voltage Slew Rate,		≥2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v		
Typical			voltage step	
Output Isolation		550Va c		
Measurement paran	neter	C		
	Resolutio		0.01	V
Voltage RMS	n			
-	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1%+0.1% F.S.	
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C	
	Resolutio		<u>ES</u> 0.01	A
Current RMS	n			
	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S.	
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/°C E S	
Peak current	Resolutio n		0.01	A
	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.4% + 0.6% F.S.	
Output power	Resolutio n		0.001	kW
	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.4% +0.4% F.S.	
Harmonic measurement	Max.	50/60Hz	up to 50	order s
Regenerative		1	1	<u></u>
Max. Regenerative power		90k		VA
Output Current THD		< 5%		
Others		I		
Efficiency	typ		88%	
Protection			PP, OTP, FAN, ECP, Sense	
Working		0	°C-50°C	
Programming response time			2ms	
Dimension		600.0000mm (W) *1475 (H) *841mn	n (D) (909mm include handle and	cover)
Weight		3	389.42kg	
Remote		1		
Sense Compensation Voltage			20V	
Communication interface		Built-in USB/CAN/LAN/Digital IC	) interface, optional GPIB / Ana	alog&RS23

\*1 (200~220) ±10%, the power of 12kw and above is 60% of the rated.
 \*2 Under the output frequency of 50Hz/60Hz, the maximum CF is 6 without exceeding the peak current; under the condition of full current and full power, the maximum CF is 3.

\*3 30kW and above models need to be tested in sense remote measurement mode.

\*4 The dynamic response time test condition is: DC high-speed mode, and the capacitance of the DUT to be less than 10uF All the above parameters are subject to change without prior notice from ITECH.

#### IT79105-350-450

	Wiring connection	:	3 phase 3wire + ground(PE)	
AC Input	Line voltage	RMS	(200~220)±10% *1 (380~480)±10%	V
	Line current	RMS	< 233	А
	Apparent power		< 122	kVA



	Frequency	I		Hz
	Frequency Power factor	typ	<u>45~65</u> 0.98	
utput parameters		typ	0.30	
		VLN	0~350	V
	Output voltage	VLL (3phase)	0~606	V
		VLL (reverse)	0~700	V
		RMS (1phase)	630	Â
		Crest Factor *2	6	
		Peak (1phase)	1890	A
	Output current	RMS		
		(3phase/multichannel/reverse)	210	A
		Peak	630	А
		(3phase/multichannel/reverse)		
		Per Phase	35k	VA
	Output power	Max. Power (reverse phase)	70k	VA
	e alpar perior	Max. Power	105	
		(1phase/3phase/multichannel	105k	VA
		)		
	Voltage setting			-
	Range	1phase/3phase/multichannel	0~350	V
AC Output		reverse	0~700	V
	Resolution		0.01	V
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.1% F.S	
	Temperature		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	coefficient		0.02	Vdc
	DC Voltage Offset Current Limit setting	typ	0.02	Vac
	Current Linnt Setting	RMS		<u> </u>
	Bongo	(1phase)	630	A
	Range	RMS	210	А
		(3phase/multichannel/reverse)	210	
	Resolution		0.1	A
	Accuracy	16Hz $\sim$ 150Hz	< 0.1%+0.2% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Frequency Range		16~150	Hz
	Resolution		0.01	Hz
	Accuracy		0.01%	
	waveform	50/60Hz	up to 50	order
	synthesizer	30/00112	up 10 50	S
	Phase			
	Range		0~360	0
	Resolution		0.1	0
	Voltage setting			
	Range	1phase/multichannel	-495~495	Vdc
		reverse	-990~990	Vdc
	Resolution		0.01	V
	Accuracy		<0.1%+0.1% F.S	
	Temperature			
	coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	Current setting			
DC Output	Range	multichannel/reverse	-210~210	Adc
-	_	1phase	-630~630	Adc
	Resolution		0.1	А
	Accuracy		<0.3%+0.3% F.S	
	Temperature		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	coefficient			
	Max. power		051	
	Phase power	Per Channel	35k	W
	Max. power (reverse	Max. Power (reverse phase)	70k	W
	(reverse phase)	(Teverse priase)		
	p		4051	W
	Total namer	Max. Power		• VV
	Total power	Max. Power (1phase/multichannel)	105k	
	Total power Line regulation		<0.05% F.S.	



Voltage stability	THD	16Hz~150Hz	F.S. <0.5%	
	Voltage ripple	RMS	< 1	V
	Dynamic response	typ	1000	us
	*4	-7 F		
	P. Pongo	(3phase/multichannel)	0~0.143	Ω
Programmable	R Range	1phase	0~0.048	Ω
impedance		reverse	0~0.286	Ω
	L Demma	(3phase/multichannel)	0~142.857	uH
	L Range	1phase	0~47.619	uH
		reverse	0~285.714	uH
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~35	kW
	P Range	1phase	0~105	kW
		reverse	0~70	kW
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~35	kVar
	QL Range	1phase	0~105	kVar
		reverse	0~70	kVar
Anti-islanding RLC		(3phase/multichannel)	0~35	kVar
	QC Range	1phase	0~105	kVar
		reverse	0~70	kVar
		(3phase/multichannel)	0.143~142.857	Ω
	R Range	1phase	0.048~47.619	Ω
		reverse	0.286~285.714	Ω
		(3phase/multichannel)	0.143~714.286	mH
	L Range	1phase	0.048~238.095	mH
		reverse	0.286~1428.571	mH
		(3phase/multichannel)	0.007~35	mF
	C Range	1phase	0.021~105	mF
		reverse	$0.004 \sim 17.5$	mF
	>		0.004~17.5	
Typical	≥	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v		
	≥	2 V/μs with full-scale programmed 550Va		
Typical Output Isolation		2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v		
Typical Output Isolation	neter	2 V/μs with full-scale programmed 550Va	voltage step	
Typical Output Isolation		2 V/μs with full-scale programmed 550Va		
Typical Output Isolation	neter Resolutio	2 V/μs with full-scale programmed 550Va	0.01 0.01 <0.1%+0.1%	
Typical Output Isolation	neter Resolutio n Accuracy	2 V/μs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c	voltage step 0.01	
Typical Output Isolation	neter Resolutio n Accuracy	2 V/μs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c	0.01 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S.	
Typical Output Isolation Ieasurement para	neter Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient	2 V/μs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c	0.01 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S. < 100ppm/°C F S	V
Typical Output Isolation <b>//easurement parar</b> Voltage RMS	neter Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio	2 V/μs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c	0.01 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S. < 100ppm/℃	
Typical Output Isolation	neter Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c DC,16~150Hz	0.01 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S. <100ppm/°C F.S 0.01	V
Typical Output Isolation <b>//easurement parar</b> Voltage RMS	neter Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio	2 V/μs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c	0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01% F.S. 0.01% 0.01 0.01% 0.1% + 0.2%	V
Typical Output Isolation Measurement paran Voltage RMS	neter Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c DC,16~150Hz	0.01 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S. <100ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.1% + 0.2% F.S.	V
Typical Output Isolation Measurement paran Voltage RMS	neter Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c DC,16~150Hz	0.01 0.01 0.01 0.1%+0.1% F.S. < 100ppm/℃ F.S 0.01 <0.1% + 0.2% F.S. < 200ppm/℃	V
Typical Output Isolation <b>Measurement paran</b> Voltage RMS Current RMS	neter Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c DC,16~150Hz	0.01 0.01 0.01 0.1%+0.1% F.S. < 100ppm/°C <u>F.S.</u> 0.01 <0.1% + 0.2% F.S. < 200ppm/°C F.S.	V A
Typical Output Isolation Measurement paran Voltage RMS	neter Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c DC,16~150Hz	0.01 0.01 0.01 0.1%+0.1% F.S. < 100ppm/℃ F.S 0.01 <0.1% + 0.2% F.S. < 200ppm/℃	V
Typical Output Isolation <b><i>Measurement parar</i></b> Voltage RMS Current RMS	neter Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Resolutio n Resolutio n Resolutio n Resolutio n	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz	0.01 0.01 0.01 0.1%+0.1% F.S. 0.01 0.01 0.1% + 0.2% F.S. 0.01 0.01 0.01	V A
Typical Output Isolation <b><i>Measurement parar</i></b> Voltage RMS Current RMS	neter Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c DC,16~150Hz	0.01 0.01 0.01 0.1%+0.1% F.S. < 100ppm/°C E S 0.01 <0.1% + 0.2% F.S. < 200ppm/°C E S	V V A
Typical Output Isolation Measurement paran Voltage RMS Current RMS Peak current	neter Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Resolutio n Resolutio n Resolutio n Resolutio n	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz	0.01 0.01 0.01 0.1%+0.1% F.S. < 100ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.1% + 0.2% F.S. < 200ppm/°C F.S. 0.01 <0.4% + 0.6%	V V A
Typical Output Isolation <b><i>Measurement parar</i></b> Voltage RMS Current RMS	neter Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy Resolutio n Accuracy Resolutio n Accuracy Resolutio n	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz	0.01 $< 0.1\% + 0.1\%$ F.S. $< 100$ ppm/°C         F.S. $< 0.1\% + 0.2\%$ F.S. $< 200$ ppm/°C         F.S. $< 200$ ppm/°C         F.S. $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$	A
Typical Output Isolation Measurement paran Voltage RMS Current RMS Peak current	neter Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy Resolutio n Accuracy Resolutio n Accuracy Resolutio	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz	0.01 $< 0.1\% + 0.1\%$ F.S. $< 100$ ppm/°C         F.S. $< 0.1\% + 0.2\%$ F.S. $< 200$ ppm/°C         F.S. $< 200$ ppm/°C         F.S. $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$ $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$	A
Typical Output Isolation Measurement paran Voltage RMS Current RMS Peak current Output power	neter Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy Resolutio n Accuracy Resolutio n Accuracy Resolutio n	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz	0.01 $< 0.1\% + 0.1\%$ F.S. $< 100ppm/°C$ F.S. $< 0.1\% + 0.2\%$ F.S. $< 200ppm/°C$ F.S. $< 200ppm/°C$ F.S. $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$ $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$	V V A A
Typical Output Isolation Measurement paran Voltage RMS Current RMS Peak current	neter Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy Resolutio n Accuracy Resolutio n Accuracy Resolutio n	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz	0.01 $< 0.1\% + 0.1\%$ F.S. $< 100$ ppm/°C         F.S. $< 0.1\% + 0.2\%$ F.S. $< 200$ ppm/°C         F.S. $< 200$ ppm/°C         F.S. $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$ $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$	V V A A A A KW
Typical Output Isolation Ieasurement paran Voltage RMS Current RMS Peak current Output power Harmonic measurement	neter           Resolutio           n           Accuracy           Temperature           coefficient           Resolutio           n           Accuracy           Temperature           coefficient           Resolutio           n           Accuracy           Temperature           coefficient           Resolutio           n           Accuracy           Resolutio           n           Accuracy           Resolutio           n           Accuracy           Resolutio           n           Accuracy	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz	0.01 $< 0.1\% + 0.1\%$ F.S. $< 100ppm/°C$ F.S. $< 0.1\% + 0.2\%$ F.S. $< 200ppm/°C$ F.S. $< 200ppm/°C$ F.S. $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$ $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$	V V A A A KW
Typical Output Isolation Measurement paran Voltage RMS Current RMS Peak current Output power Harmonic measurement Regenerative	neter           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Accuracy           Temperature         coefficient           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Temperature           Temperature         coefficient           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Temperature           Coefficient         Resolutio           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Resolutio           Accuracy         Accuracy           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Resolutio	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz 50/60Hz	0.01 $< 0.1\% + 0.1\%$ F.S. $< 100ppm/°C$ F.S. $< 0.1\% + 0.2\%$ F.S. $< 200ppm/°C$ F.S. $< 200ppm/°C$ F.S. $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$ $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$	V V A A A KW order S
Typical Output Isolation Measurement paran Voltage RMS Current RMS Peak current Output power Harmonic measurement Regenerative Max. Regenerative power	neter           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Accuracy           Temperature         coefficient           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Temperature           Temperature         coefficient           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Temperature           Coefficient         Resolutio           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Resolutio           Accuracy         Accuracy           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Resolutio	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz 50/60Hz 105k	0.01 $< 0.1\% + 0.1\%$ F.S. $< 100ppm/°C$ F.S. $< 0.1\% + 0.2\%$ F.S. $< 200ppm/°C$ F.S. $< 200ppm/°C$ F.S. $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$ $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$	V V A A A A KW
Typical Output Isolation Measurement paran Voltage RMS Current RMS Peak current Output power Harmonic measurement Regenerative Max. Regenerative power Dutput Current THD	neter           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Accuracy           Temperature         coefficient           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Temperature           Temperature         coefficient           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Temperature           Coefficient         Resolutio           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Resolutio           Accuracy         Accuracy           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Resolutio	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz 50/60Hz	0.01 $< 0.1\% + 0.1\%$ F.S. $< 100ppm/°C$ F.S. $< 0.1\% + 0.2\%$ F.S. $< 200ppm/°C$ F.S. $< 200ppm/°C$ F.S. $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$ $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$	V V A A A KW order S
Typical Output Isolation Measurement paran Voltage RMS Current RMS Peak current Output power Harmonic measurement Regenerative Max. Regenerative power Dutput Current THD Others	neter         Resolutio         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Max.	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz 50/60Hz 105k	0.01 $< 0.1\% + 0.1\%$ F.S. $< 100$ ppm/°C         F.S. $< 0.1\% + 0.2\%$ F.S. $< 200$ ppm/°C         F.S. $< 200$ ppm/°C         F.S. $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$ $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$ $< 0.4\% + 0.4\%$ F.S.         up to 50	V V A A A KW order S
Typical Output Isolation Measurement paran Voltage RMS Current RMS Peak current Output power Harmonic measurement Regenerative Max. Regenerative power Dutput Current THD Dthers Efficiency	neter           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Accuracy           Temperature         coefficient           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Temperature           Temperature         coefficient           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Temperature           Coefficient         Resolutio           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Resolutio           Accuracy         Accuracy           Resolutio         n           Accuracy         Resolutio	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz 50/60Hz 105k < 5%	0.01 $< 0.1\% + 0.1\%$ F.S. $< 100$ ppm/°C         F.S. $< 0.1\% + 0.2\%$ F.S. $< 200$ ppm/°C         F.S. $< 200$ ppm/°C         F.S. $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$ $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$ $< 0.4\% + 0.4\%$ F.S.         up to 50         88%	A A A KW order s
Output Isolation  Measurement parar Voltage RMS Current RMS Peak current Output power Harmonic measurement Regenerative Max. Regenerative power Output Current THD Others	neter         Resolutio         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Resolutio         n         Accuracy         Max.	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v 550Va c DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz 50/60Hz 105k < 5% OVP, OCP, OF	0.01 $< 0.1\% + 0.1\%$ F.S. $< 100$ ppm/°C         F.S. $< 0.1\% + 0.2\%$ F.S. $< 200$ ppm/°C         F.S. $< 200$ ppm/°C         F.S. $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$ $< 0.4\% + 0.6\%$ F.S. $0.1$ $< 0.4\% + 0.4\%$ F.S.         up to 50	V A A A KW order s



Programming response time	2ms
Dimension	600.0000mm (W)*1475(H)*841mm(D)(909mm include handle and cover)
Weight	433.72kg
Remote Sense Compensation Voltage	20V
Communication interface	Built-in USB/CAN/LAN/Digital IO interface, optional GPIB / Analog&RS232

\*1 (200~220) ±10%, the power of 12kw and above is 60% of the rated.
\*2 Under the output frequency of 50Hz/60Hz, the maximum CF is 6 without exceeding the peak current; under the condition of full current and full power, the maximum CF is 3.
\*3 30kW and above models need to be tested in sense remote measurement mode.

\*4 The dynamic response time test condition is: DC high-speed mode, and the capacitance of the DUT to be less than 10uF All the above parameters are subject to change without prior notice from ITECH.

#### IT79120-350-450

nput parameters				
	Wiring	3 phase 3wire +		
	connection	gro	ound(PE)	-
AC Input	Line voltage	RMS	(200~220)±10% *1 (380~480)±10%	V
	Line current	RMS	< 266	Α
	Apparent power		< 139	kVA
	Frequency		45~65	Hz
	Power factor	typ	0.98	
output parameters				
	Output welter	VLN	0~350	V
	Output voltage	VLL (3phase)	0~606	V
		VLL (reverse)	0~700	V
		RMS (1phase)	720	А
		Crest Factor *2	6	
		Peak (1phase)	2160	А
	Output current	RMS		
		(3phase/multichannel/reverse)	240	A
		Peak (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	720	А
		Per Phase	40k	VA
	Output power	Max. Power (reverse phase)	80k	VA
	Calpar ponol	Max. Power (1phase/3phase/multichannel	120k	VA
		)		
	Voltage setting			T
	Range	1phase/3phase/multichannel	0~350	V
AC Output		reverse	0~700	V
	Resolution		0.01	V
	Accuracy	16Hz $\sim$ 150Hz	< 0.1%+0.1% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	DC Voltage Offset	typ	0.02	Vdc
	Current Limit setting			1
		RMS (1phase)	720	А
	Range -	RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	240	А
	Resolution		0.1	A
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.2% F.S	
	Temperature		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Coefficient			1
	Frequency Range		40. 450	Hz
			16~150	
	Resolution		0.01	Hz
	Accuracy	50/0011	0.01%	
	waveform	50/60Hz	up to 50	order
	synthesizer Phase			S
	rnase			



	Range		0~360	0
	Resolution		0.1	0
	Voltage setting			
	Range	1phase/multichannel	-495~495	Vdc
		reverse	-990~990	Vdc
	Resolution		0.01	V
	Accuracy		<0.1%+0.1% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	Current setting			1
DC Output		multichannel/reverse	-240~240	Adc
DC Oulpul	Range	1phase	-720~720	Adc
	Resolution		0.1	A
	Accuracy		<0.3%+0.3% F.S	
	Temperature			
	coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Max. power			
	Phase power	Per Channel	40k	W
	Max. power (reverse	Max. Power (reverse phase)	80k	W
	phase)			
	Total power	Max. Power	120k	W
	-	(1phase/multichannel)	-	
	Line regulation		<0.05% F.S.	_
Voltage stability	Load regulation *3	DC,16Hz~150Hz	<0.05% + 0.05%	
_ ,	TUD	4011- 45011	F.S.	
	THD Veltage ringle	16Hz~150Hz	<0.5%	V
	Voltage ripple Dynamic response	RMS	<u>&lt; 1.1</u> 1000	-
	*4	typ	1000	us
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~0.125	Ω
Programmable	R Range	1phase	0~0.042	Ω
impedance		reverse	0~0.25	Ω
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~125	uH
	L Range	1phase	0~41.667	uH
		reverse	0~250	uH
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~40	kW
	P Range	1phase	0~120	kW
		reverse	0~80	kW
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~40	kVar
	QL Range	1phase	0~120	kVa
		reverse	0~80	kVar
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~40	kVar
Anti-islanding RLC	QC Range	1phase	0~40 0~120	kVa
		reverse	<u> </u>	kVa
	<b>├</b> ─── <b>├</b>	(3phase/multichannel)	0~80	Ω
	R Range	1phase	0.125~125	Ω
		reverse	0.042~41.667	Ω
	<b>├</b> ─── <b>├</b>	(3phase/multichannel)	0.25~250	mH
	L Range	(Spriase/multichanner) 1phase		mH
		reverse	0.042~208.333	mH
		(3phase/multichannel)	0.25~1250	mH mF
	C Range		0.008~40	
		1phase	0.024~120	mF
Voltage Slew Rate,		reverse	0.004~20	mF
Typical	≥2	2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v	oltage step	
Output Isolation	1	550Va		
		c		
leasurement param				
	Resolutio		0.01	V
Voltage RMS	n			
	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1%+0.1%	
	Temperature		F.S.	



			F.S.	
	Resolutio		0.01	A
Current RMS	n			
	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S.	
Γ	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/°C	
Peak current	Resolutio n		0.01	A
	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.4% + 0.6% F.S.	
Output power	Resolutio n		0.1	kW
	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.4% +0.4% F.S.	
Harmonic measurement	Max.	50/60Hz	up to 50	order s
Regenerative				
Max. Regenerative power		120k		VA
Output Current THD		< 5%		
Others				
Efficiency	typ		88%	
Protection		OVP, OCP, O	OPP, OTP, FAN, ECP, Sense	
Working			0°C-50°C	
Dimension		600.0000mm (W) *1919 (H) *841r	nm(D)(909mm include handle and	cover)
Weight			502.2kg	
Programming response time			2ms	
Remote Sense Compensation Voltage			20V	
Communication interface		Built-in USB/CAN/LAN/Digital	IO interface, optional GPIB / An	alog&RS23

\*1 ( 200~220 ) ±10%, the power of 12kw and above is 60% of the rated.
\*2 Under the output frequency of 50Hz/60Hz, the maximum CF is 6 without exceeding the peak current; under the condition of full current and full power, the maximum CF is 3.
\*3 30kW and above models need to be tested in sense remote measurement mode.
\*4 The dynamic response time test condition is: DC high-speed mode, and the capacitance of the DUT to be less than 10uF All the above parameters are subject to change without prior notice from ITECH.

### IT79135-350-450

Input parameters				
	Wiring connection		ase 3wire + ound(PE)	
AC Input	Line voltage	RMS	( 200∼220 ) ±10% *1 ( 380∼480 ) ±10%	V
	Line current	RMS	< 299	А
	Apparent power		< 157	kVA
	Frequency		45~65	Hz
	Power factor	typ	0.98	



utput parameter	S			
		VLN	0~350	V
	Output voltage	VLL (3phase)	0~606	V
		VLL (reverse)	0~700	V
		RMS (1phase)	810	A
		Crest Factor *2	6	
	Output current	Peak (1phase)	2430	A
	Output current	RMS	270	А
		(3phase/multichannel/reverse)	270	A
		Peak (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	810	Α
		Per Phase	45k	VA
		Max. Power	-	
	Output power	(reverse phase)	90k	VA
		Max. Power (1phase/3phase/multichannel	135k	VA
	Voltage setting	)		
		1phase/3phase/multichannel	0~350	V
AC Output	Range	reverse	0~700	V
	Resolution	1070130	0.01	V
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.1% F.S	v
	Temperature			
	coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	DC Voltage Offset	typ	0.02	Vdc
	Current Limit setting			
	Range	RMS (1phase)	810	А
	Kange	RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	270	А
	Resolution	(1),	0.1	А
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.2% F.S	
	Temperature			
	coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Frequency			<b>.</b>
	Range		16~150	Hz
	Resolution		0.01	Hz
	Accuracy	70/0011	0.01%	
	waveform	50/60Hz	up to 50	order
	synthesizer Phase			
	Range		0~360	0
				0
	Resolution Voltage setting		0.1	
		1phase/multichannel	-495~495	Vdo
	Range	1phase/multichannel	-495~495 -990~990	
	Range	1phase/multichannel reverse	-990~990	Vdc
	Range Resolution		-990~990 0.01	
	Range Resolution Accuracy		-990~990 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S	Vdc
	Range Resolution		-990~990 0.01	Vdc
	Range Resolution Accuracy Temperature		-990~990 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S	Vdc
DC Output	Range Resolution Accuracy Temperature coefficient		-990~990 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S	Vdc V
DC Output	RangeResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientCurrent setting	reverse	-990~990 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S < 100ppm/°C F.S	Vdc V
DC Output	RangeResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientCurrent setting	reverse multichannel/reverse	-990~990 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S < 100ppm/°C F.S -270~270	Vdc V
DC Output	Range         Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Current setting         Range         Resolution         Accuracy	reverse multichannel/reverse	-990~990 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S < 100ppm/℃ F.S -270~270 -810~810	Vdc V
DC Output	Range         Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature coefficient         Current setting         Range         Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature	reverse multichannel/reverse	-990~990 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S < 100ppm/℃ F.S -270~270 -810~810 0.1	Vdc V
DC Output	Range         Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Current setting         Range         Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature         Coefficient	reverse multichannel/reverse	-990~990 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S < 100ppm/°C F.S -270~270 -810~810 0.1 <0.3%+0.3% F.S	Adc
DC Output	RangeResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientCurrent settingRangeResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientMax. power	reverse multichannel/reverse 1phase	-990~990 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S < 100ppm/°C F.S -270~270 -810~810 0.1 <0.3%+0.3% F.S < 200ppm/°C F.S	Adc Adc Adc
DC Output	RangeResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientCurrent settingRangeResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientMax. powerPhase power	reverse multichannel/reverse	-990~990 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S < 100ppm/°C F.S -270~270 -810~810 0.1 <0.3%+0.3% F.S < 200ppm/°C F.S 45k	Adc Adc Adc Adc W
DC Output	Range         Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Current setting         Range         Resolution         Accuracy         Temperature         coefficient         Max. power         Phase power         Max. power         (reverse	reverse multichannel/reverse 1phase Per Channel	-990~990 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S < 100ppm/°C F.S -270~270 -810~810 0.1 <0.3%+0.3% F.S < 200ppm/°C F.S	Adc Adc Adc
DC Output	RangeResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientCurrent settingRangeResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientMax. powerPhase powerMax. power	reverse multichannel/reverse 1phase Per Channel Max. Power (reverse phase ) Max. Power	-990~990 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S < 100ppm/°C F.S -270~270 -810~810 0.1 <0.3%+0.3% F.S < 200ppm/°C F.S 45k	Vdc V Adc Adc Adc Adc W
DC Output	RangeResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientCurrent settingRangeResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientMax. powerPhase powerMax. power (reverse phase)Total power	reverse multichannel/reverse 1phase Per Channel Max. Power (reverse phase )	-990~990 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S < 100ppm/°C F.S -270~270 -810~810 0.1 <0.3%+0.3% F.S < 200ppm/°C F.S 45k 90k 135k	Adc Adc Adc Adc W W
DC Output	RangeResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientCurrent settingRangeResolutionAccuracyTemperature coefficientMax. powerPhase powerMax. power (reverse phase)	reverse multichannel/reverse 1phase Per Channel Max. Power (reverse phase ) Max. Power	-990~990 0.01 <0.1%+0.1% F.S < 100ppm/°C F.S -270~270 -810~810 0.1 <0.3%+0.3% F.S < 200ppm/°C F.S 45k 90k	Adc Adc Adc Adc W W



	THD	16Hz~150Hz	<0.5%	itions
	Voltage ripple	RMS	< 1.2	V
	Dynamic response	typ	1000	us
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~0.111	Ω
Programmable	R Range	1phase	0~0.037	Ω
impedance		reverse	0~0.222	Ω
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~111.111	uH
	L Range	1phase	0~37.037	uH
		reverse	0~222.222	uH
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~45	kW
	P Range	1phase	0~135	kW
		reverse	0~90	kW
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~45	kVar
	QL Range	1phase	0~135	kVar
		reverse	0~90	kVar
Anti-islanding RLC	00.0	(3phase/multichannel)	0~45	kVar
	QC Range	1phase	0~135	kVar
		reverse	0~90	kVar
	D Damas	(3phase/multichannel)	0.111~111.111	Ω
	R Range	1phase	0.037~37.037	Ω
		reverse	0.222~222.222	Ω
	L Denne	(3phase/multichannel)	0.111~555.556	mH
	L Range	1phase	0.037~185.185	mH
		reverse	0.222~1111.111	mH
	C Denne	(3phase/multichannel)	0.009~45	mF
	C Range	1phase	0.027~135	mF
		reverse	0.005~22.5	mF
Voltage Slew Rate, Typical	≥2	2 V/μs with full-scale programmed v	oltage step	
Output Isolation		550Va		
Measurement parar	neter	C		
Voltage RMS	Resolutio n		0.01	V
	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1%+0.1%	
	Temperature		F.S.	_
	coefficient		< 100ppm/°C	
	Resolutio		<u> </u>	A
Current RMS			0.01	A
	n Accuracy	DC.16~150Hz		A
	n Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S.	A
		DC,16~150Hz	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S. < 200ppm/℃	
Peak current	Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S.	A
Peak current	Accuracy Temperature coefficient	DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S. < 200ppm/°C F S 0.01 <0.4% + 0.6%	
Peak current Output power	Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy Resolutio		<0.1% + 0.2% F.S. < 200ppm/℃ F S 0.01	
	Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy		<0.1% + 0.2% F.S. < 200ppm/°C F S 0.01 <0.4% + 0.6% F.S. 0.1 <0.4% +0.4%	A
	Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy Resolutio n	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S. < 200ppm/°C F S 0.01 <0.4% + 0.6% F.S. 0.1	A
Output power Harmonic measurement Regenerative	Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy Resolutio n Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S. < 200ppm/°C <u>F S</u> 0.01 <0.4% + 0.6% F.S. 0.1 <0.4% +0.4% F.S.	A
Output power Harmonic measurement Regenerative Max. Regenerative power	Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy Resolutio n Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz 50/60Hz 135k	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S. < 200ppm/°C <u>F S</u> 0.01 <0.4% + 0.6% F.S. 0.1 <0.4% +0.4% F.S.	A
Output power Harmonic measurement Regenerative Max. Regenerative power Dutput Current THD	Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy Resolutio n Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz 50/60Hz	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S. < 200ppm/°C <u>F S</u> 0.01 <0.4% + 0.6% F.S. 0.1 <0.4% +0.4% F.S.	A A kW orders
Output power Harmonic measurement Regenerative Max. Regenerative power Dutput Current THD Dthers	Accuracy         Temperature coefficient         Resolutio n         Accuracy         Resolutio n         Accuracy         Max.	DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz 50/60Hz 135k	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S. < 200ppm/°C F S 0.01 <0.4% + 0.6% F.S. 0.1 <0.4% +0.4% F.S. up to 50	A A kW orders
Output power Harmonic measurement Regenerative Max. Regenerative power Dutput Current THD	Accuracy Temperature coefficient Resolutio n Accuracy Resolutio n Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz DC,16~150Hz 50/60Hz 135k < 5%	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S. < 200ppm/°C <u>F S</u> 0.01 <0.4% + 0.6% F.S. 0.1 <0.4% +0.4% F.S.	A A kW orders



Dimension	600.0000mm (W) *1919 (H) *841mm (D) (909mm include handle and cover)
Weight	502.2kg
Programming response time	2ms
Remote Sense Compensation Voltage	20V
Communication interface	Built-in USB/CAN/LAN/Digital IO interface, optional GPIB / Analog&RS232

\*1 (200~220) ±10%, the power of 12kw and above is 60% of the rated.
 \*2 Under the output frequency of 50Hz/60Hz, the maximum CF is 6 without exceeding the peak current; under the condition of full current and full power, the maximum CF is 3.

\*3 30kW and above models need to be tested in sense remote measurement mode. \*4 The dynamic response time test condition is: DC high-speed mode, and the capacitance of the DUT to be less than 10uF All the above parameters are subject to change without prior notice from ITECH.

## IT79150-350-450

Input parameters				
	Wiring connection		se 3wire + und(PE)	
AC Input	Line voltage	R MS	( 200∼220 ) ±10% *1 ( 380∼480 ) ±10%	V
	Line current	R MS	< 333	A
	Apparent power		< 174	kVA
	Frequency		45~65	Hz
	Power factor	typ	0.98	
Output parameter	s			
	Output voltage	VLN	0~350	V
	Output voltage	VLL (3phase)	0~606	V
		VLL (reverse)	0~700	V
		RMS (1phase)	900	Α
		Crest Factor *2	6	
	Output current	Peak (1phase)	2700	A
		RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	300	A
		Peak (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	900	А
		Per Phase	50k	VA
	Output power	Max. Power (reverse phase)	100k	VA
		Max. Power (1phase/3phase/multichannel	150k	VA
	Voltage setting	,		1
	Range	1phase/3phase/multichannel	0~350	V
AC Output		reverse	0~700	V
	Resolution		0.01	V
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.1% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	DC Voltage Offset	typ	0.02	Vdc
	<b>Current Limit setting</b>			
	Range	RMS (1phase)	900	А
		RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	300	А
	Resolution		0.1	А
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.2% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Frequency			•
	Range		16~150	Hz
	Resolution		0.01	Hz
	Accuracy		0.01%	<u> </u>
	waveform	50/60Hz	up to 50	orders



	Phase Range		0~360	0
	Resolution		0.1	0
	Voltage setting		0.1	
	Range	1phase/multichannel	-495~495	Vdc
	Kange	reverse	-990~990	Vdc
	Resolution		0.01	V
	Accuracy		<0.1%+0.1% F.S	•
	Temperature			
	coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	Current setting			
DC Output	Range	multichannel/reverse	-300~300	Ado
	-	1phase	-900~900	Add
	Resolution		0.1	A
	Accuracy		<0.3%+0.3% F.S	
	Temperature		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	coefficient		< 200ppm/ C1.5	
	Max. power	Den Obernel	501	14/
	Phase power Max. power (reverse	Per Channel Max. Power	50k	W
	phase)	(reverse phase)	100k	W
		Max. Power	150k	W
	Total power	(1phase/multichannel)	IJUK	٧V
	Line regulation		<0.05% F.S.	
Voltage stability	Load regulation *3	DC,16Hz~150Hz	<0.05% + 0.05%	
voltage stability			F.S.	
	THD	16Hz $\sim$ 150Hz	<0.5%	
	Voltage ripple	RMS	< 1.3	V
	Dynamic response *4	typ	1000	us
	R Range	(3phase/multichann	0~0.1	Ω
Programmable	r range	el)		
impedance		1phase	0~0.033	Ω
		reverse	0~0.2	Ω
	L Range	(3phase/multichann	0~100	uH
		el) 1phase	0 00 000	uH
			0~33.333	uH
		reverse	0~200	
	P Range	(3phase/multichann el)	0~50	kW
		1phase	0~150	kW
	–	reverse	0~100	kW
		(3phase/multichann	<u> </u>	kVa
	QL Range	el)	0,~20	rva
		1phase	0~150	kVa
Anti-islanding RLC	-	reverse	0~100	kVa
2		(3phase/multichann	0~50	kVa
	QC Range	el)	0 50	ñva
		1phase	0~150	kVa
		reverse	0~100	kVa
		(3phase/multichann	0.1~100	Ω
	R Range	el)	0	
		1phase	0.033~33.333	Ω
		reverse	0.2~200	Ω
		(3phase/multichann	0.1~500	mH
	L Range	el)		
		1phase	0.033~166.667	mH
		reverse	0.2~1000	mH
		(3phase/multichann	0.01~50	mF
	C Range	el)		
		1phase	0.03~150	mF
		reverse	0.005~25	mF
oltage Slew Rate,	>2 \	//µs with full-scale programmed v		
Typical	22 \	, po with tail scale programmed v	onago olop	1



		С		
Measurement parame	eter			
	Resolution		0.01	V
Voltage RMS	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1%+0.1%	
5			F.S.	
	Temperature		< 100ppm/°C	
	coefficient		F S	
	Resolution		0.01	A
Current RMS	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1% + 0.2%	
	-		F.S.	
	Temperature coefficient		2007 5 5 5 1%	
	coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F S	
Peak current	Resolution		0.01	А
Feak current	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.4% + 0.6%	
			F.S.	
Output power	Resolution		0.1	kW
	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.4% +0.4%	
	-		F.S.	
Harmonic	Max.	50/60Hz	up to 50	orders
measurement				0.00.0
Regenerative				-
Max. Regenerative power		150k		VA
Output Current THD		< 5%		
Others				
Efficiency	typ		88%	
Protection	71	OVP, OCP,	OPP, OTP, FAN, ECP, Sense	
Working			0°C-	
			50°C	
Programming			2ms	
response time			200	
Dimension		600.0000mm (W) *1919 (H) *841	mm (D) (909mm include handle a	nd cover)
Weight				
vveignt			502.2kg	
Remote			221/	
Sense Compensation			20V	
Voltage				
Communication		Built-in USB/CAN/LAN/Digital	I IO interface, optional GPIB /	
interface		Analog&RS232	•	

\*1 (200~220) ±10%, the power of 12kw and above is 60% of the rated. \*2 Under the output frequency of 50Hz/60Hz, the maximum CF is 6 without exceeding the peak current; under the condition of full current and full power, the maximum CF is 3.

\*3 30kW and above models need to be tested in sense remote measurement mode.

\*4 The dynamic response time test condition is: DC high-speed mode, and the capacitance of the DUT to be less than 10uF All the above parameters are subject to change without prior notice from ITECH.

### IT79165-350-450

Input parameters								
	Wiring connection	3 phase 3wire + ground(PE)						
AC Input	Line voltage	RMS	(200~220)±10% *1 (380~480)±10%	V				
	Line current	RMS	< 366	A				
	Apparent power		< 191	kVA				
	Frequency		45~65	Hz				
	Power factor	typ	0.98					
Output parameters								
		VLN	0~350	V				
	Output voltage	VLL (3phase)	0~606	V				
		VLL (reverse)	0~700	V				
		RMS (1phase)	990	А				
		Crest Factor *2	6					
	Output current	Peak (1phase)	2970	А				
		RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	330	А				



		Peak (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	990	Α
		Per Phase	55k	VA
		Max. Power	110k	VA
	Output power	(reverse phase)	TIUN	VA
		Max. Power (1phase/3phase/multichannel )	165k	VA
	Voltage setting			
	Range	1phase/3phase/multichannel	0~350	V
AC Output	-	reverse	0~700	V
·	Resolution		0.01	V
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.1% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	DC Voltage Offset	typ	0.02	Vdc
	Current Limit setting	1	0.01	
		RMS	990	А
	Range	(1phase)	5550	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
	Ū	RMS (3phase/multichannel/reverse)	330	Α
	Resolution		0.1	A
	Accuracy	16Hz~150Hz	< 0.1%+0.2% F.S	
	Temperature			
	coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Frequency			
	Range		16~150	Hz
	Resolution		0.01	Hz
	Accuracy		0.01%	
	waveform	50/60Hz	up to 50	order
	synthesizer			
	Phase Range		0	0
	Resolution		<u> </u>	0
	Voltage setting		0.1	
		1phase/multichannel	-495~495	Vdc
	Range	reverse	-990~990	Vdc
	Resolution	1010100	0.01	V
	Accuracy		<0.1%+0.1% F.S	•
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C F.S	
	Current setting			
DC Output	Range	multichannel/reverse	-330~330	Adc
	_	1phase	-990~990	Add
	Resolution		0.1	A
	Accuracy		<0.3%+0.3% F.S	
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/°C F.S	
	Max. power			
	Phase power	Per Channel	55k	W
	Max. power	Max. Power	110k	W
	(reverse phase)	(reverse phase)	TTOK	vv
	Total power	Max. Power (1phase/multichannel)	165k	W
	Line regulation	·	<0.05% F.S.	
Voltage stability	Load regulation *3	DC,16Hz~150Hz	<0.05% + 0.05%	
	THD		F.S.	
		16Hz~150Hz	<0.5%	
	Voltage ripple	RMS	< 1.4	V
	Dynamic response *4	typ	1000	us
	D Dongo	(3phase/multichannel)	0~0.091	Ω
Programmable	R Range	1phase	0~0.03	Ω
impedance		reverse	0~0.182	Ω
		(3phase/multichannel)	0~90.909	uH
	L Range	1phase		uH



			lechnical Specific	
		reverse	0~181.818	uH
	P Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0~55	kW
		1phase	0~165	kW
-		reverse	0~110	kW
	QL Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0~55	kVar
	ge	1phase	0~165	kVar
_		reverse	0~110	kVar
Anti-islanding RLC	QC Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0~55	kVar
		1phase	0~165	kVar
_		reverse	0~110	kVar
	R Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0.091~90.909	Ω
		1phase	0.03~30.303	Ω
-		reverse	0.182~181.818	Ω
	L Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0.091~454.545	mH
	U	1phase	0.03~151.515	mH
-			0.182~909.091	mH
	C Range	(3phase/multichannel)	0.011~55	mF
	0	1phase	0.033~165	mF
Voltage Slew Rate,		reverse	0.006~27.5	mF
Voltage Slew Rate, Typical		≥2 V/µs with full-scale programmed v	voltage step	
Output Isolation		550Va		
		С		
leasurement param			0.04	
	Resolutio n		0.01	V
Voltage RMS	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1%+0.1%	
	,, <b>,</b>		F.S.	
	Temperature coefficient		< 100ppm/°C	
	Resolutio		<u>F S</u> 0.01	A
Current RMS	n		0.01	~
	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.1% + 0.2% F.S.	
	Temperature coefficient		< 200ppm/°C	
Peak current	Resolutio n		E S 0.01	A
-	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.4% + 0.6%	
	Resolutio		F.S. 0.1	kW
Output power	n		0.1	
	Accuracy	DC,16~150Hz	<0.4% +0.4%	
Harmonic measurement	Max.	50/60Hz	F.S. up to 50	orders
Regenerative				
Max. Regenerative		165k		VA
power		- 50/		
Dutput Current THD		< 5%		
Efficiency	typ		88%	
Protection	-7 M	OVP. OCP. OF	PP, OTP, FAN, ECP, Sense	
Working			°℃-50℃	
Dimension		600.0000mm (W) *1919 (H) *841mn		cover)
Weight			502.2kg	)
_			'y	
Programming response time			2ms	
Remote Sense			20V	
Compensation Voltage Communication				
		Built-in USB/CAN/LAN/Digital IC	Untertace ontional GPIR / An	aloo&RS23



\*1 (200~220) ±10%, the power of 12kw and above is 60% of the rated.
 \*2 Under the output frequency of 50Hz/60Hz, the maximum CF is 6 without exceeding the peak current; under the condition of full current and full power, the maximum CF is 3.

\*3 30kW and above models need to be tested in sense remote measurement mode.
\*4 The dynamic response time test condition is: DC high-speed mode, and the capacitance of the DUT to be less than 10uF All the above parameters are subject to change without prior notice from ITECH.

# 9.2 Supplemental characteristics

Recommended calibration frequency: once a year

Cooling style: fans



# Chapter10 Remote Control

This series power supply comes standard with four communication interfaces: USB, LAN and CAN, and supports two optional communication interfaces: GPIB, RS-232. You can choose one of them to communicate with your computer.



When you use the remote interface to send SCPI instructions, if you use the programming commands that involve modifying the instrument settings, such as modifying the output voltage value, after completing the communication connection between the instrument and the host computer, and after the communication settings are completed, you must execute the **SYST:REM** command firstly.

# 10.1 USB Interface

Use cables with both USB ends to connect with IT7900 and PC. All functions are programmable over the USB.

The USB488 interface capabilities are described below:

- The interface is 488.2 USB488 interface.
- The interface accepts REN\_CONTROL, GO\_TO\_LOCAL, and LOCAL\_LOCKOUT requests.
- The interface accepts MsgID = TRIGGER USBTMC command message and forwards TRIGGER requests to the function layer.

The USB488 device functions are described below:

- The device understands all mandatory SCPI commands.
- The device is SR1 capable.
- The device is RL1 capable.

The device is DT1 capable.

The operation steps to change the USB interface type in System Menu are as follows.

 Press the composite keys [Shift]+ to en- ter the system menu.



(System) on the front panel

- 2. Select Communication ->USB and press [Enter].
- 3. Select USB Type to Device, and press [Enter].
- 4. Select the USB device class to TMC or VCP.

## **10.2 LAN Interface**

When the user connect PC through LAN interface, the following is required to use the LAN interface. The LAN interface complies with the LXI standard.



#### Connect Interface

Use the following steps to quickly connect your instrument to your LAN and con-figure it. Two typical LAN interface systems are described below: private LAN and site LAN.

• Connect to the private LAN

A private LAN is a network in which LAN-enabled instruments and computers are directly connected. They are typically small, with no centrallymanaged resources. When connected to a computer, a standard network cable can be used to connect directly to the computer via the LAN interface.

• Connect to the site LAN

A site LAN is a local area network in which LAN-enabled instruments and computers are connected to the network through routers, hubs, and/or switches. They are typically large, centrally-managed networks with services such as DHCP and DNS servers. When connected to a computer, a network cable can be used to connect to the router, and the computer is also con- nected to the router.

## Note

- When using one crossover cable to connect PC directly, the gateway address of the instrument should be consistent with that of the PC, and the IP address should be at the same network segment with the PC's IP address.
- When the instrument and computer are connected to the router, an independent IP address must be assigned for the instrument.

#### Configure LAN Interface Information

The configurable parameters of the IT7900 series power supply are described as follows.

#### LAN Config:

- Mode: IP Address seting method, user can selectautomatically configure the address of the instrument(DHCP) or manually.
- IP: This value is the Internet Protocol (IP) address of the instrument. An IP address is required for all IP and TCP/IP communications with the instrument. An IP Address consists of 4 decimal numbers separated by periods. Each decimal number ranges from 0 through 255 with no leading zeros (for example, 169.254.2.20).
- Mask: This value is used to enable the instrument to determine if a client IP address is on the same local subnet. The same numbering notation applies as for the IP Address. When a client IP address is on a different subnet, all packets must be sent to the Default Gateway.
- Gateway: This value is the IP Address of the default gateway that allows the instrument to communicate with systems that are not on the local subnet, as determined by the subnet mask setting. The same numbering notation applies as for the IP Address. A value of 0.0.0.0 indicates that no default gate-



way is defined.

• Socket Port: This value indicates the port number corresponding to the service.

How to Configure

Take manual configuration as an example. The steps are as follows:

- 1. Press the composite keys [Shift]+ (System) on the front panel to enter the system menu.
- 2. Select Communication and press [Enter].
- 3. Press the Left/Right key to select LAN and set the mode to Manual.
- 4. Set the IP, Mask and the other parameters in turns, and press [Enter].

#### **Using Web Server**

The instrument has a built-in Web server for monitoring and controlling the instrument via a Web browser in PC. To use the Web server, connect the instrument and PC over LAN interface and enter the instrument's IP address into the address bar at the top of your PC's Web browser, you can access the front panel control functions including the LAN configuration parameters.

The format of the address entered in the address bar of the browser is **http:// 192.168.0.100**. The specific IP address is subject to the actual instrument settings.



The opened page is displayed as follows:

You can select different pages by clicking the buttons shown in the navigation bar on the left side of the window. The detailed descriptions are as follows.

- Home : Web home interface, displays the model and appearance of the instrument;
- Information: Displays the serial number of the instrument and more system information as well as LAN configuration parameters;
- Web Control: Enables the Web control to begin controlling the instrument.



This page allows you to monitor and control the instrument;

- LAN Configuration: Reconfigure the LAN parameters;
- Manual: Go to the ITECH official website and view or download the relevant documents.
- Upload: Performs a system upgrade.

Click **CONNECT** to connect the PC with the instrument, then click **Select File** to select the system upgrade installation package (for example, IT7900P-U-V000.001.029all.itech), and then click **UPLOAD** performs the upgrade operation. After the upgrade is complete, the instrument needs to be restarted.

# 10.3 CAN Interface

The CAN interface is located on the rear panel of the instrument and is connected to the computer using a CAN communication cable.

#### **Definition of CAN Pins**

The definition of CAN pins are as follows.

Pins	Description
н	CAN_H
L	CAN_L

#### CAN Configuration

The user needs to configure the CAN interface parameters in the system menu before using the remote control. The CAN interface parameters are as follows.

Name	Description
Address	Range: 0 – 127
Baud rate	Select the baud rate from the following options: 5k/10k/20k/40k/50k/80k/100k/125k/200k/250k/400k
	/500k/600k/800k/1000k

The operation steps are as follows.



(System) on the front

panel to en- ter the system menu.

1. Press the composite keys [Shift]+

- 2. Select Communication and press [Enter].
- 3. Select CAN and press [Enter].
- 4. Set the baud rate and address, press [Enter].

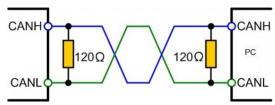
#### **CAN Troubleshooting**

If you meet some problems when communicating with PC by CAN interface,

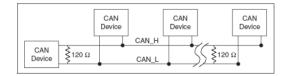


please check the following items:

- PC and the instrument must have the same baud rate.
- Ensure you have used the correct communication cable (CAN\_H, CAN\_L). Please pay attention that some cable may not have a correct internal wiring even it is with an appropriate plug.
- The interface cable is correctly connected (CAN\_H to CAN\_H, CAN\_L to CAN\_L).
- If the communication signal is poor or unstable, it is recommended to con- nect a 120  $\Omega$  terminating resistance.
  - The connection diagram of a single device is as below.



The connection diagram of multiple devices is as below.



When multiple devices are connected, it is recommended to connect the pin 8 (GND) of the P-IO terminal on the rear panel of these devi- ces in parallel, and the communication quality will be improved in the entire CAN network.

# 10.4 GPIB Interface (Optional)

The GPIB (IEEE-488) interface is assembled in the IT-E176 communication board. Use a GPIB cable to connect GPIB interfaces of the instrument and PC. Please ensure that the screws have been screwed down in order to have a full connection.

#### **GPIB** Configuration

Each device on the GPIB (IEEE-488) interface must have a unique whole num- ber address between 1 and 30. Your computer's GPIB interface card address must not conflict with any instrument on the interface bus. This setting is nonvo- latile; it will not be changed by \*RST.

When you purchase the interface accessory and successfully insert it into the corresponding position on the rear panel of the instrument, the menu item for changing the GPIB address appears in the System menu. The specific steps are as follows:



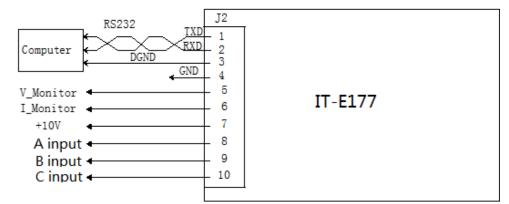
- 1. Ensure that the instrument's power switch is off, that is, the instrument is in Power Off state.
- 2. Insert the separately purchased GPIB interface card into the card slot on the rear panel of the instrument.
- 3. Connect the instrument with the computer via the GPIB cable. After the connection is successful, turn on the power switch of the instrument.
- 4. Press the composite keys [Shift]+ (System) on the front panel to en- ter the system menu.
- 5. Select **Communication** and press [Enter].
- 6. Select GPIB and press [Enter].
- 7. Press the numeric keys to set the GPIB address and press [Enter].

# 10.5 RS-232 Interface (Optional)

The RS-232 interface shares the same communication card (IT-E177) with the analog function.

#### Definition of RS-232 Pins

The definition of RS-232 pins are as follows.



When using the RS-232 interface for communication, connect the pin 1, pin 2, and pin 3 of the IT-E177 to the PC. The pin description is as follows:

Pins	Description
1	TXD, transmit data
2	RXD, receive data
3	DGND, ground

#### RS–232 Configuration

When you purchase the interface accessory and successfully insert it into the corresponding position on the rear panel of the instrument, the RS-232 menu



item will appear in the System menu. The specific steps are as follows:

- 1. Ensure that the instrument's power switch is off, that is, the instrument is in Power Off state.
- 2. Insert the separately purchased RS–232 interface card into the card slot on the rear panel of the instrument.
- 3. Connect the instrument to the computer via an RS–232 cable. After the connection is successful, turn on the power switch of the instrument.
- 4. Press the composite keys [Shift]+ (System) on the front panel to en- ter the system menu.
- 5. Select Communication and press [Enter].
- 6. Select RS232 and press [Enter].
- 7. Set the relevant communication parameters in turn, and press [Enter].

#### **RS-232** Troubleshooting

If you meet some problems when communicating with PC by RS-232 interface, please check the following items:

- Check that whether the baud rate of the computer and instrument are the same;
- Make sure the correct cable and adapter are connected. Note that internal wiring may not be correct even if the cable has a suitable plug;
- The cable must be connected to the correct serial ports (COM1, COM2, etc) of PC.

## **10.6 Commonly Used Commands Overview**

The IT7900 series power supply can be connected with the remote control device through the communication interface to realize the remote operation instrument by sending SCPI commands. This series of power supplies provides a detailed commands reference IT7900 Programming Guide.

Listed below are common commands for users to quickly implement common operations. For more command information, refer to the corresponding commands reference.

SYSTem:REMote	/ set the instrument to the remote control mode				
*IDN?	//Query identification of instrument				
SYSTem:FUNCtion ONE	//Set the power mode to 1-phase mode				
FUNCtion AC	//Set the output mode to AC mode				
VOLTage 220	//Set the voltage RMS to 220V				
FREQuency 60.0	//Set the frequency to 60Hz				
CURRent:PROTection:RM	1S 90 //Set the current RMS protect value to				



#### 90A

CURRent: PROTection: PEAK 270 //Set the current Peak protect value to 270A OUTPut ON //Turn on/off the output //Measure the output Vrms MEASure: VOLTage? MEASure:CURRent? // Measure the output Irms // Measure the output power MEASure: POWer? //Query the error information of the instrument SYSTem:ERRor? // To clear the error queue SYSTem:CLEar OUTPut: PROTection: CLEar //To clear the protection status

## **10.7 Demo Software Introduction**

IT7900 series AC/DC power supply provides the following computer control software, convenient for users to achieve different test control. The standard version of the software can be downloaded from the official website, and the optional version of the software needs to be purchased separately.

• IT9000-PV7900 Demo Software(Standard)

IT7900 series power supply supporting remote control software, users can directly obtain the software from ITECH agent and install to the PC, to achieve remote control equipment by visualization method, IT9000-PV7900 software can achieve all the instrument panel operation. And the interface is simple and convenient to operate. For detailed introduction, please refer to IT9000-PV7900 Software Manual.

• ASS4000 Avionic & Shipboard Software(Optional)

IT7900 series power supply supporting ASS4000 series software to achieve complex aviation, Marine and IEC regulatory certification testing, through the software interface engineers can choose IEC61000-4-11, 4-13, 4-14, 4-28, MIL704 and ABD regulations.



# Appendix

## **Specifications of Red and Black Test Lines**

ITECH provides you with optional red and black test lines, the user can choose the company's test line for testing. For specifications of ITECH test lines and maximum current values, refer to the table below.

Model	Specifi cations	Length	Description
IT-E30110-AB	10A	1m	Alligator clips-Banana plugs A pair of red and black test line
IT-E30110-BB	10A	1m	Banana plugs - Banana plugs A pair of red and black test line
IT-E30110-BY	10A	1m	Banana plugs - Y-type terminals A pair of red and black test line
IT-E30312-YY	30A	1.2m	Y-type terminals - A pair of red and black test line
IT-E30320-YY	30A	2m	Y-type terminals - A pair of red and black test line
IT-E30615-OO	60A	1.5m	Ring terminals - A pair of red and black test line
IT-E31220-OO	120A	2m	Ring terminals - A pair of red and black test line
IT-E32410-OO	240A	1m	Ring terminals - A pair of red and black test line
IT-E32420-OO	240A	2m	Ring terminals - A pair of red and black test line
IT-E33620-OO	360A	2m	Ring terminals - A pair of red and black test line

For maximum current of AWG copper wire, refer to table blow.

AWG	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28
The	40	25	20	13	10	7	5	3.5	2.5	1.7
Maximum										
current										
value( A)										

Note: AWG (American Wire Gage), it means X wire (marked on the wire). The table above lists current capacity of single wire at working temperature of 30°C. For reference only.



#### Connect with us

Thank you for purchasing ITECH products. Any questions, pls. feel free to let us know.

